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[Foil-25-RotHyst5.pdf](#) ( 595k)  
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[Foil-30-Multilayers1.pdf](#) ( 1 763k)  
[Foil-31-2.pdf](#) ( 803k)  
[Foil-31-Multilayers2.pdf](#) ( 803k)  
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[Foil-40-Whisker7.pdf](#) ( 1 148k)  
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[Foil-44-F-BQ-AF-Kerr-Voigt.pdf](#) ( 957k)  
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[Foil-47-Conclusions.pdf](#) ( 2k)



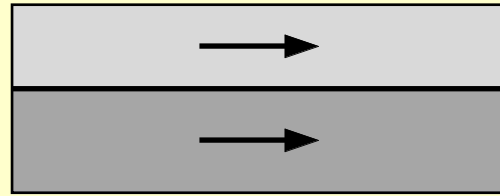


# **Kerr Microscopy on Magnetic Multilayers**

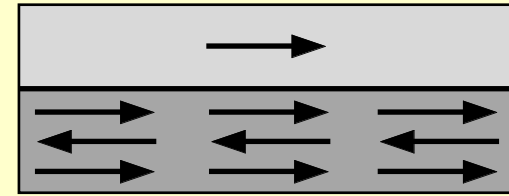
R. Schäfer, IFW-Dresden

# Classification of Magnetic Multilayers

## Strong coupling

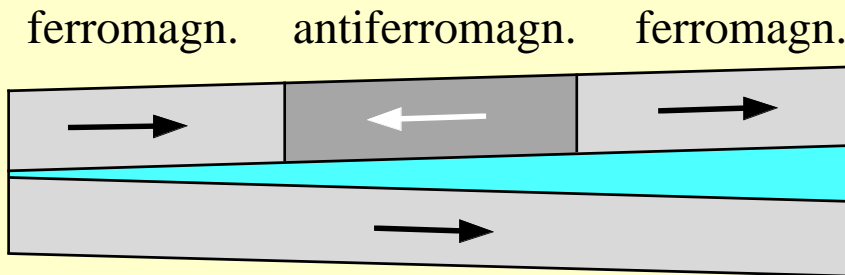


hard/soft ferromagn. layers

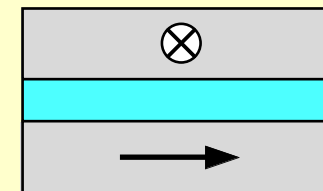


antiferromagn. / ferromagn. layers

## Oscillating coupling

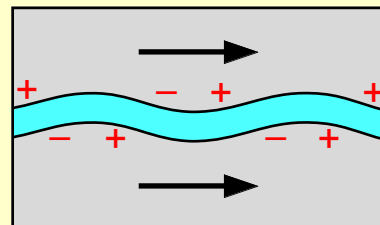


non-collinear (90°)



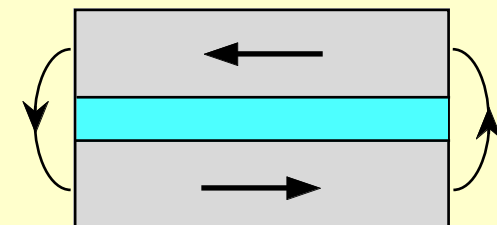
ferromagn. film  
non-magn. spacer  
ferromagn. film

## Weak coupling



orange peel coupling  
(Néel coupling)

q.m. exchange  
(thin spacers)

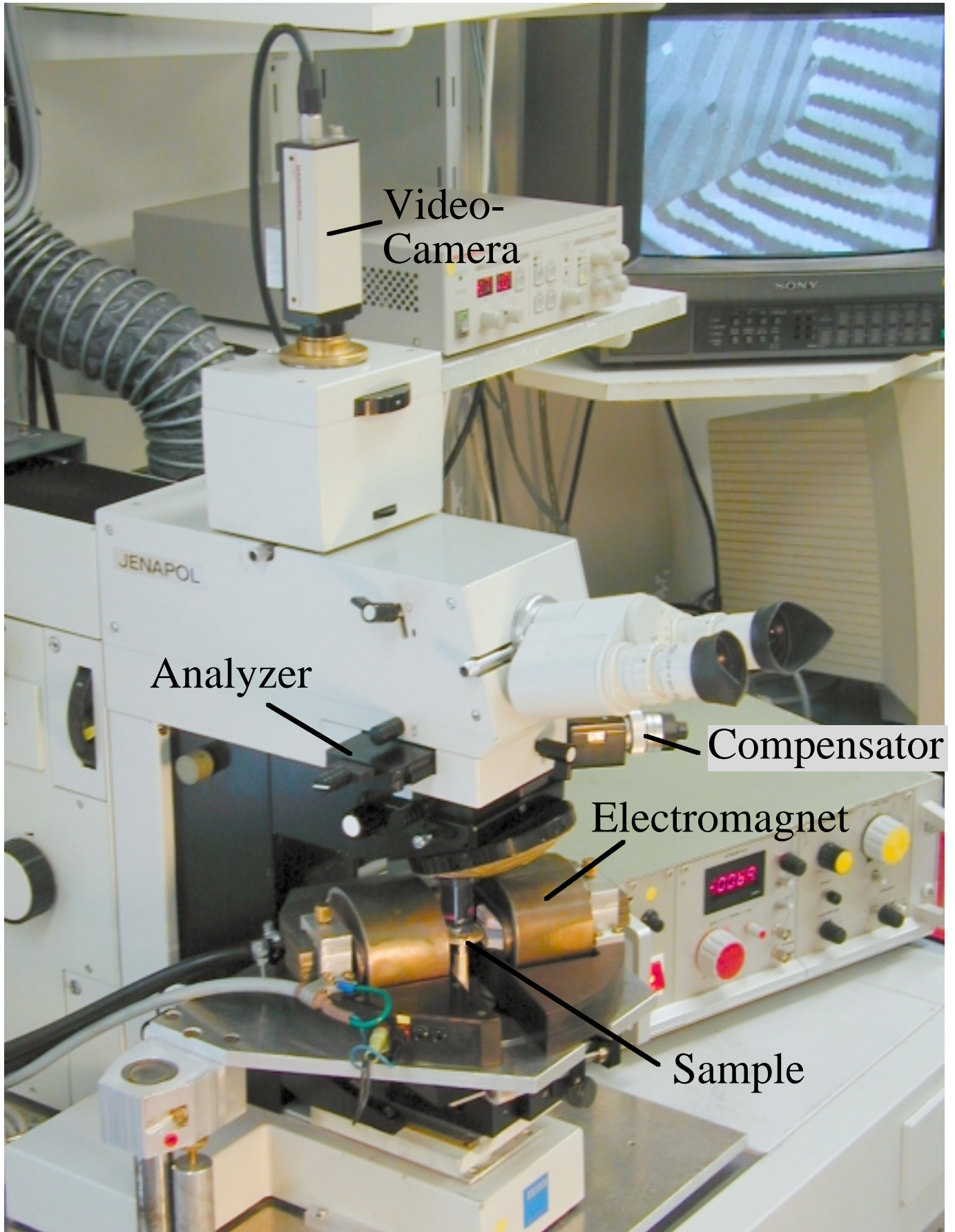


stray field coupling

## No coupling

for certain (perfect) spacers

## Kerr-Microscope at IFW-Dresden



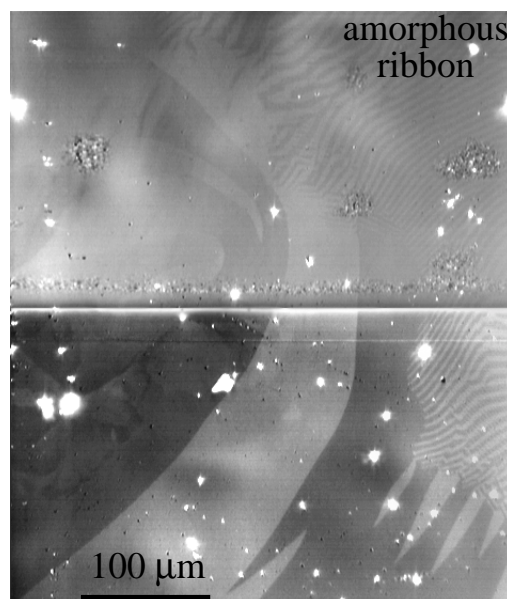
# Contrast Enhancement in Kerr Microscopy

## Antireflection layer

*J. Kranz, A. Hubert (1963)*

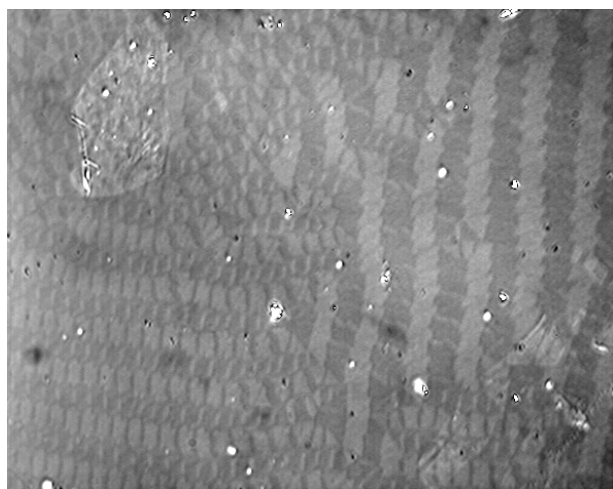
without  
interference layer

with ZnS  
interference layer

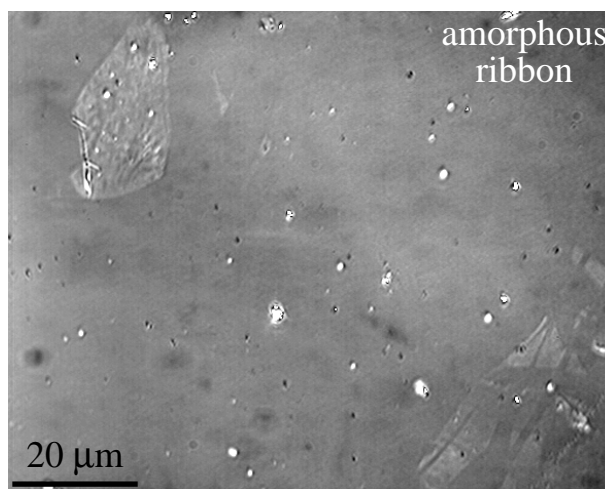


## Digitally enhanced Kerr microscopy (difference image technique)

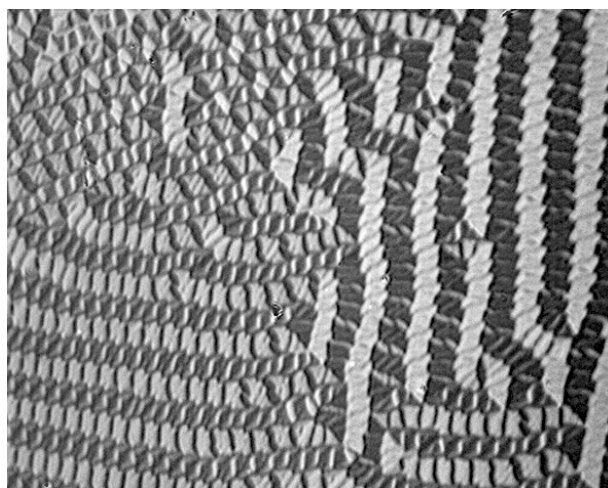
*F. Schmidt, W. Rave, A. Hubert (1985)*



Original image



Reference image



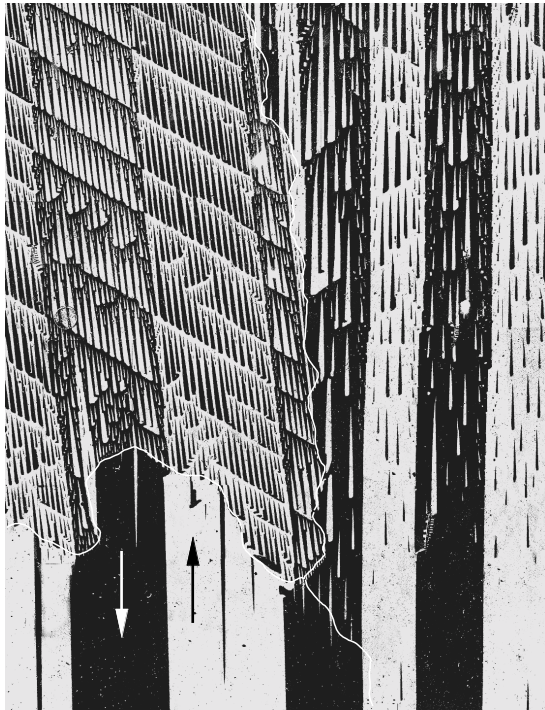
Difference image



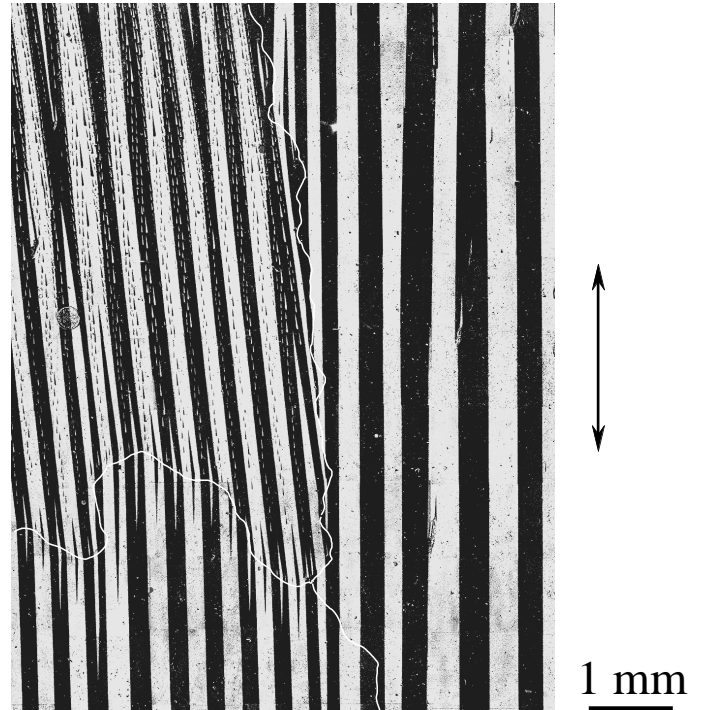
# Kerr-Microscopy: Examples

## Transformer steel

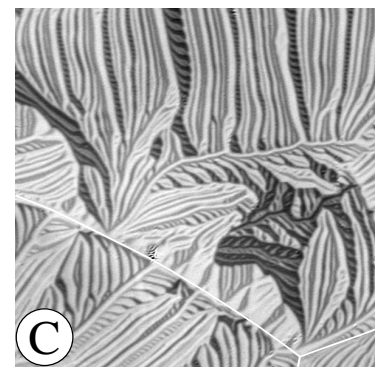
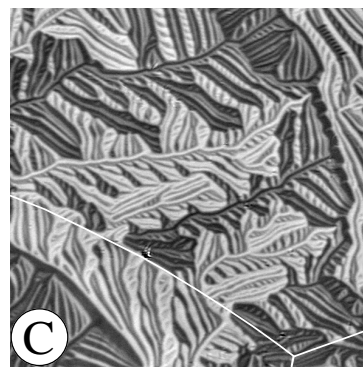
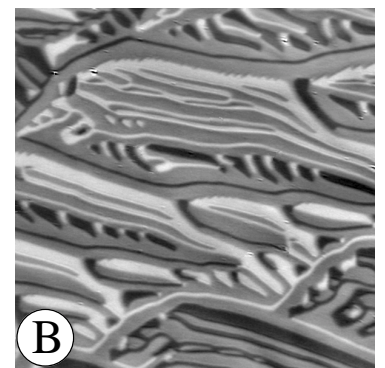
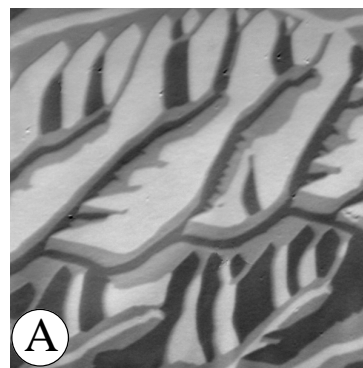
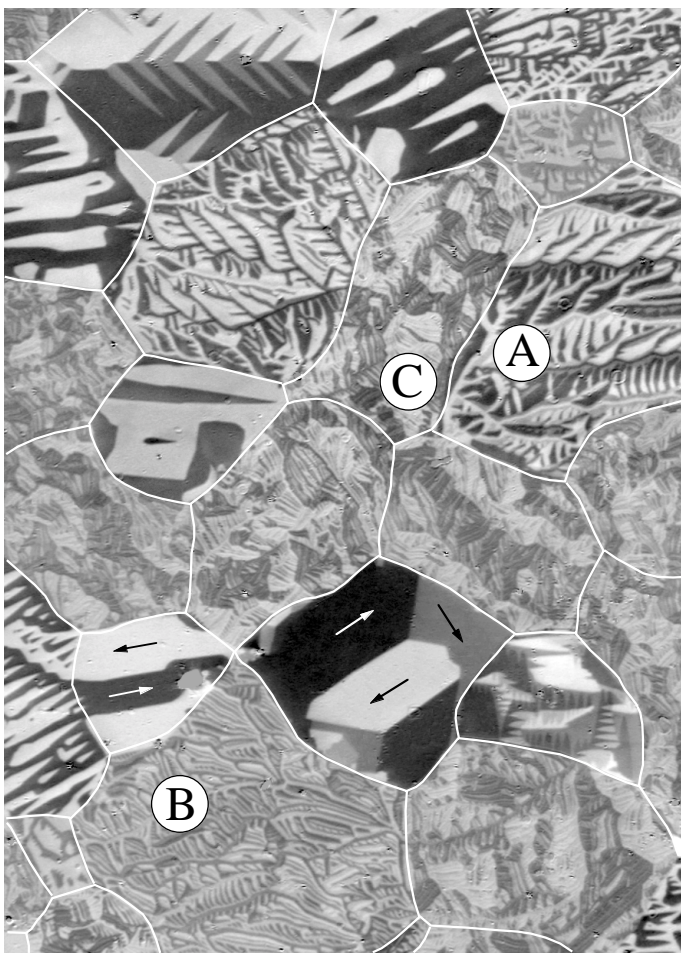
initial state



under tensile stress



## Non-oriented electrical steel



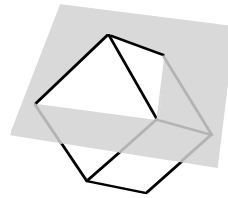
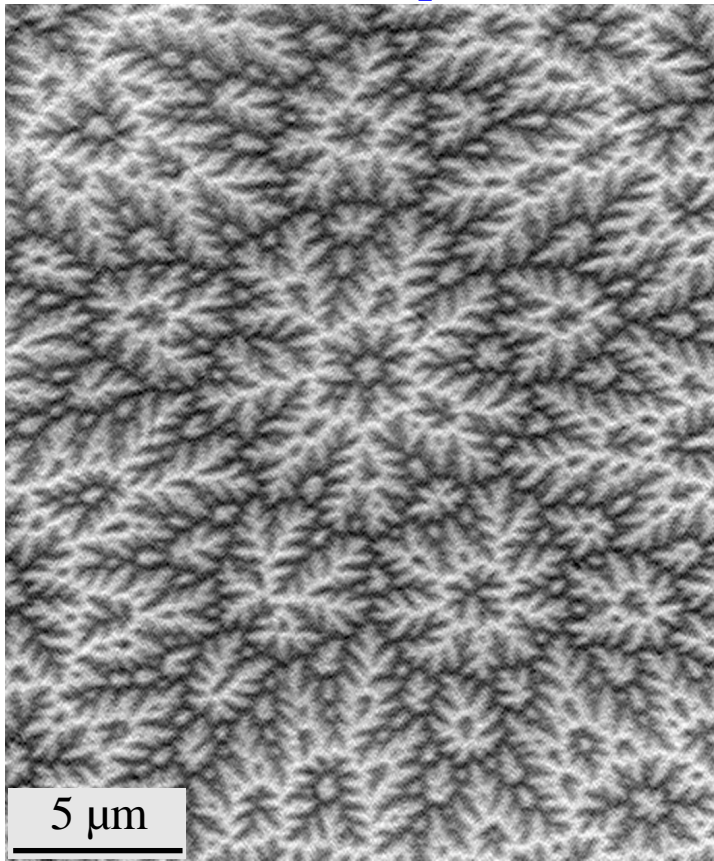
10  $\mu$ m

field

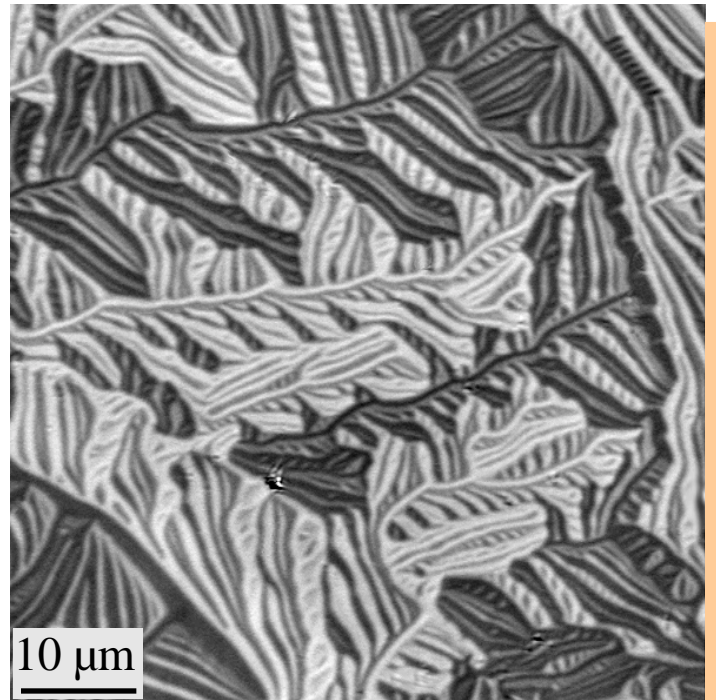


# High-resolution Kerr microscopy

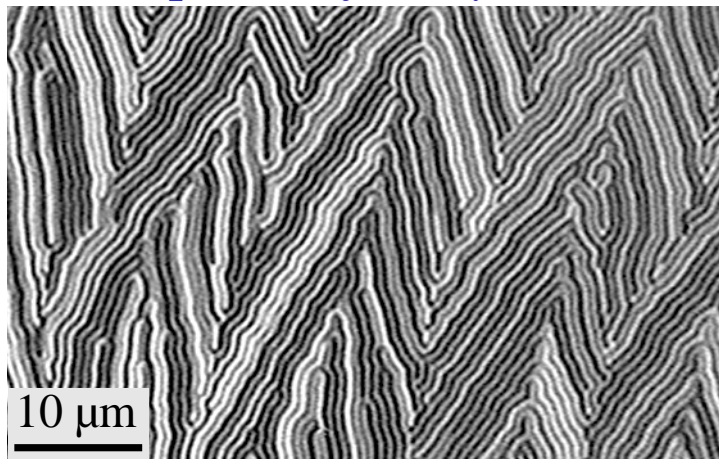
Co basal plane



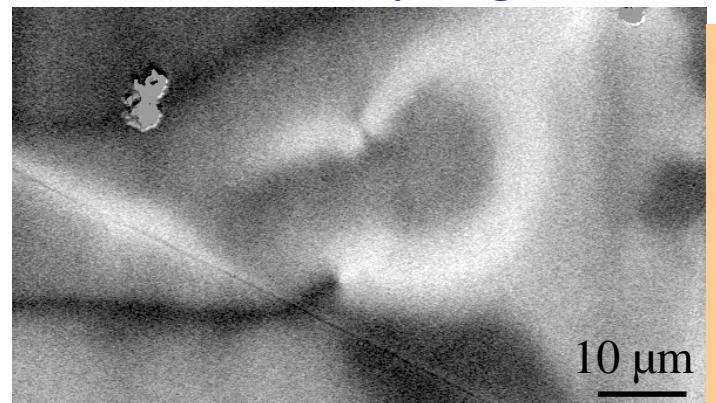
Iron  
(111) surface



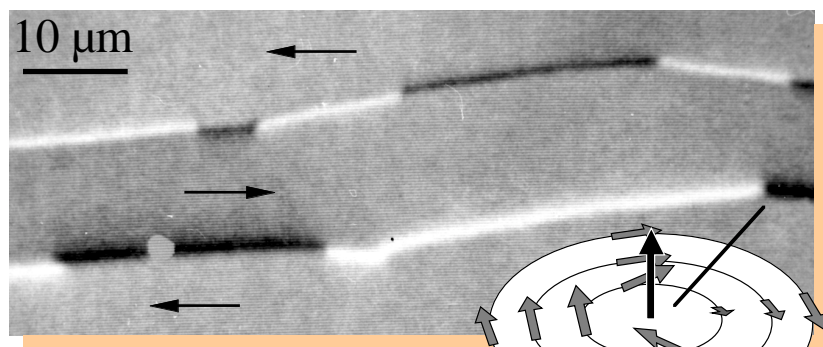
amorphous layer (1 μm thick)



Permalloy ring core

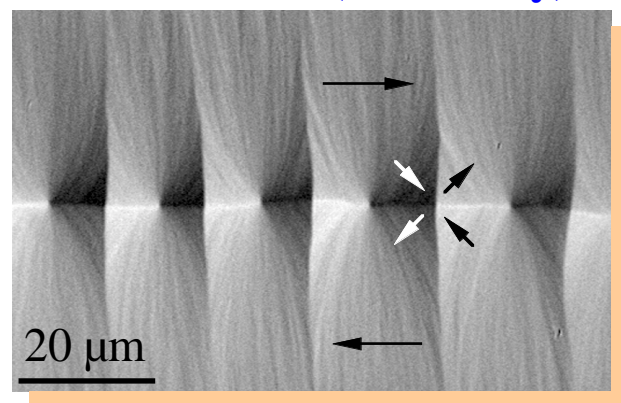


asym. Bloch wall (met. glass)



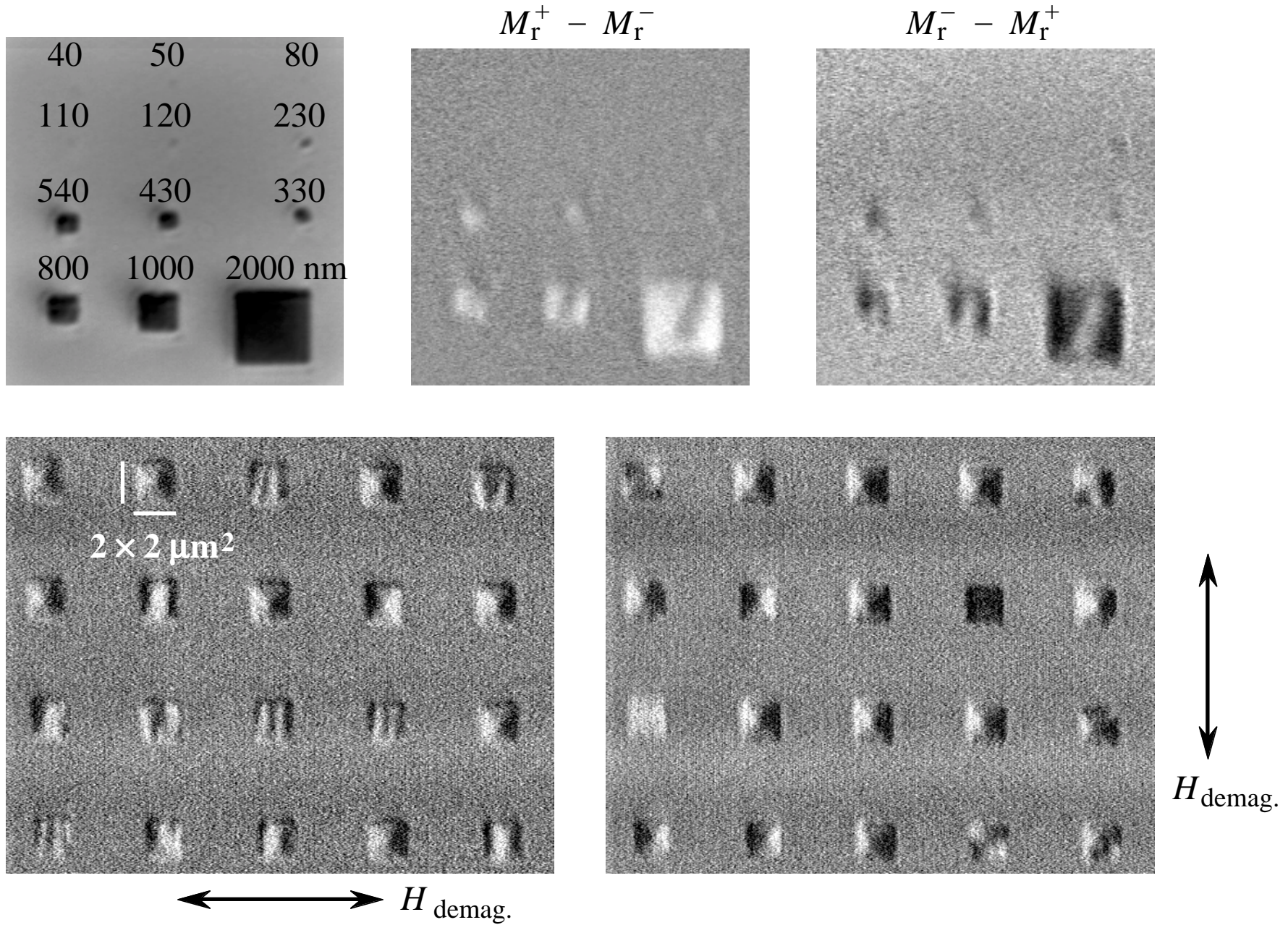
Surface swirl

Crosstie wall (Permalloy)

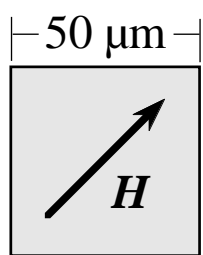
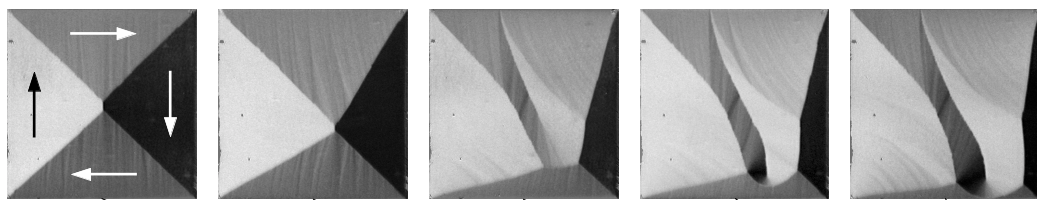
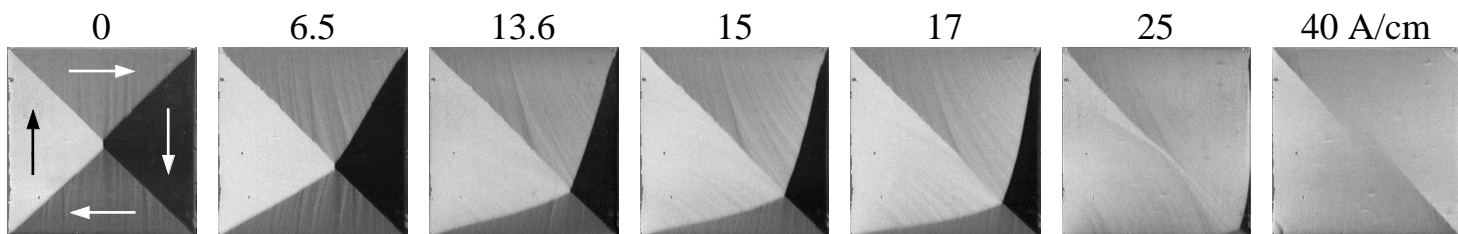




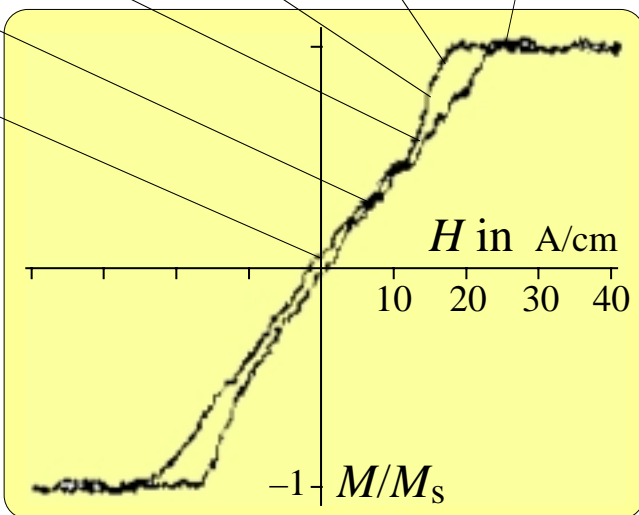
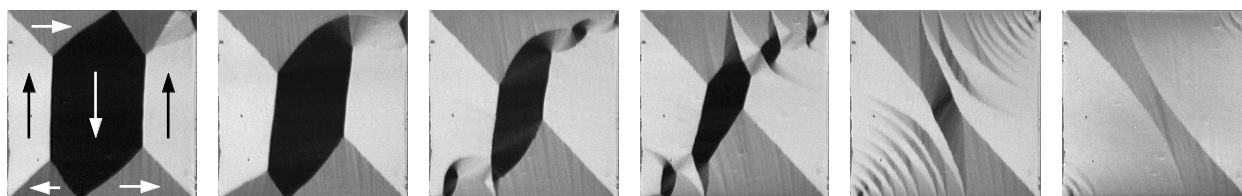
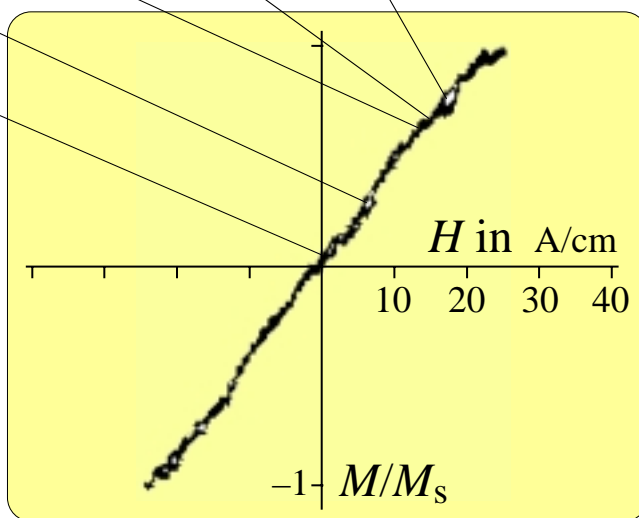
# Kerr microscopy on small Co-elements (sample: A. Carl, Duisburg)

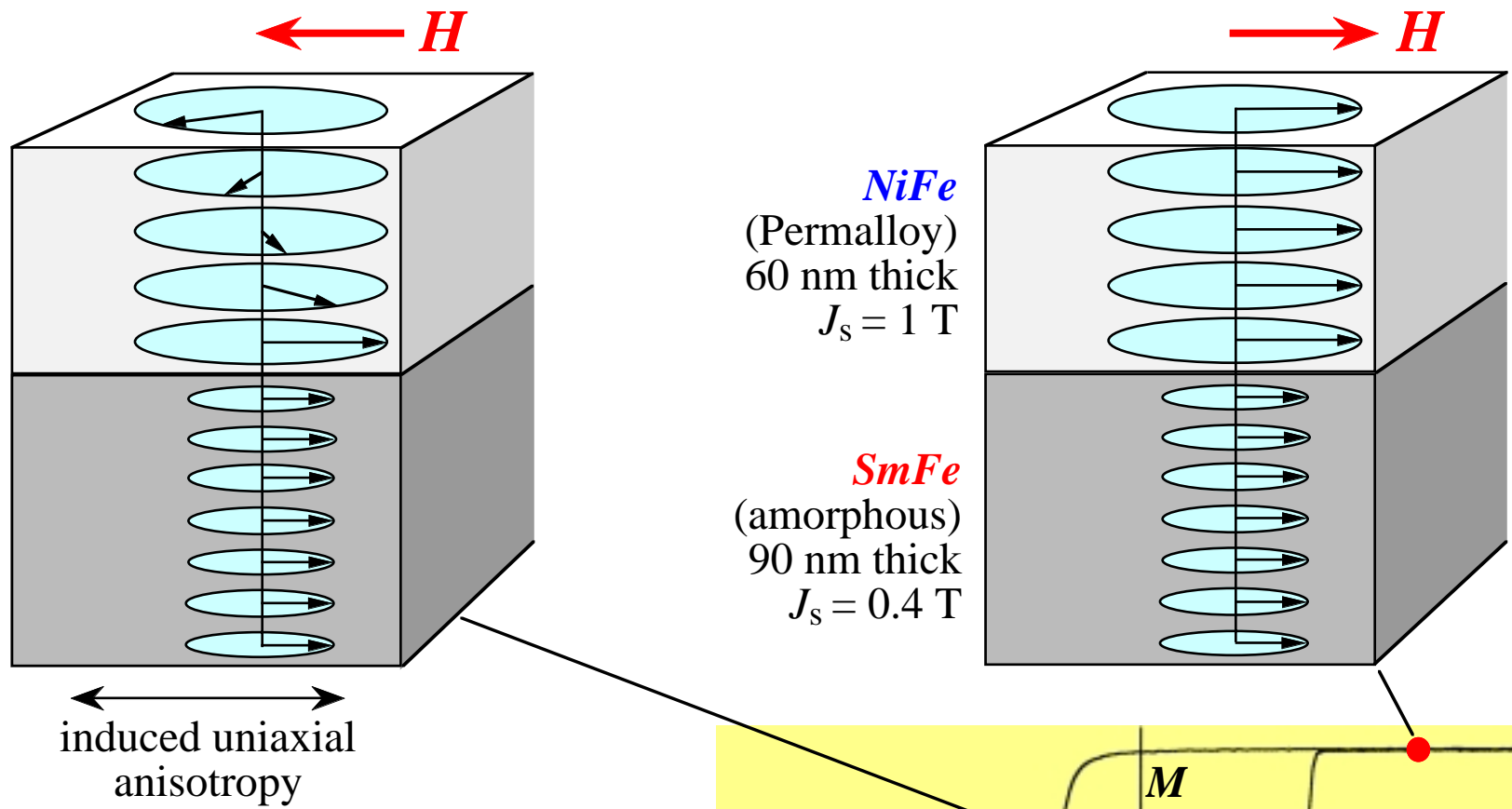




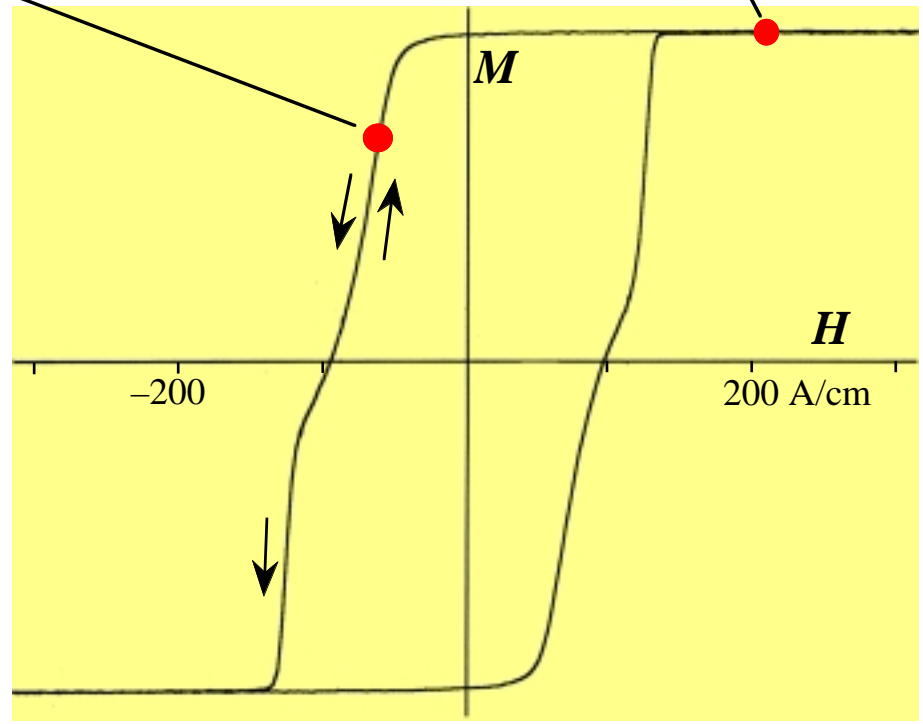


Permalloy  
(240 nm thick)





**Hard-/soft magnetic films  
in contact:  
Exchange-spring films**

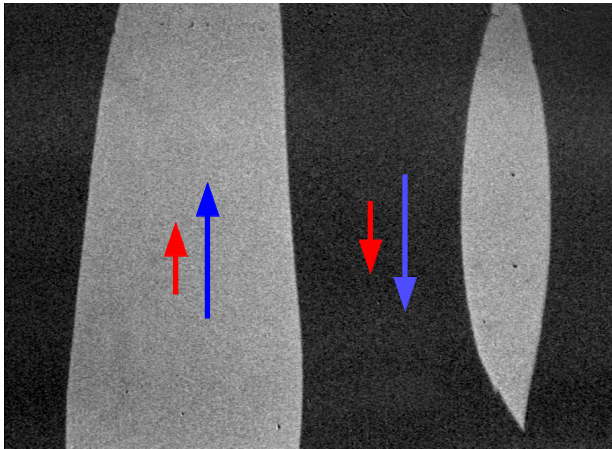


*together with  
D. Chumakov (IFW-Dresden)  
and S. Yan (Tallahassee)*

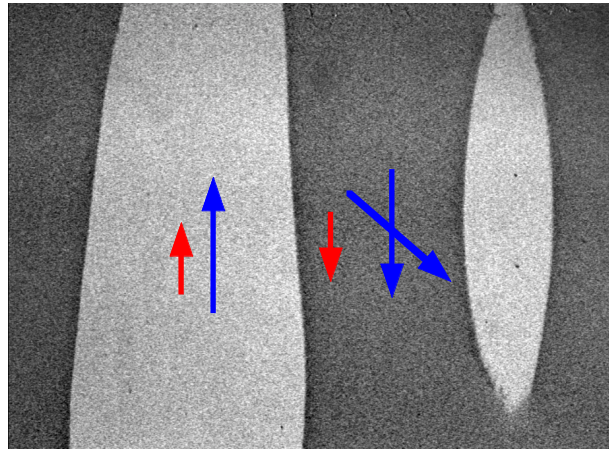


# NiFe/SmFe exchange spring system seen from *Permalloy side*

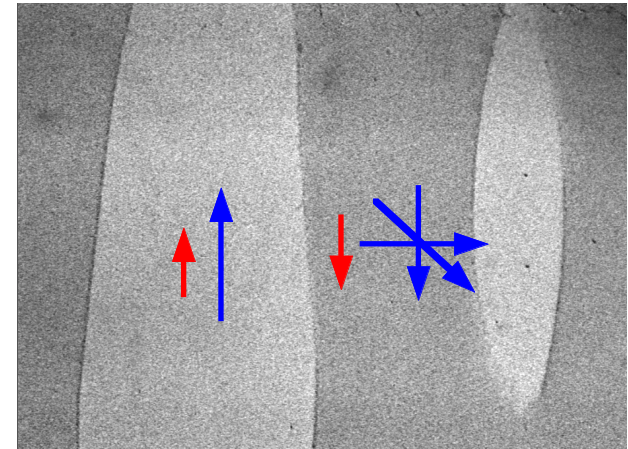
↑  
easy  
axis  
↓



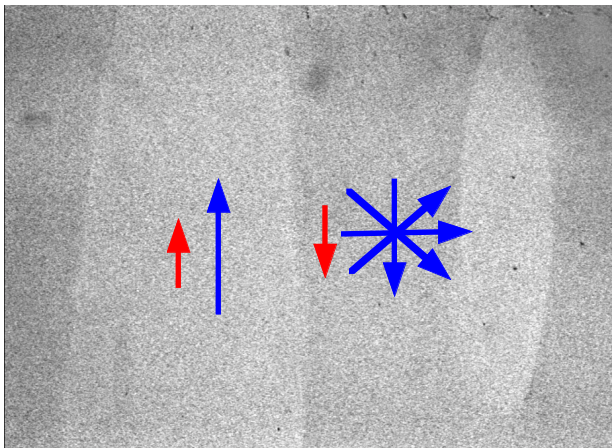
0 A/cm



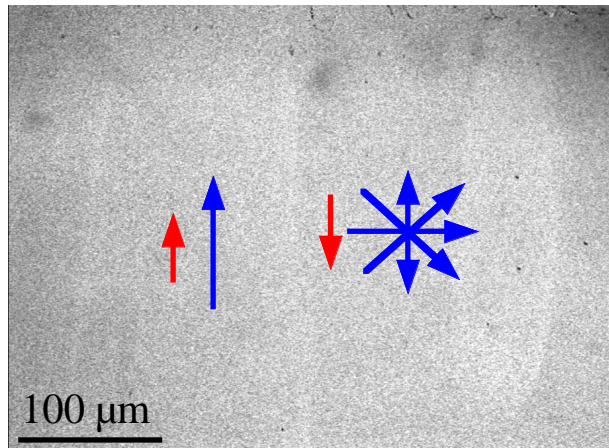
45 A/cm  $\uparrow H$



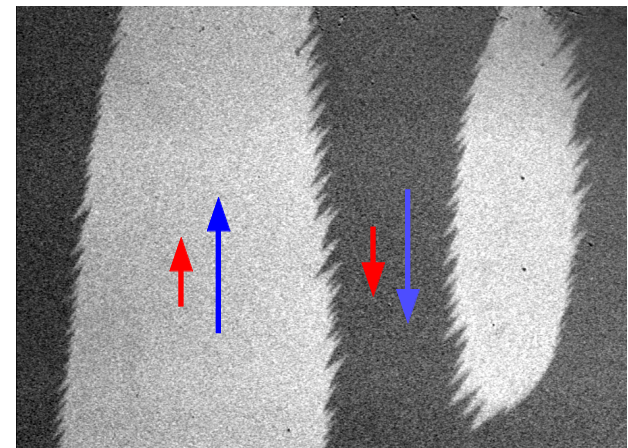
65 A/cm



75 A/cm



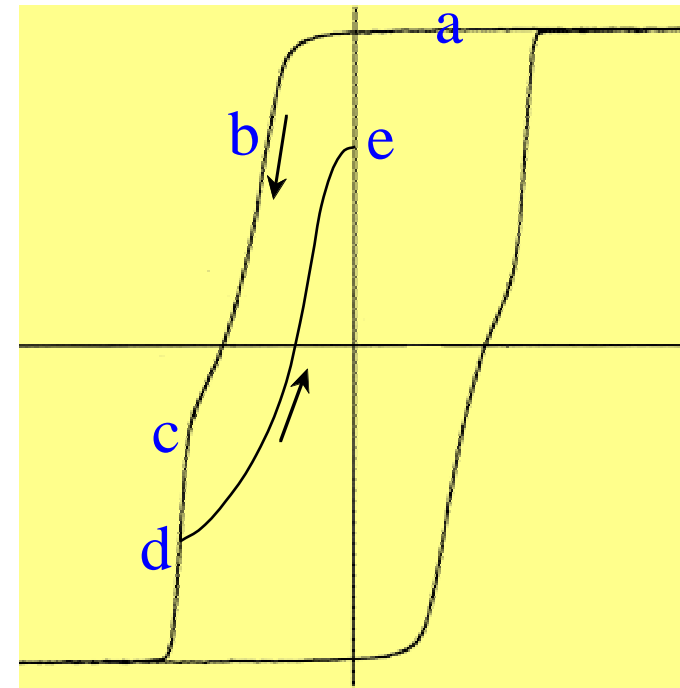
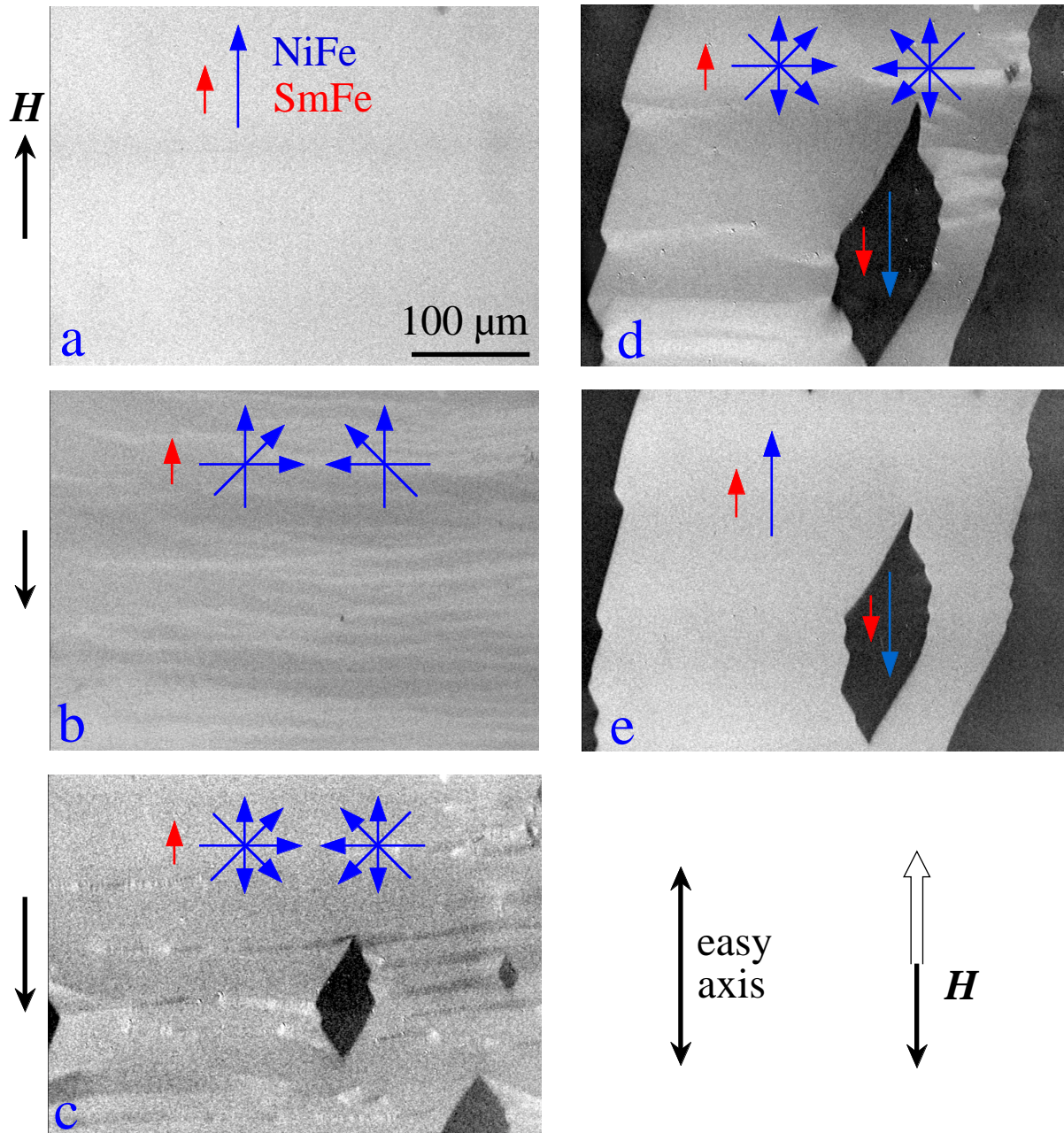
83 A/cm



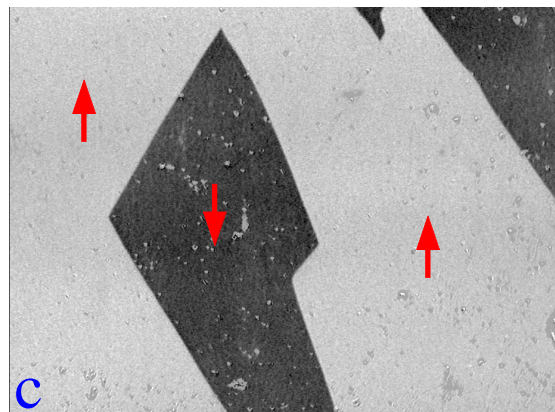
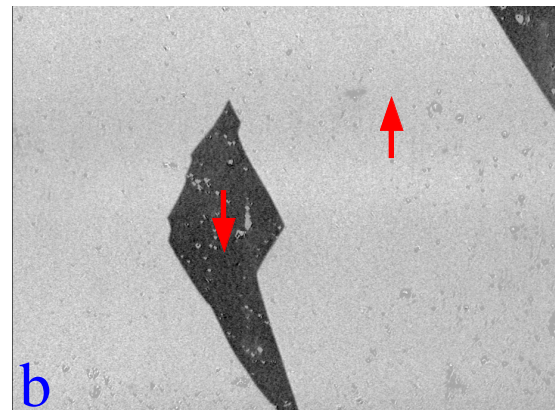
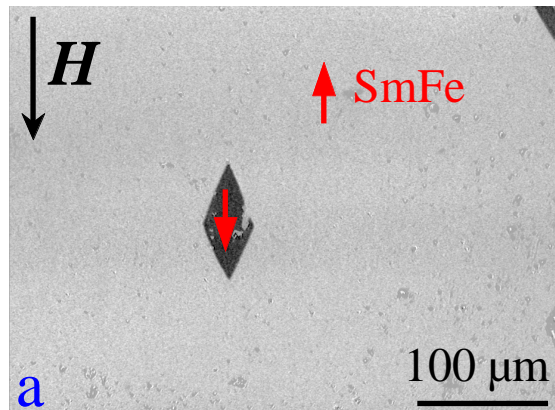
0 A/cm (after 90 A/cm)



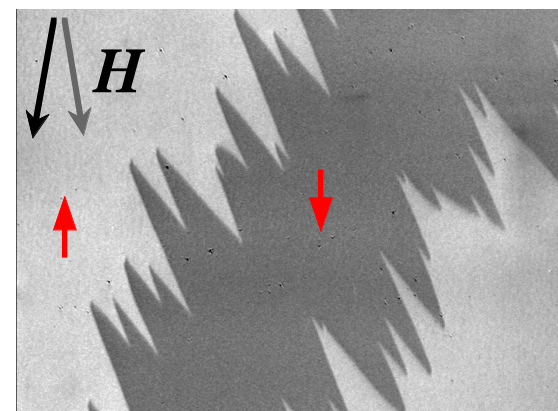
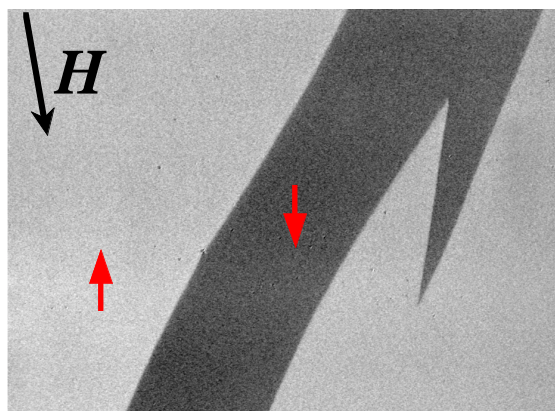
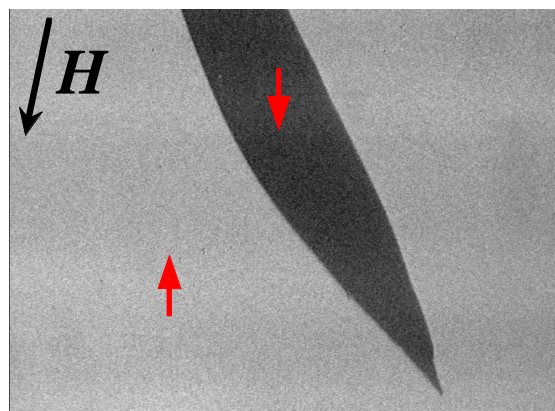
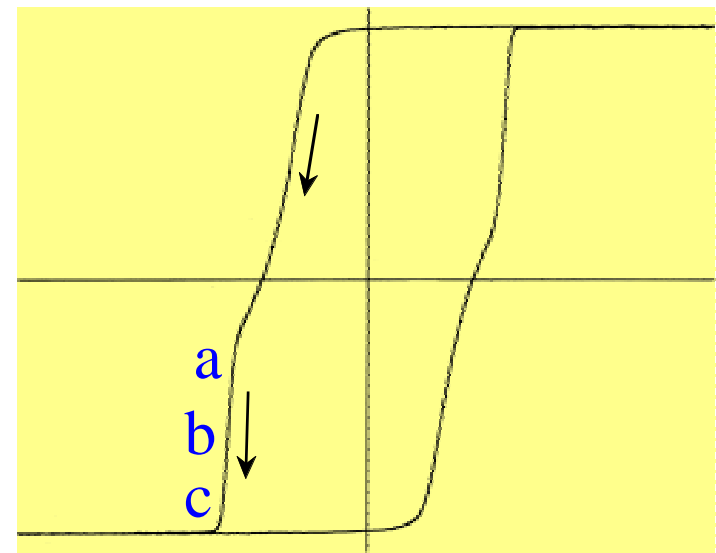
# Magnetization process in NiFe/SmFe exchange spring system seen from *Permalloy side*



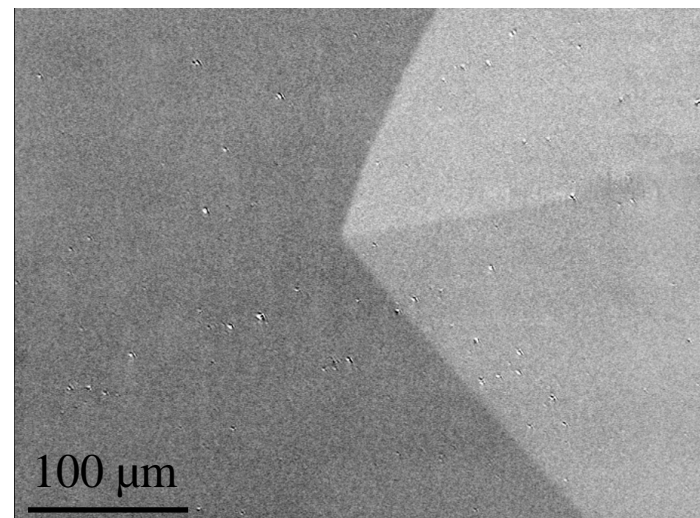
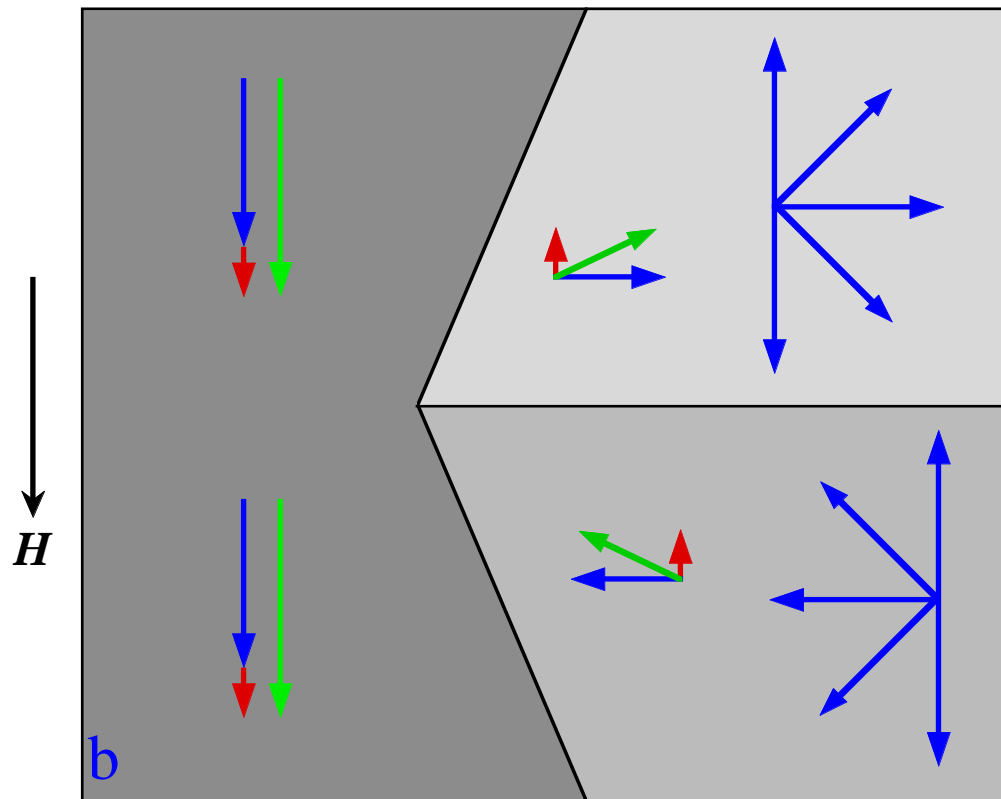
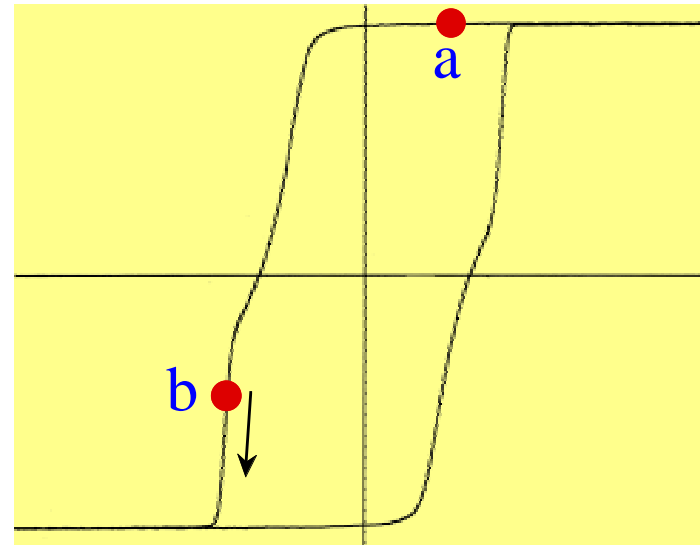
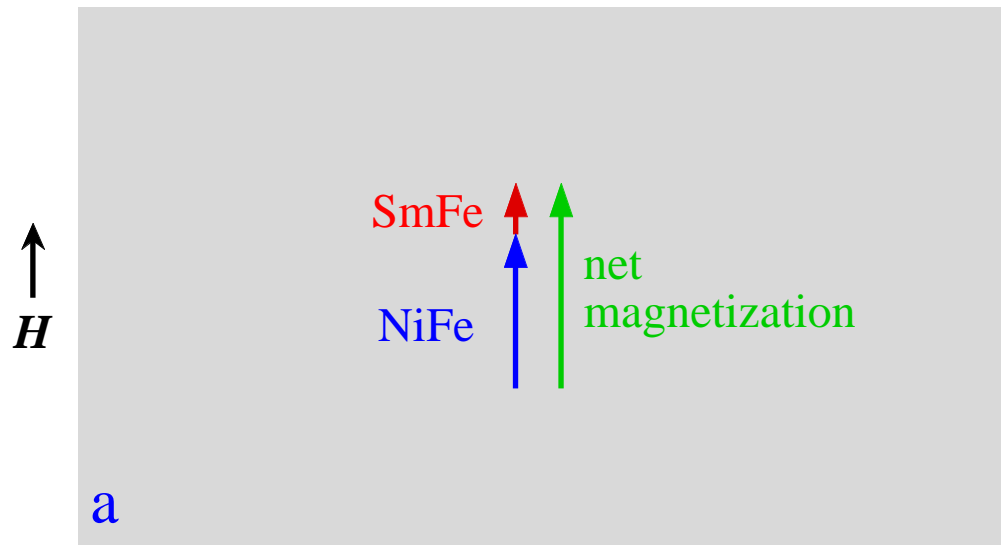
# Magnetization process in NiFe/SmFe exchange spring system, seen from *SmFe* side



easy axis

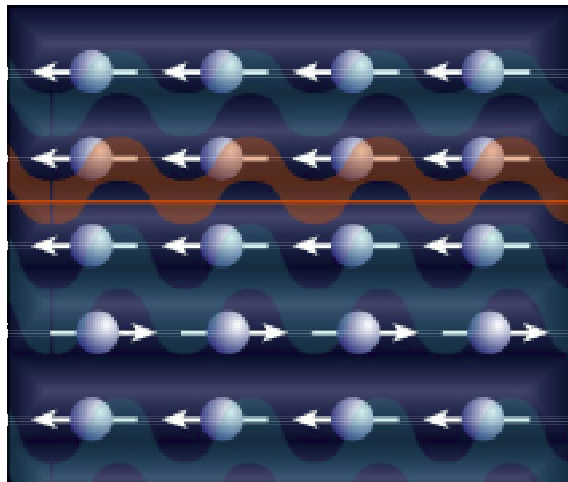






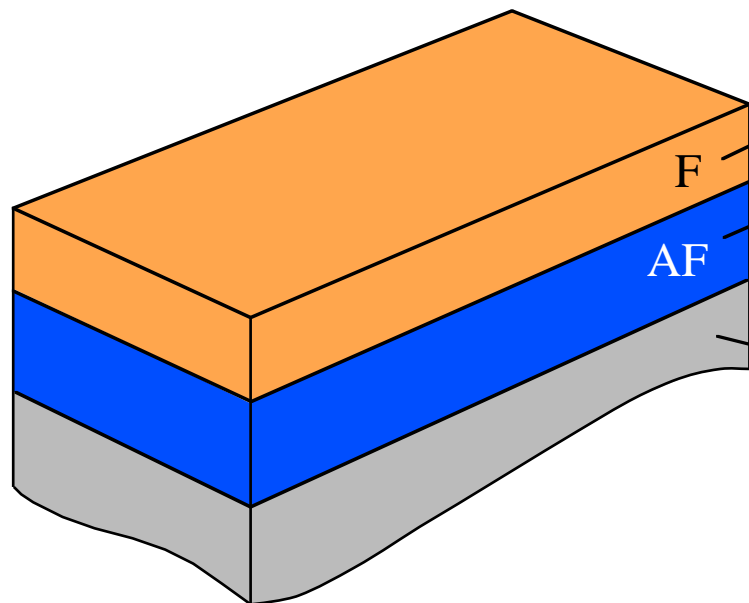
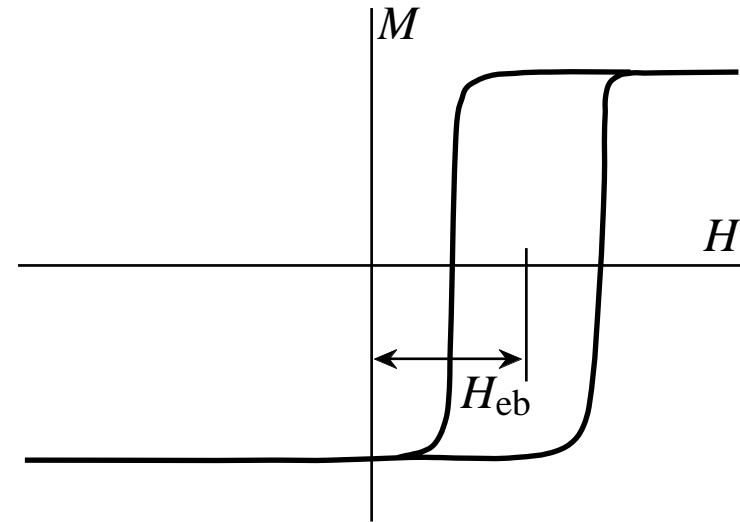
$$\sigma_s = (m_1 - m_2) \cdot n$$

# Magnetization processes in exchange biased FM-AFM systems



ferromagnetic  
film

antiferromagnetic  
film



*NiFe* (Permalloy, 10 nm thick)

*NiO* (10 nm thick)

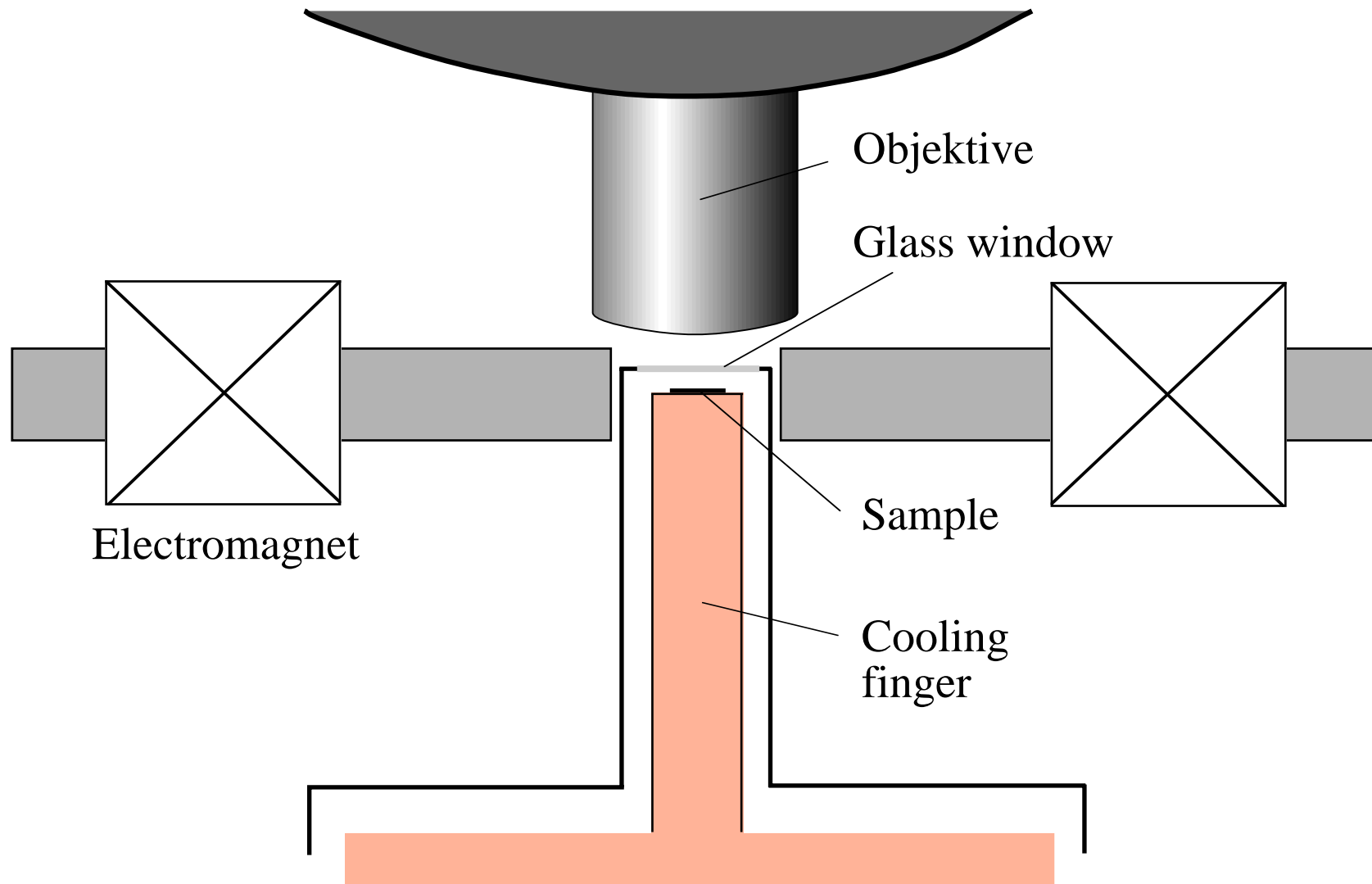
for  $t \leq 10$  nm: reduced coupling temp. of 200K

Substrate

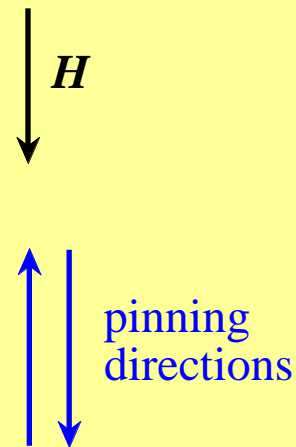
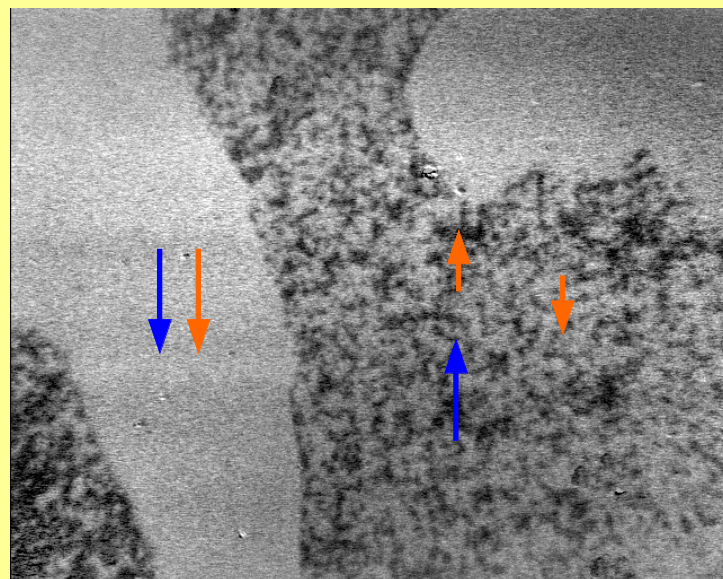
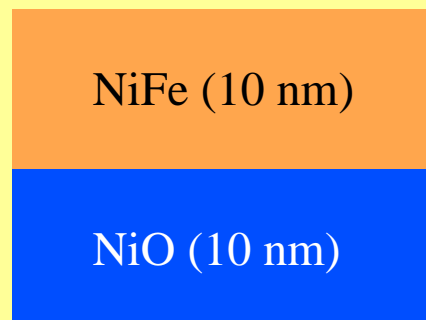
*together with  
O. de Haas and C. M. Schneider (IFW-Dresden)*

# Domain Observation in Optical Cryostat

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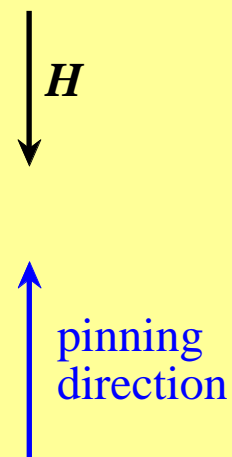
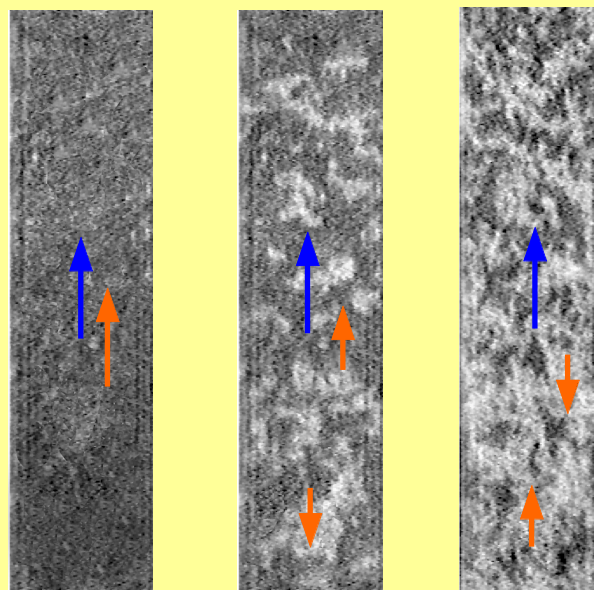
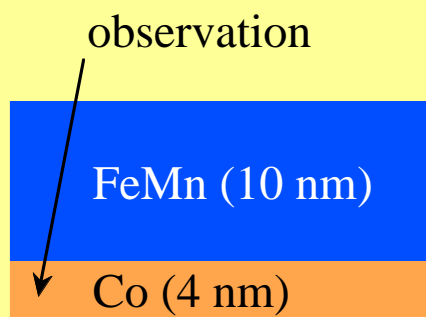






100  $\mu\text{m}$

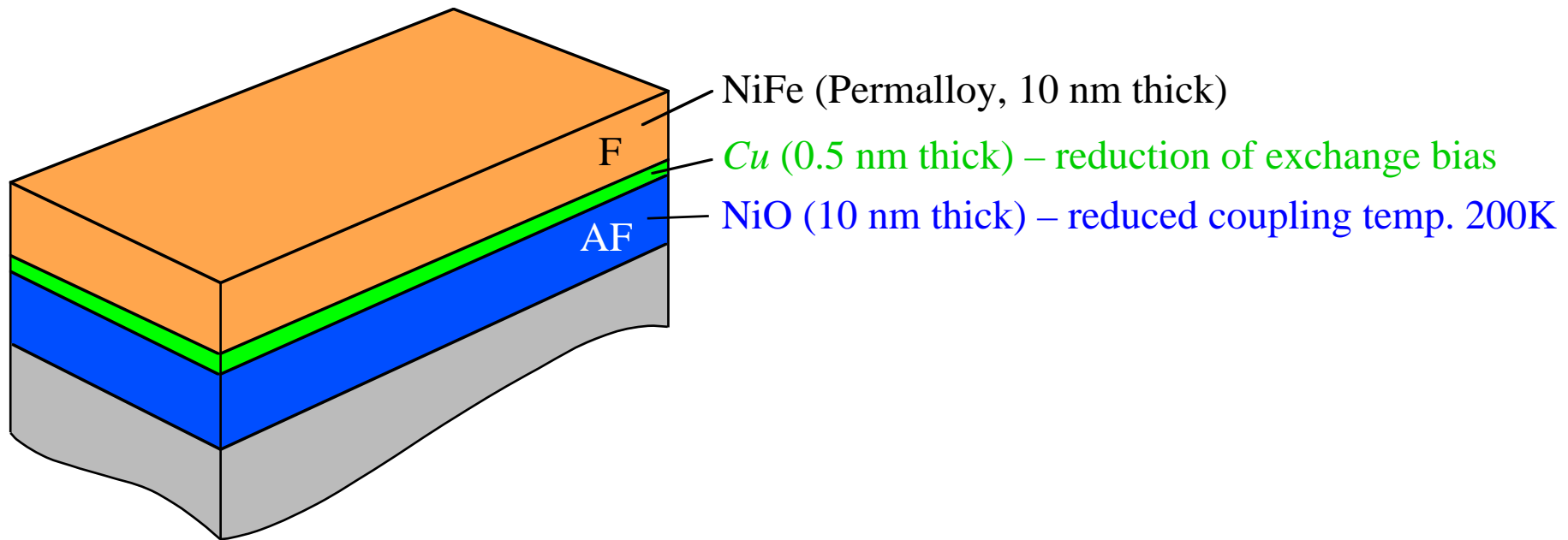
$85 < T < 145 \text{ K}$



20  $\mu\text{m}$

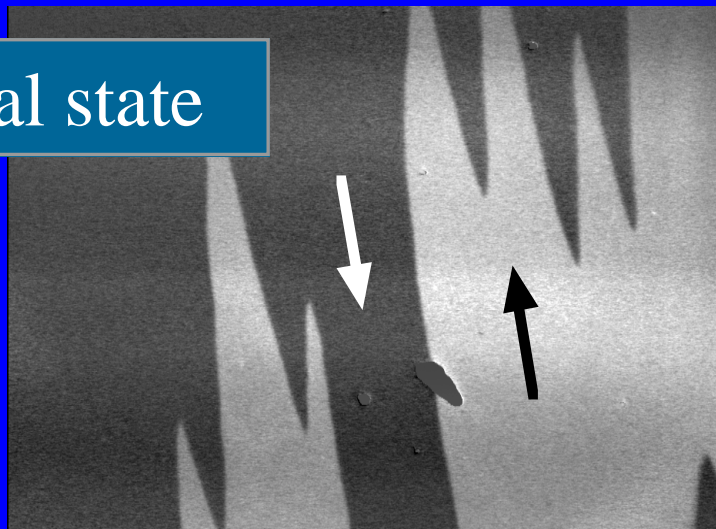
$H_1 < H_2 < H_3$

# Processes in NiFe/NiO with reduced exchange biasing



# Hard axis magnetization process

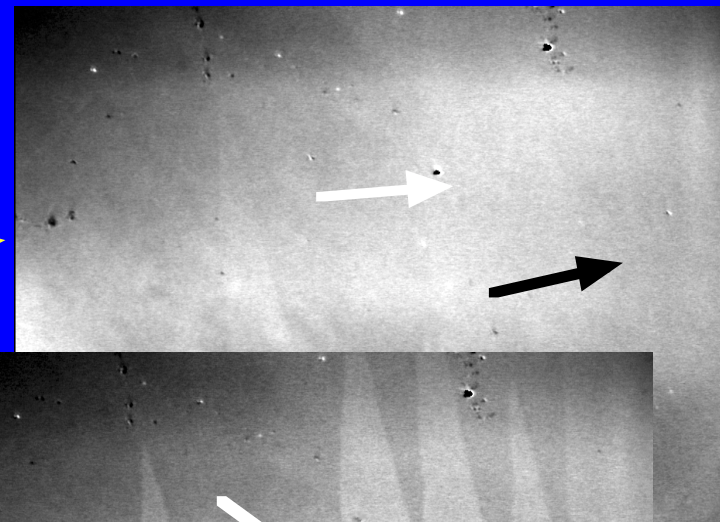
initial state



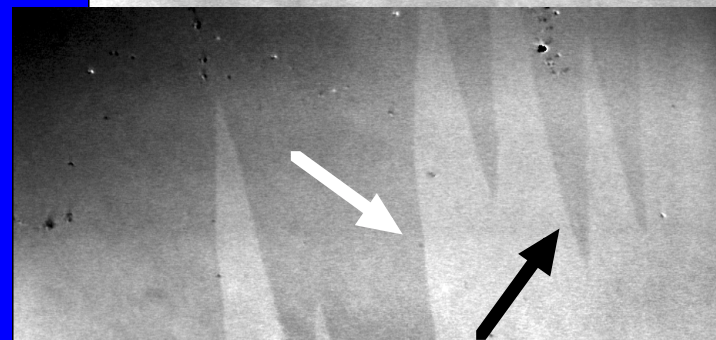
100  $\mu\text{m}$

easy axis

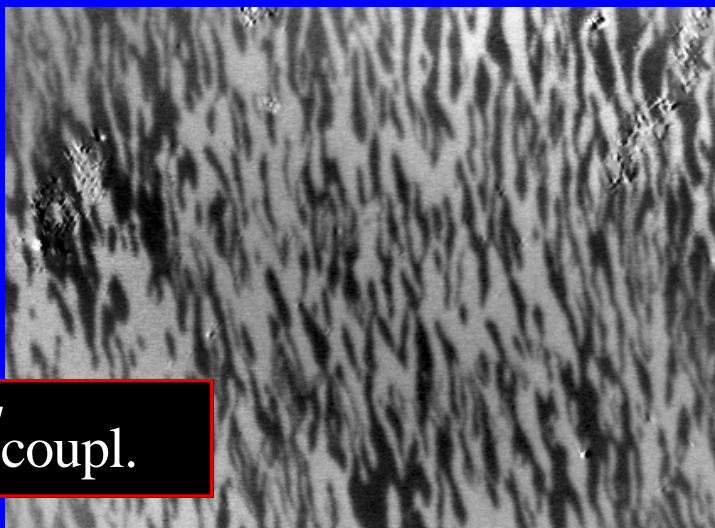
$H$



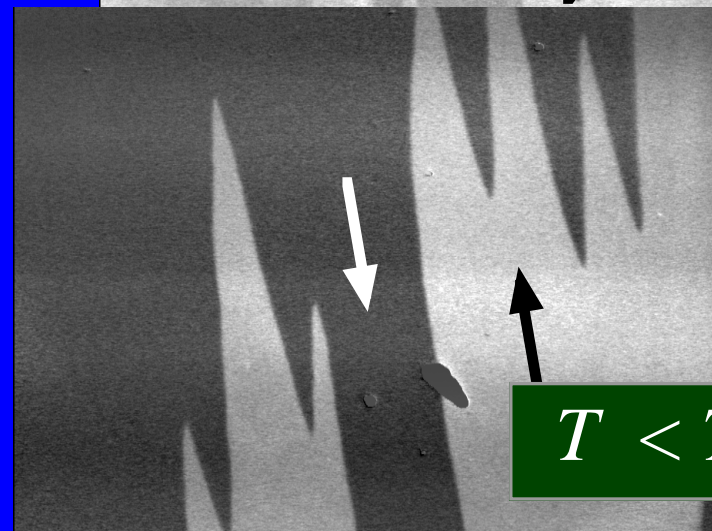
$H$



$T > T_{\text{coupl.}}$



$T < T_{\text{coupl.}}$



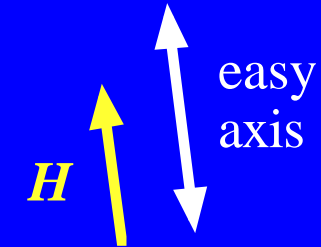
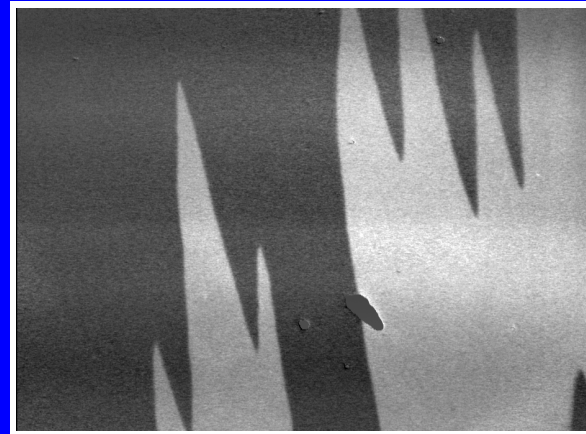
$T < T_{\text{coupl.}}$



# Easy axis magnetization process

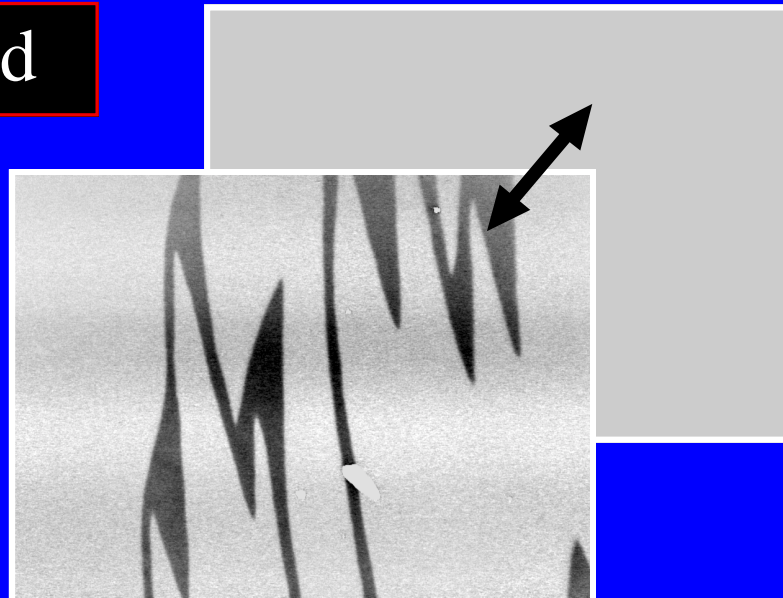
initial state

zero field

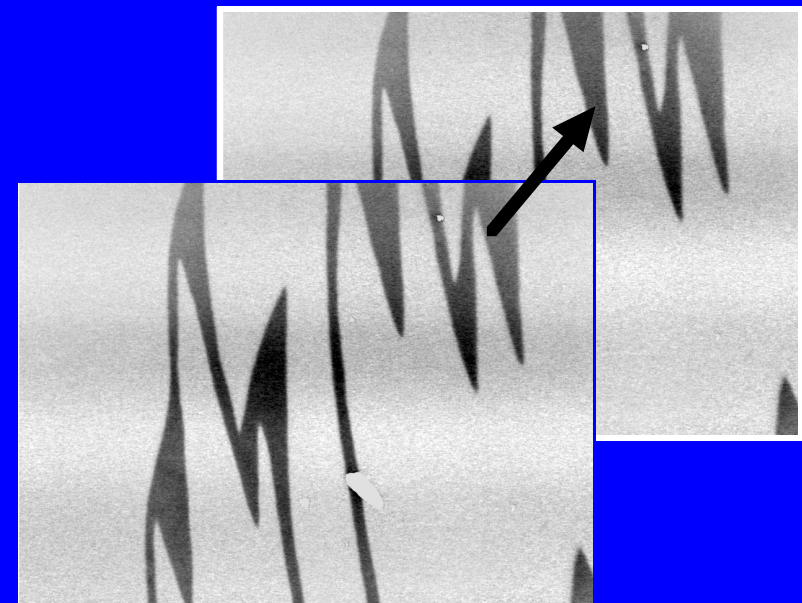


magnetized

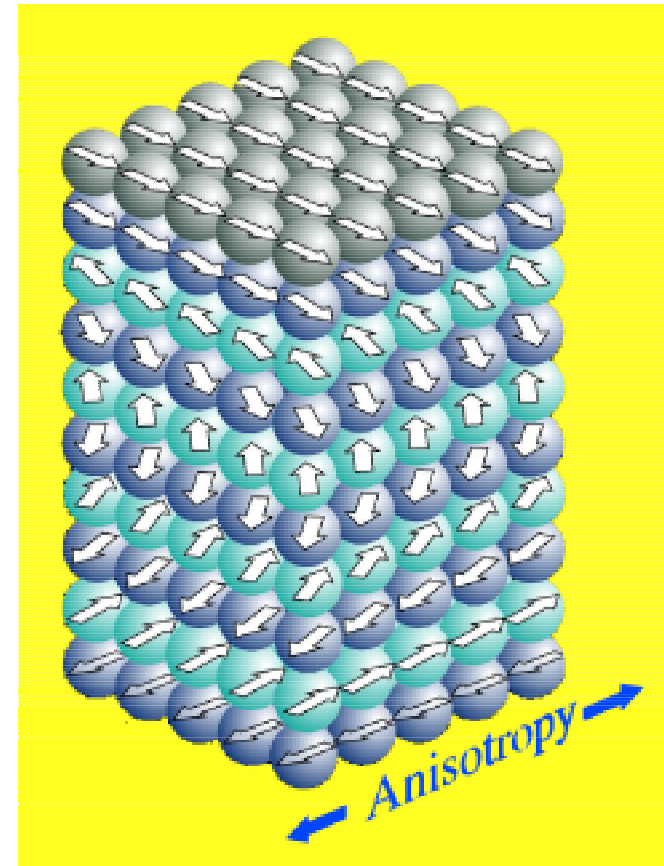
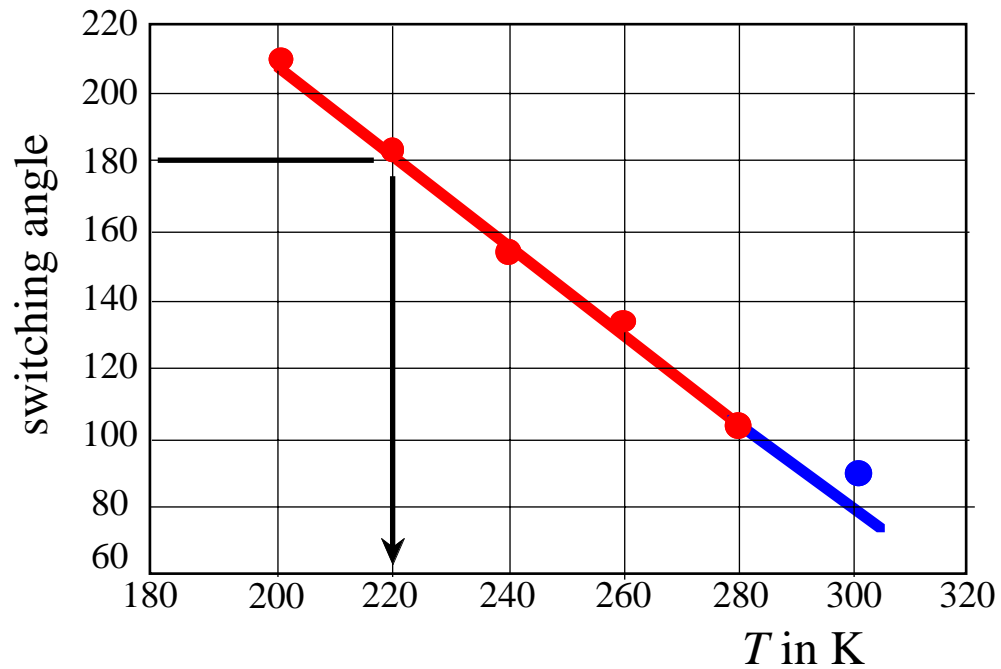
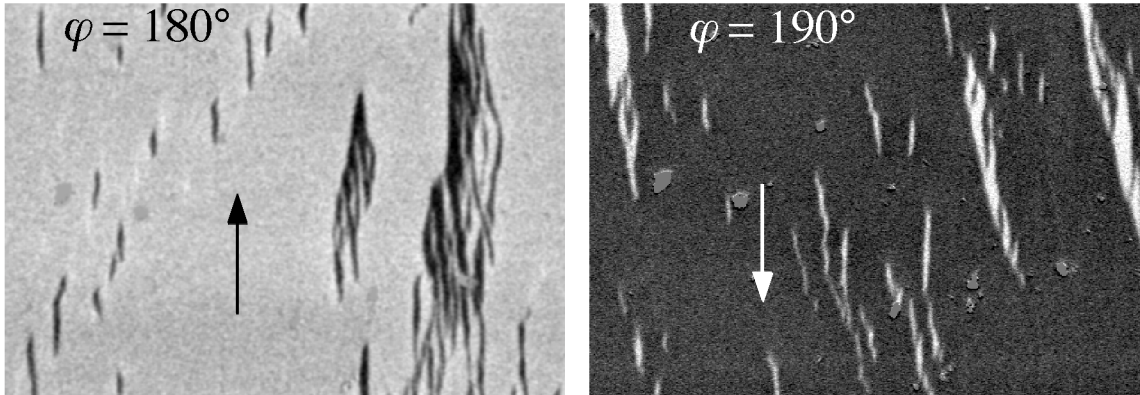
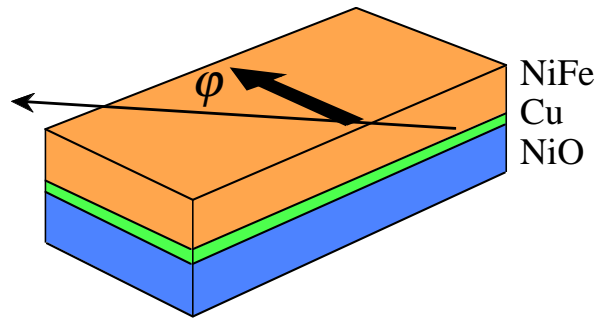
$T < 220$  K - reversible



$T > 220$  K - irreversible

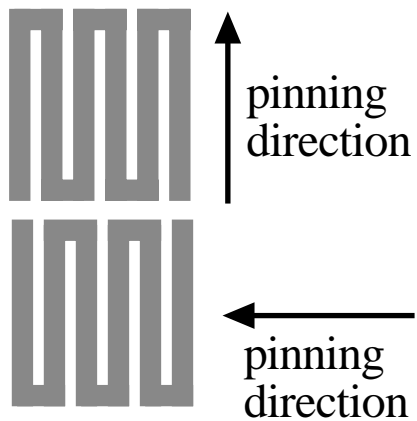
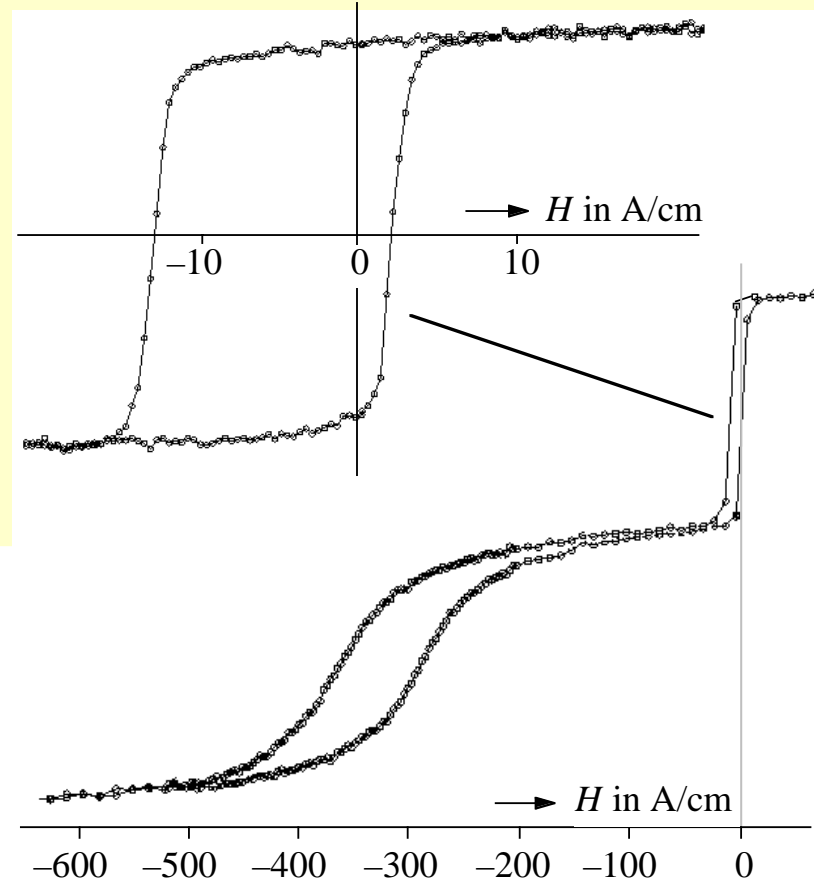
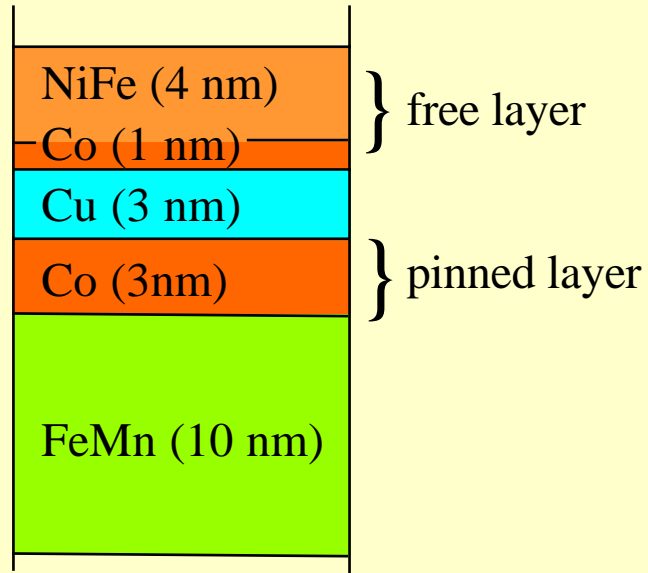


# Switching in rotating field



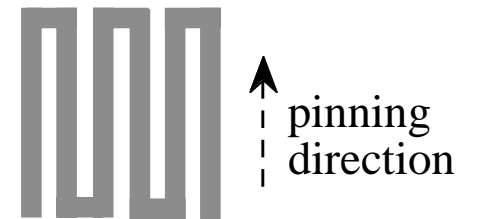
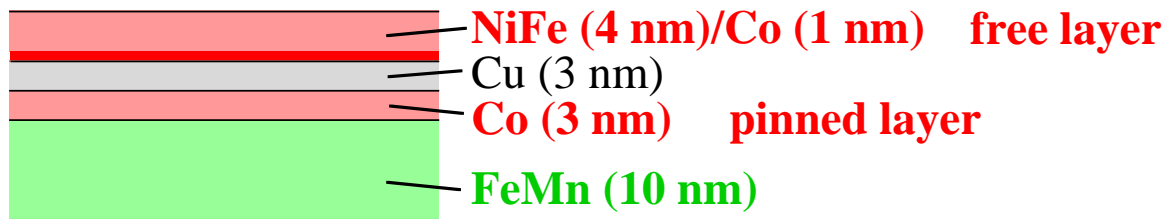
*Stiles & Mc Michael  
PRB 59, 5 1999*

# Magnetization processes in spin-valve meanders

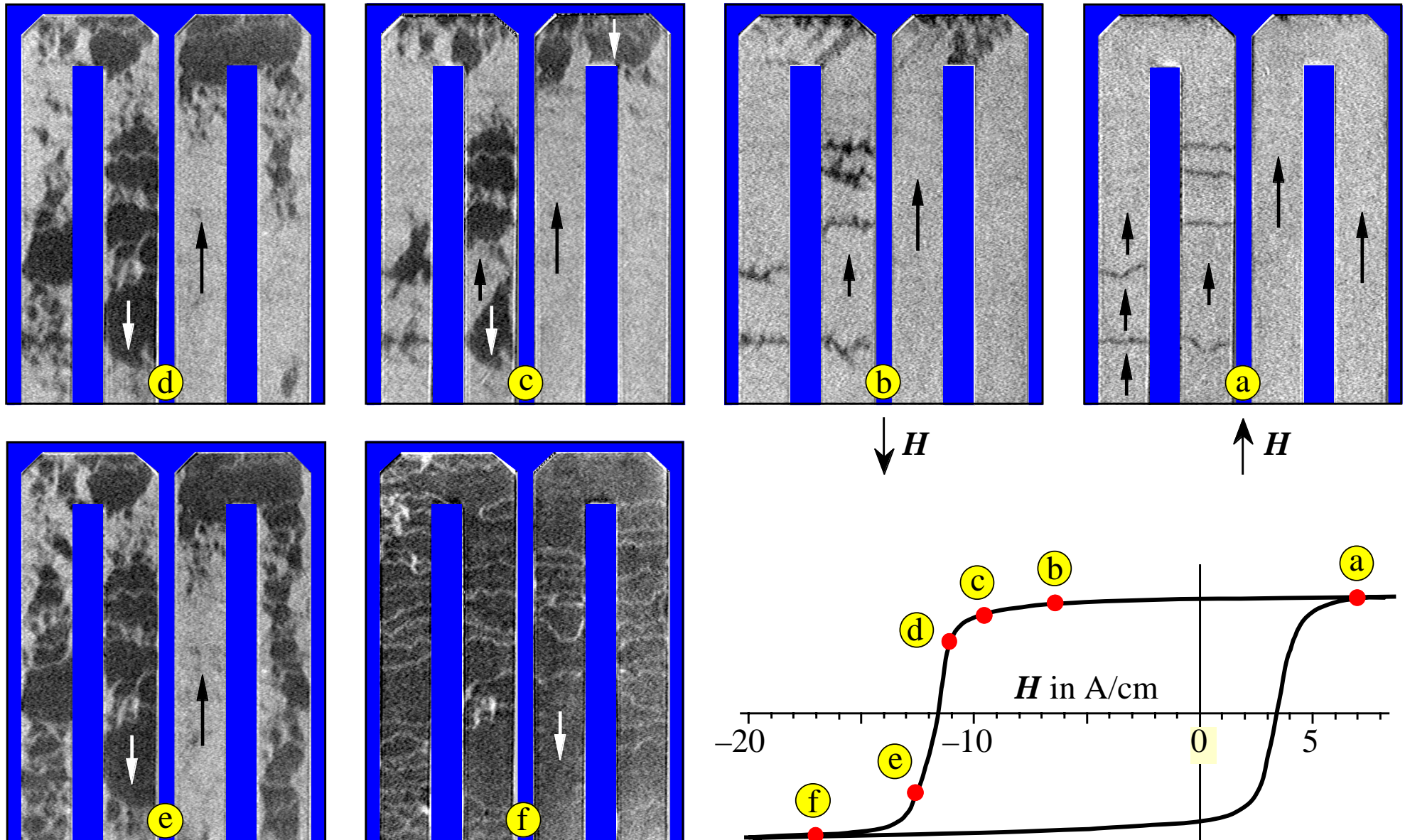


*together with D. Chumakov (IFW-Dresden),  
K. U. Barholz and R. Mattheis (IPHT-Jena)*

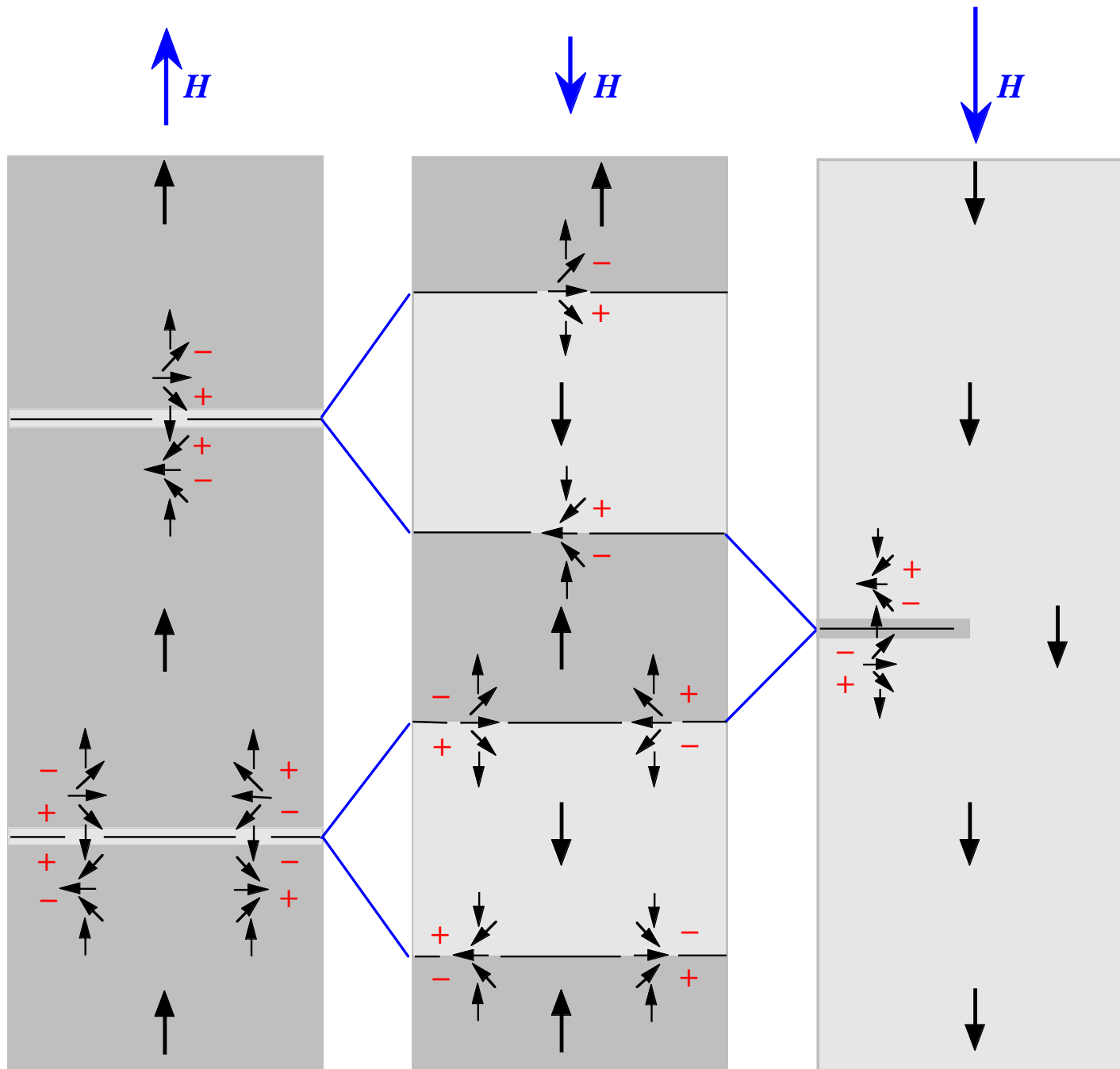




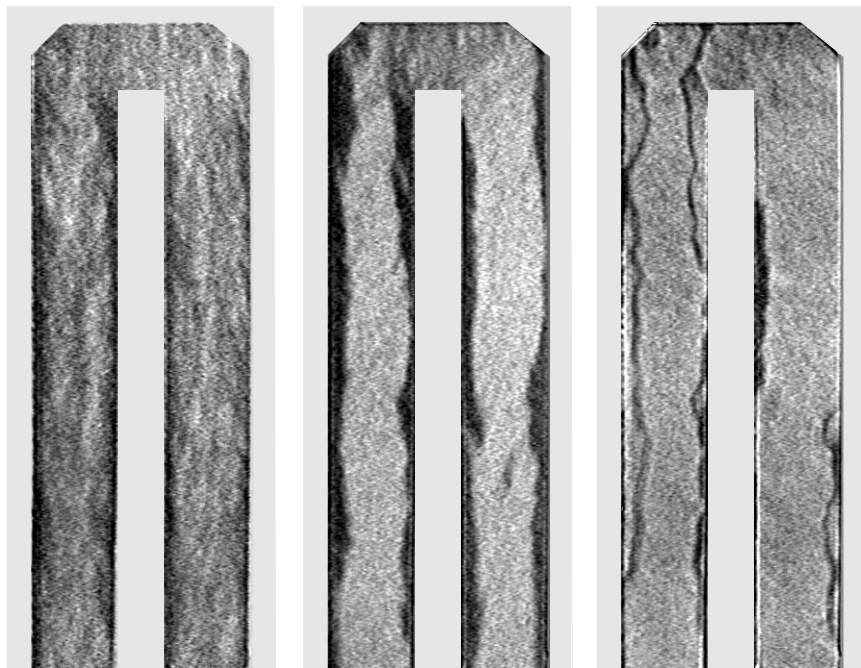
10  $\mu\text{m}$



# Domain nucleation at 360° walls





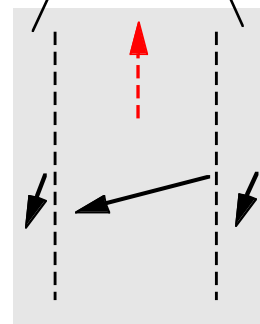


-10

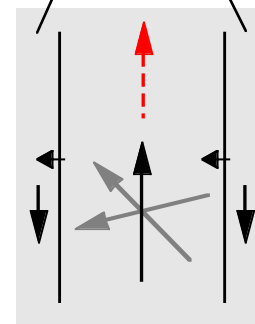
0

+14 A/cm

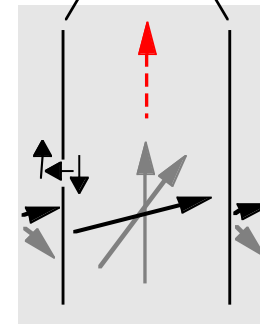
edge curling walls



edge domains



360° walls

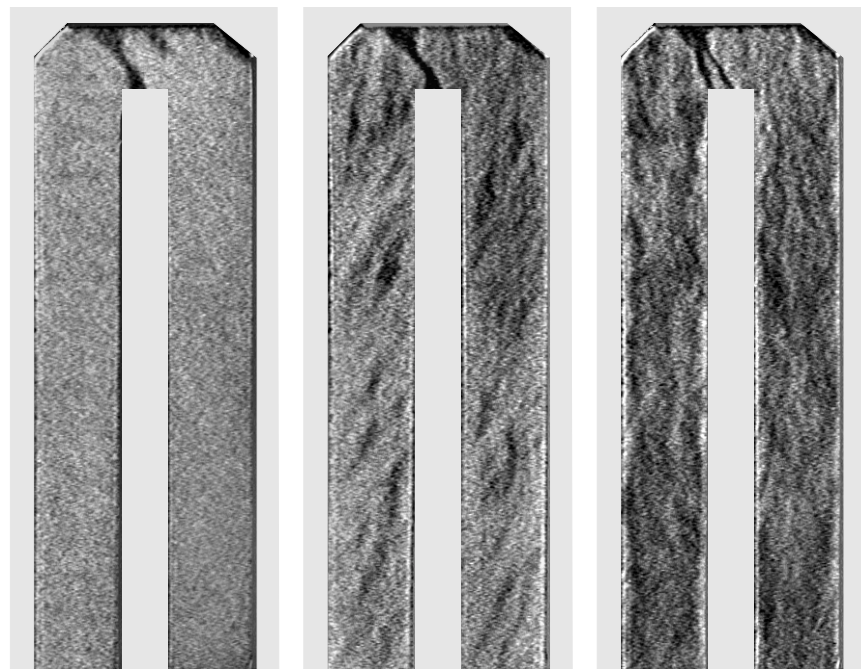


$H \leftarrow$



$\rightarrow$

10  $\mu\text{m}$

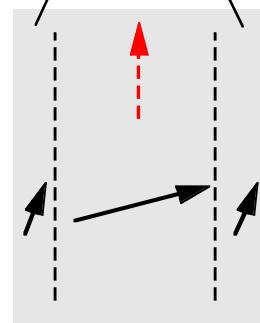


0

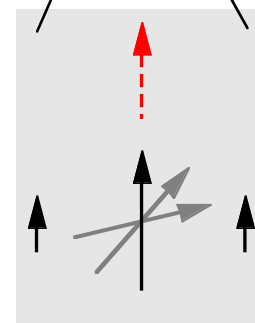
-11

-16 A/cm

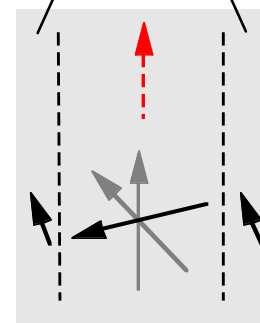
edge curling walls



homog. magn.



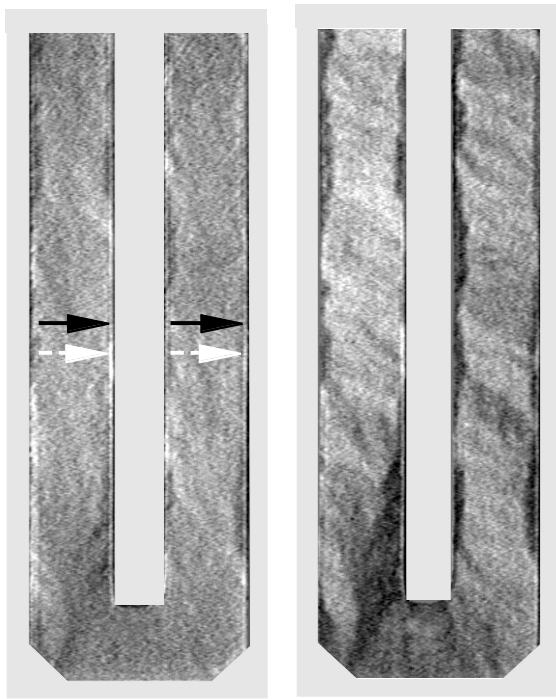
edge curling walls



$\rightarrow H$

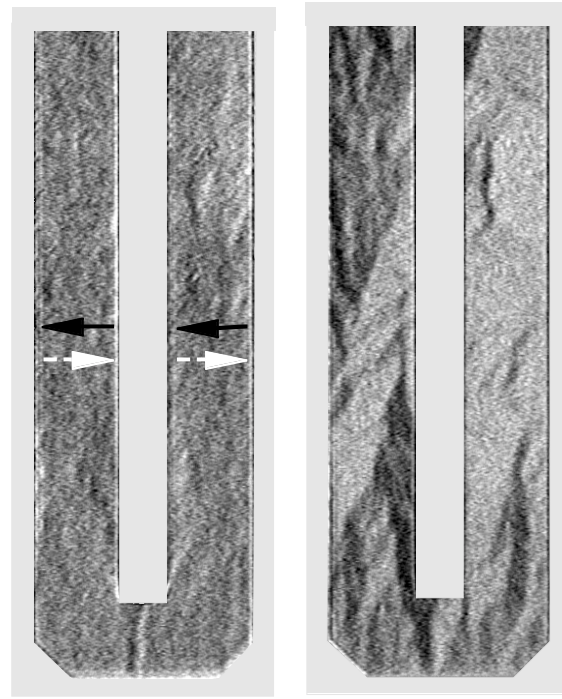
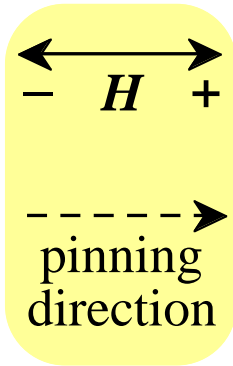


$\leftarrow$

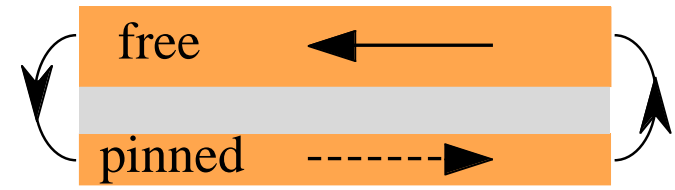
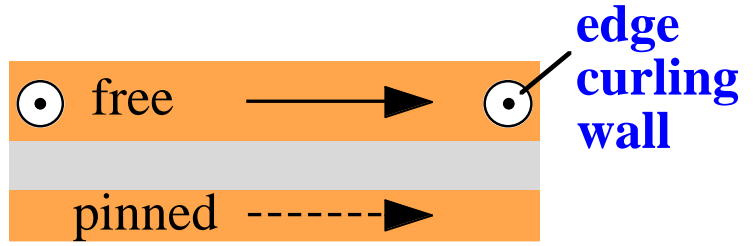


+70 → 0 A/cm

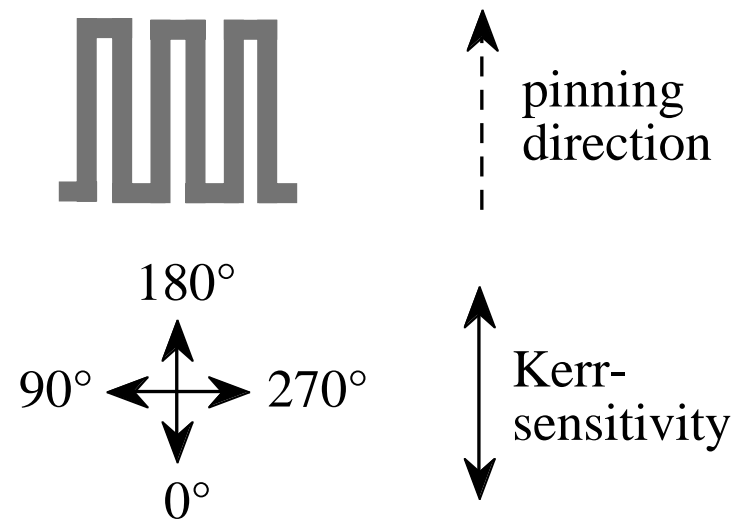
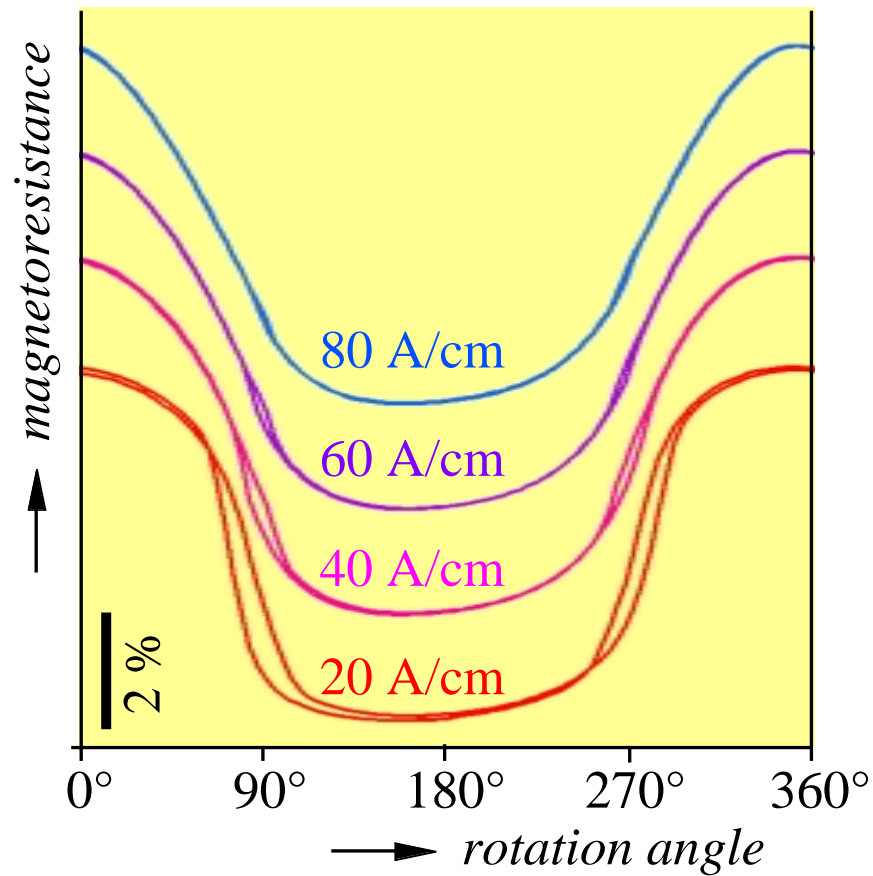
10 μm



-7 → 0 A/cm

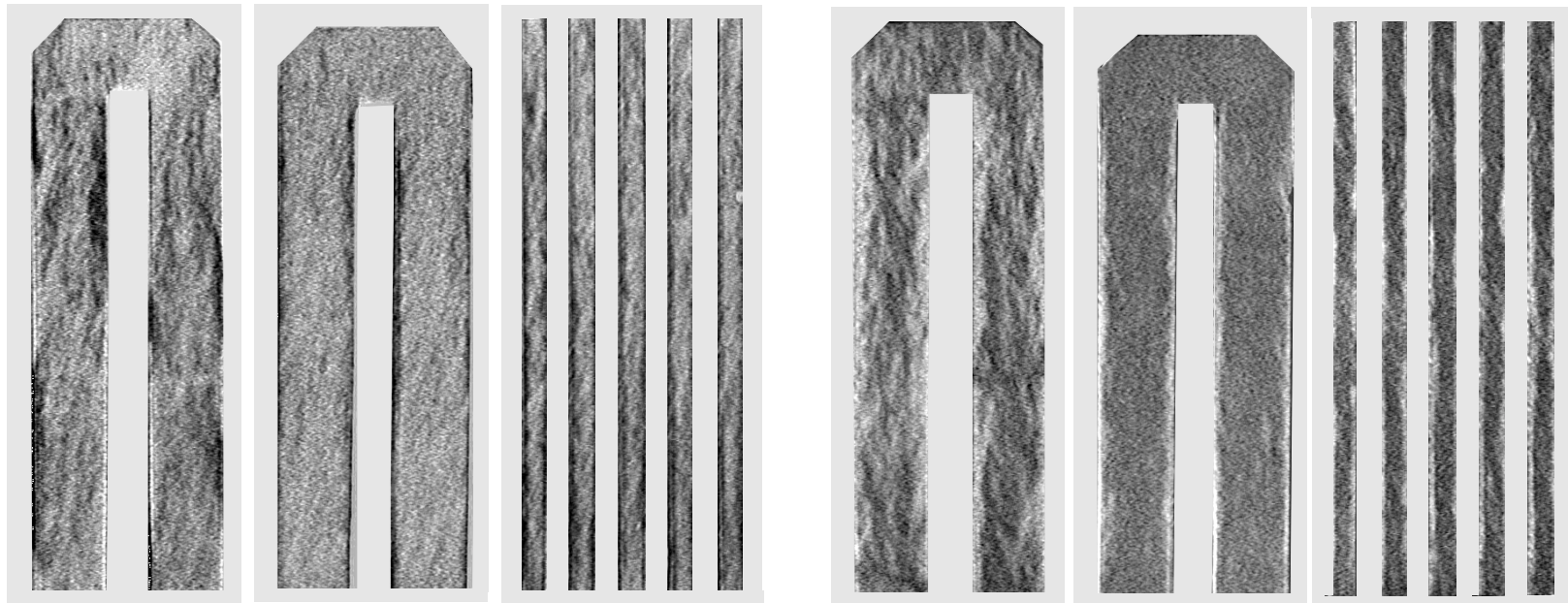


# Rotational Hysteresis



difference image between  
( $180^\circ \rightarrow 90^\circ$ ) and ( $0^\circ \rightarrow 90^\circ$ )

difference image between  
( $360^\circ \rightarrow 270^\circ$ ) and ( $180^\circ \rightarrow 270^\circ$ )



10

16

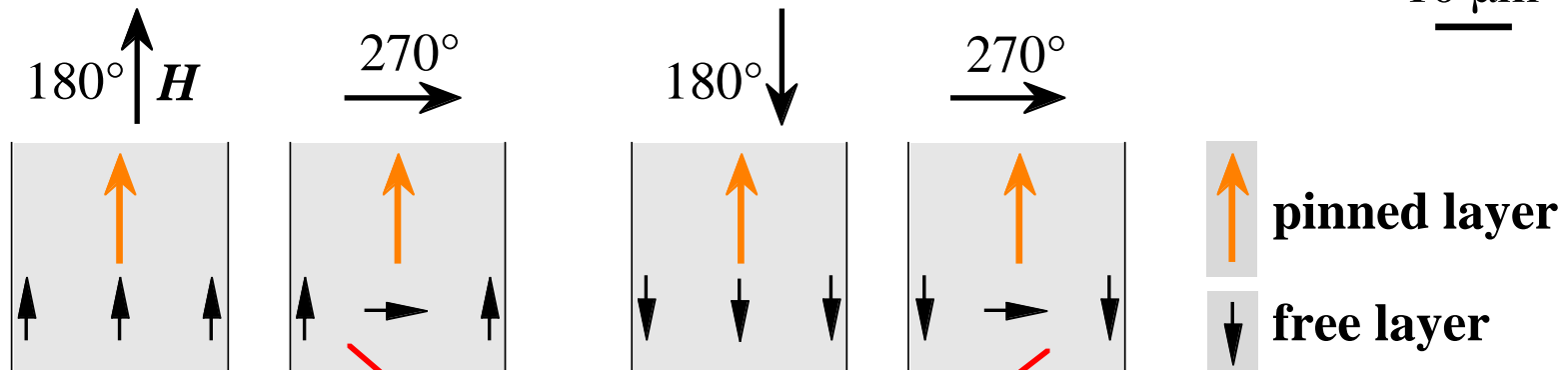
16 A/cm

10

16

16 A/cm

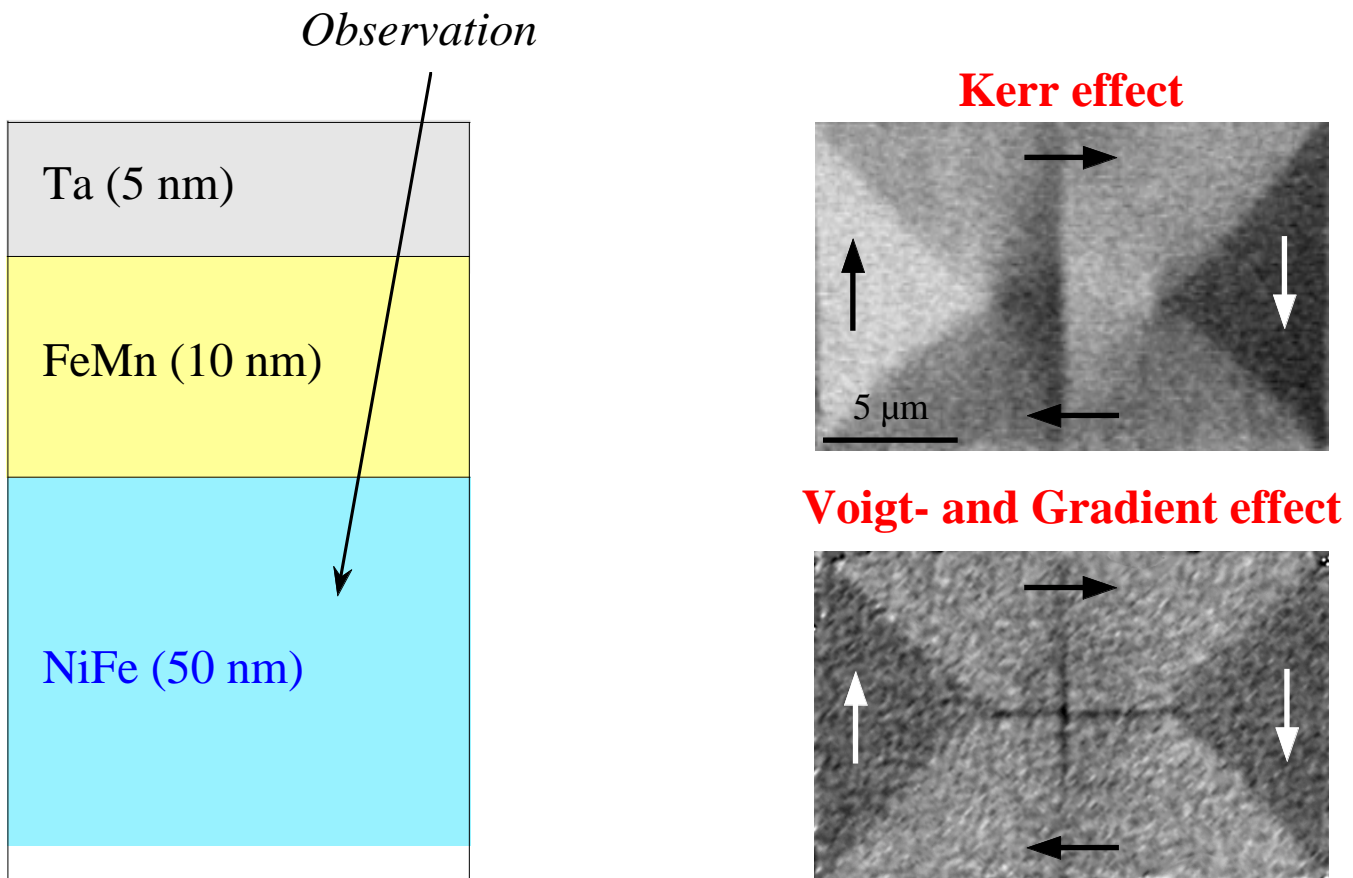
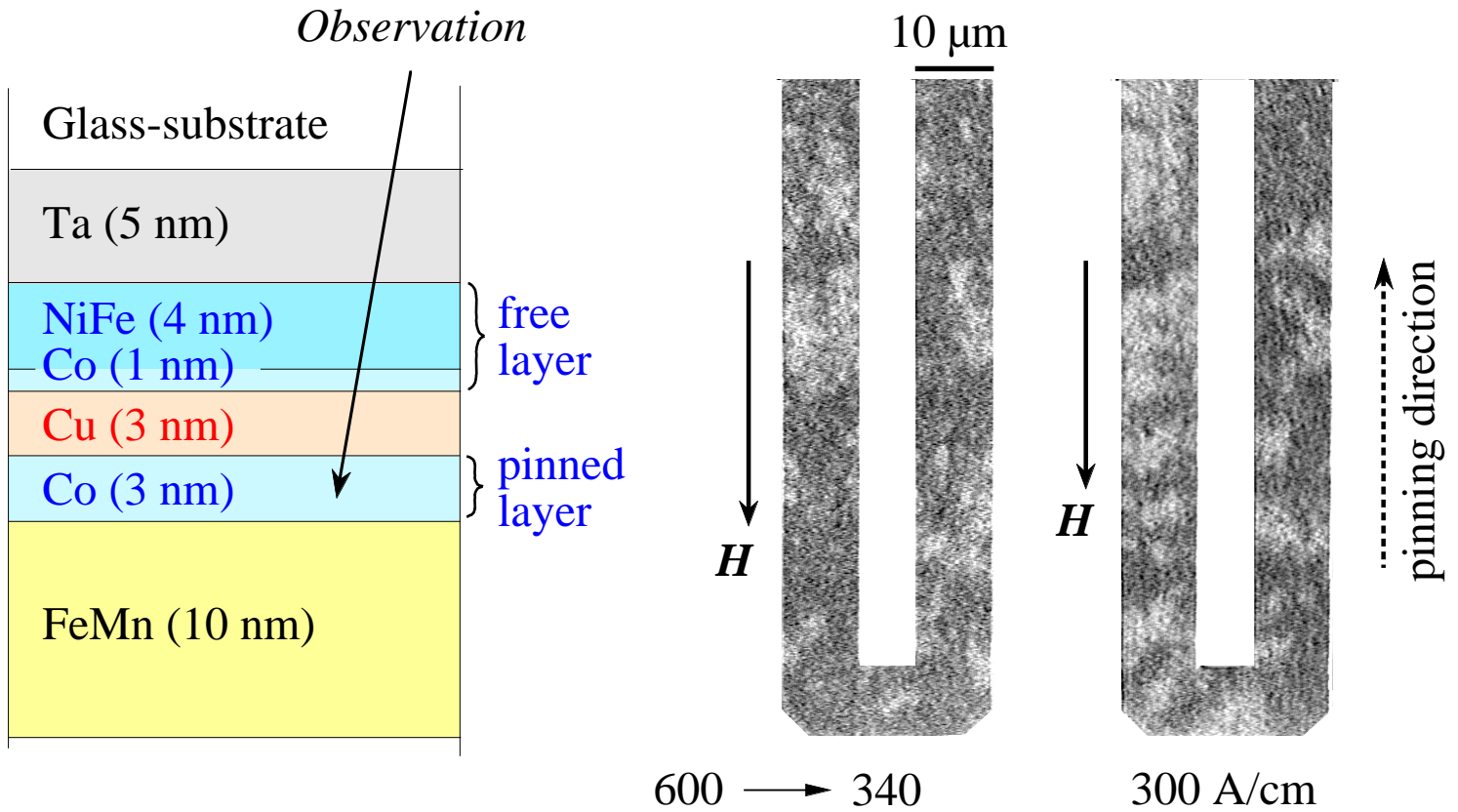
10  $\mu\text{m}$



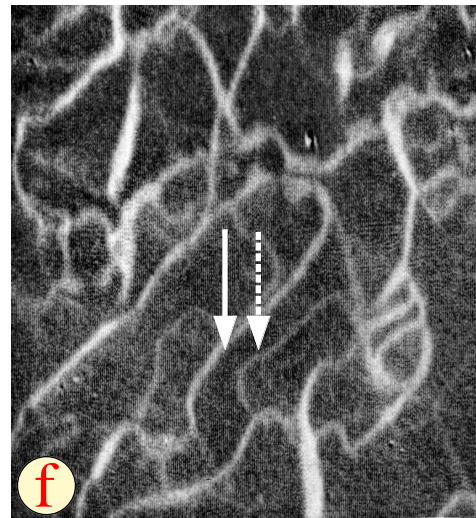
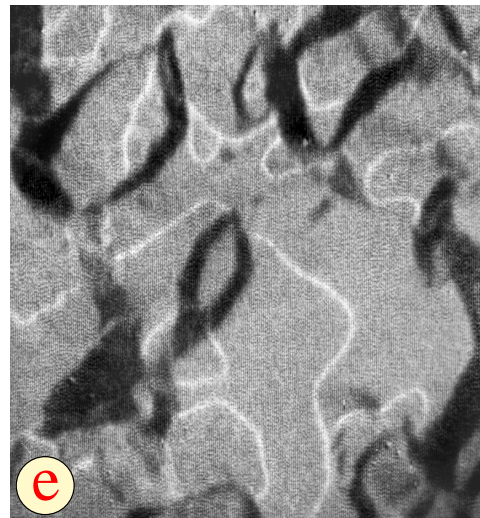
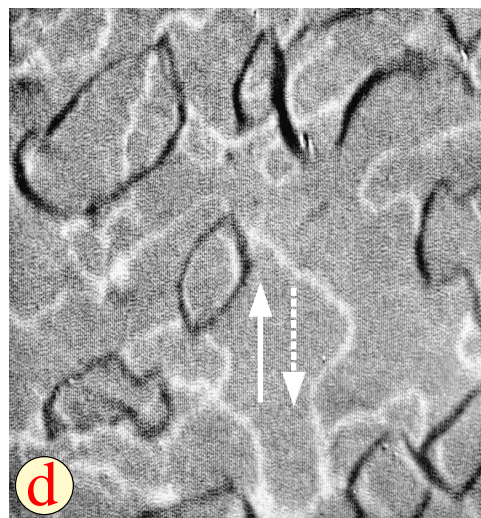
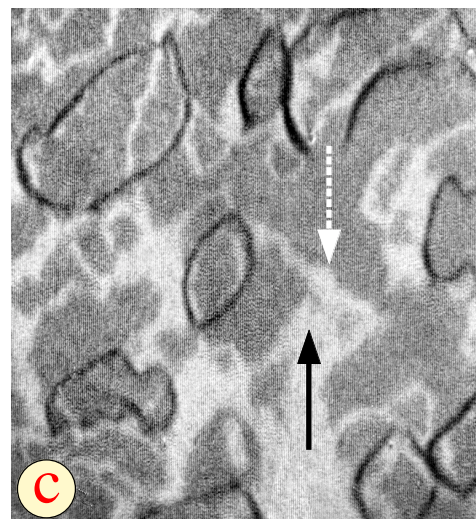
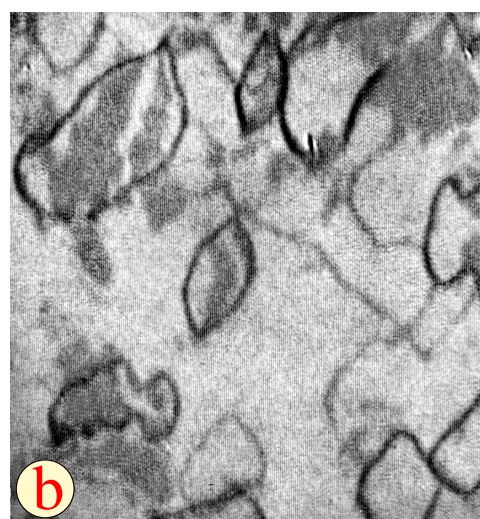
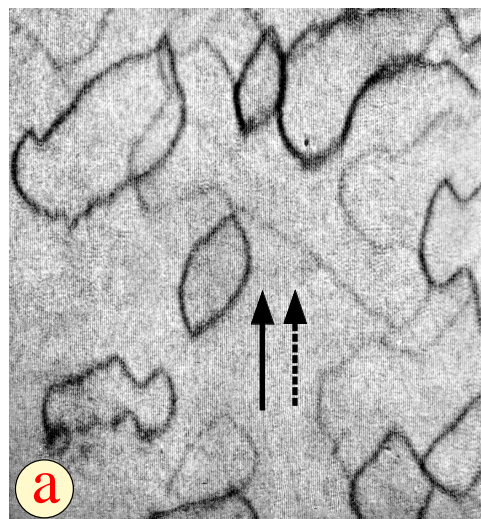
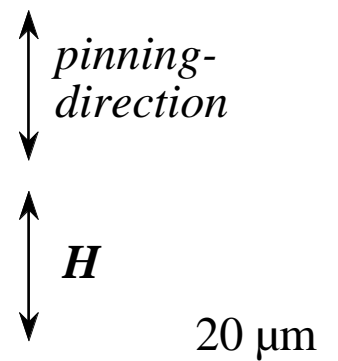
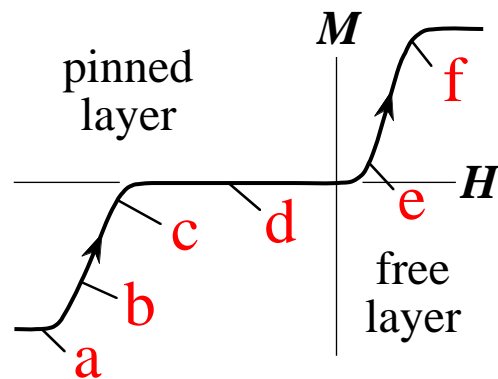
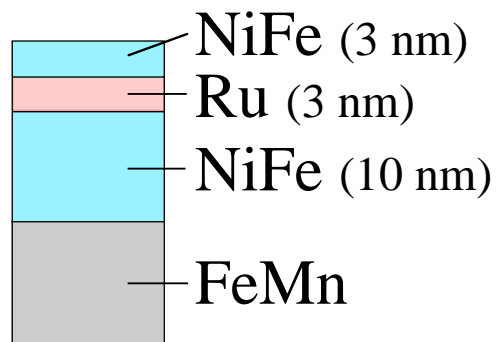
hysteresis in edge curling walls



# On depth-sensitivity of m.o. microscopy



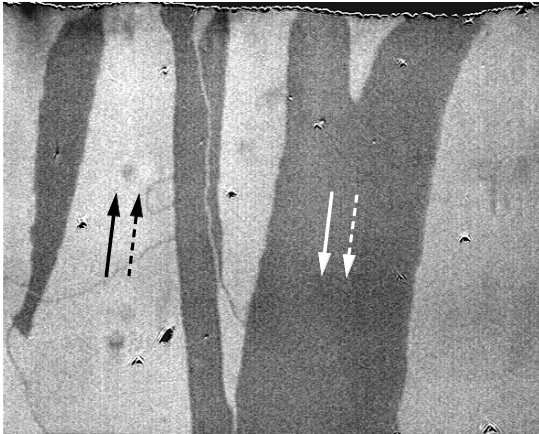
Samples: R. Mattheis, IPHT-Jena



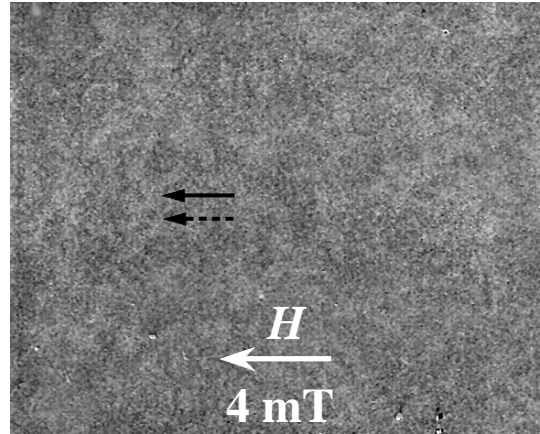
Sample:  
 S. Parkin,  
 IBM



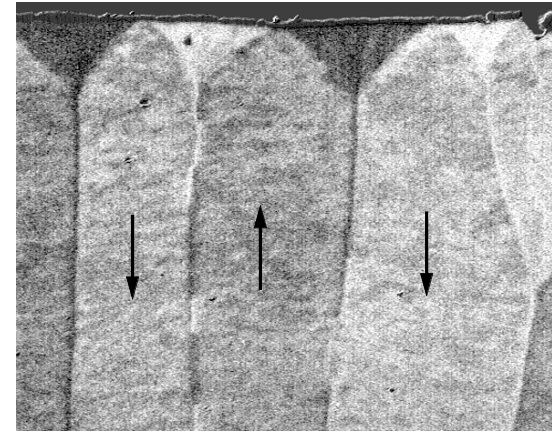
Ferromagnetic coupling



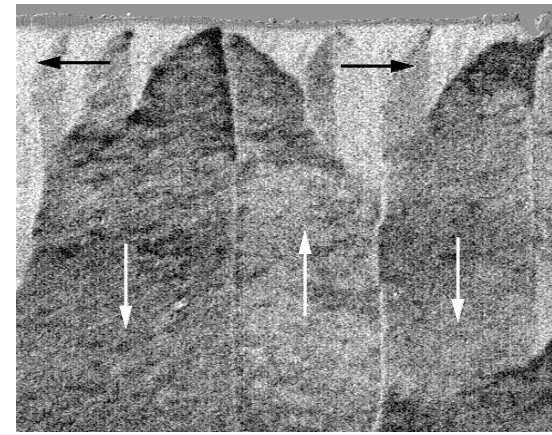
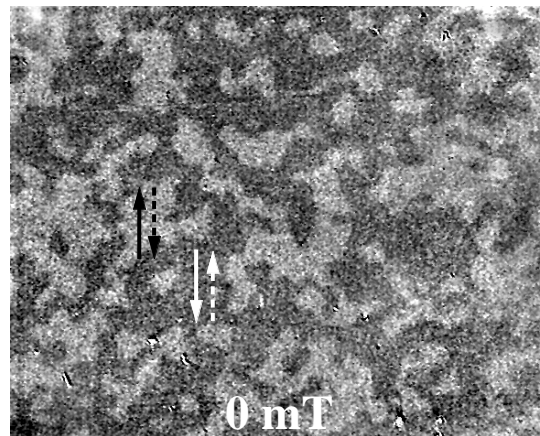
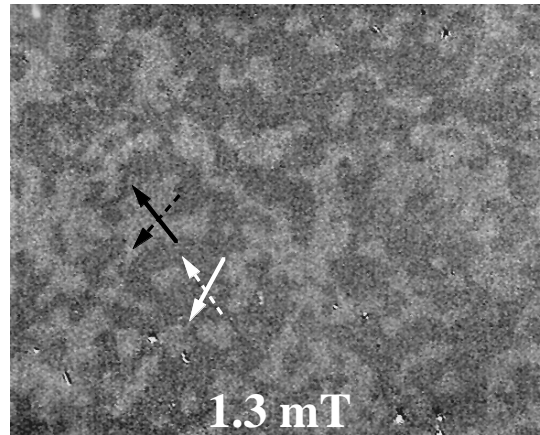
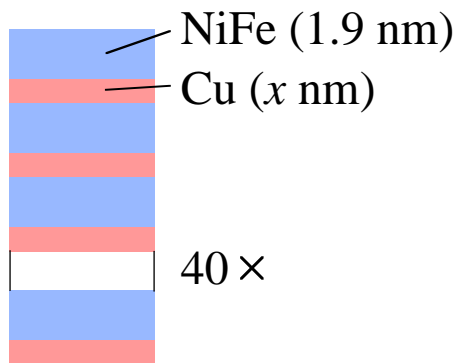
Antiferromagnetic coupling



Destroyed antiferromagn. coupling (after annealing)



## Sputtered multilayers



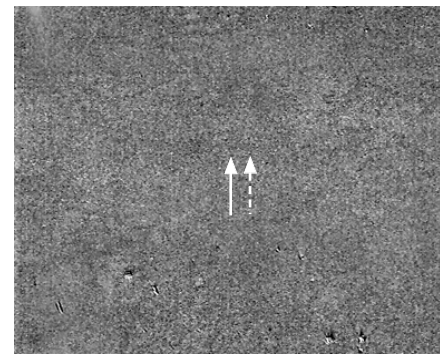
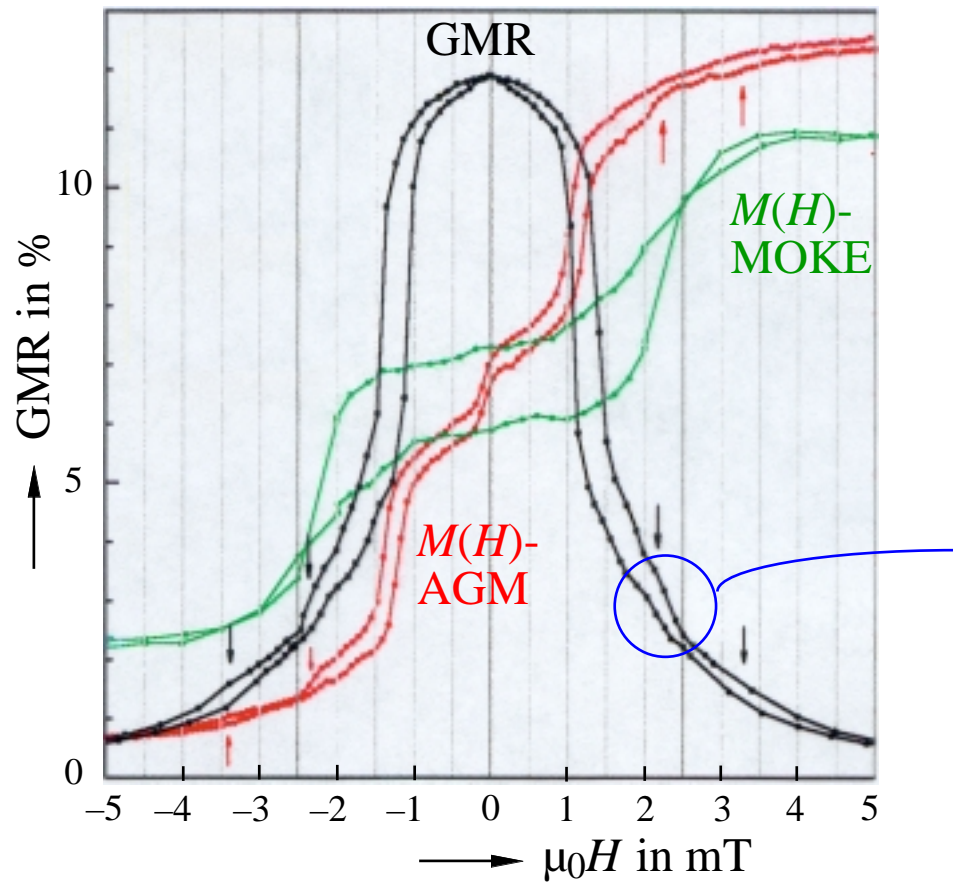
20 μm

easy axis

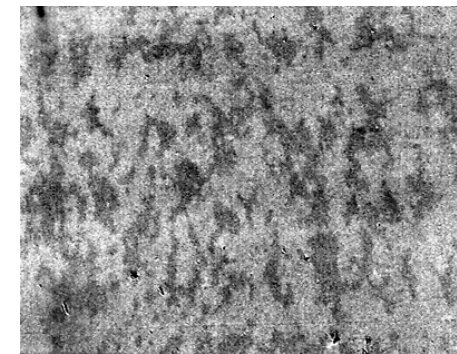
*samples:  
D. Elephant, IFW-Dresden*



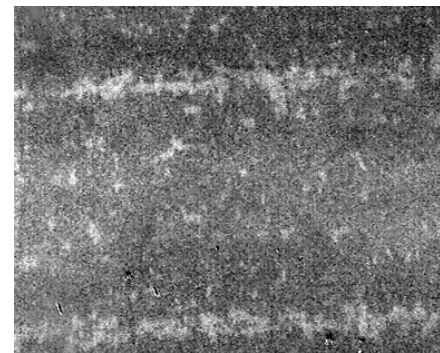
# Magnetization processes in AF-coupled multilayers



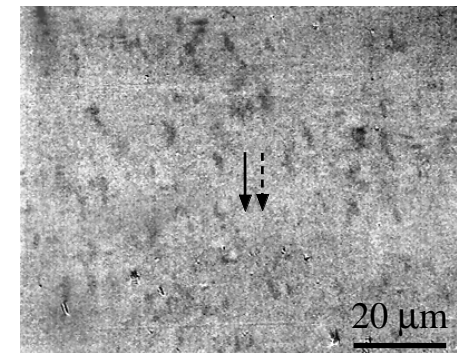
0 mT



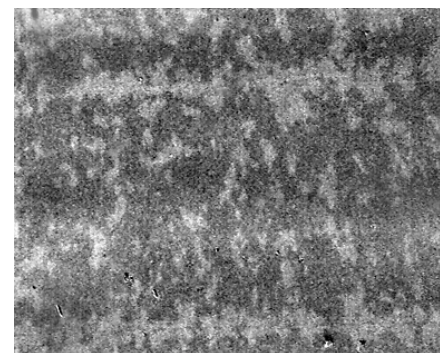
2.29 mT



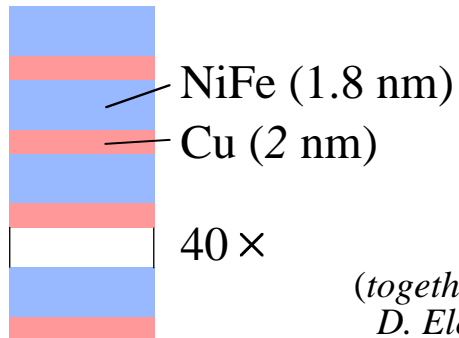
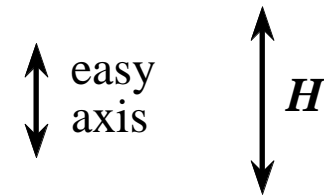
2.2 mT



2.38 mT



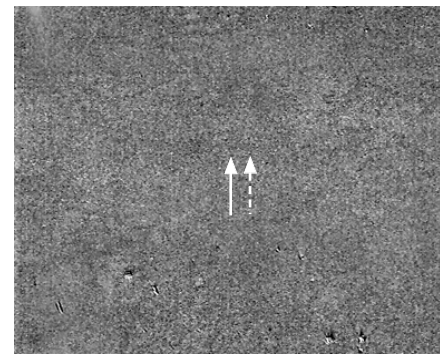
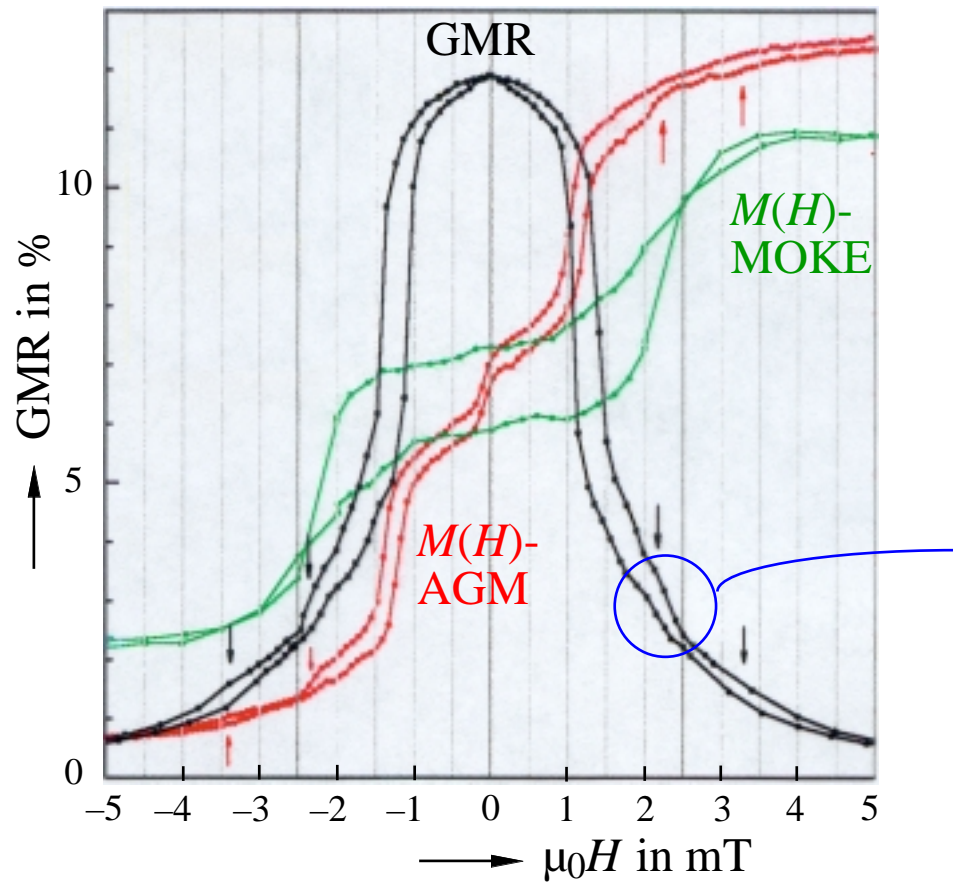
2.26 mT



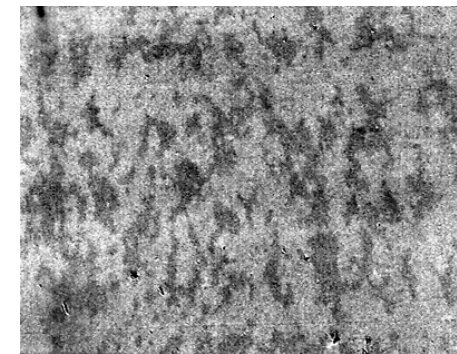
(together with D. Tietjen and D. Elefant, IFW-Dresden)



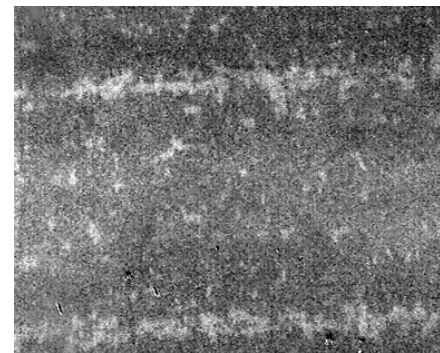
# Magnetization processes in AF-coupled multilayers



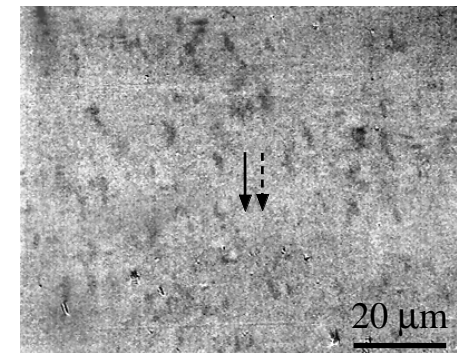
0 mT



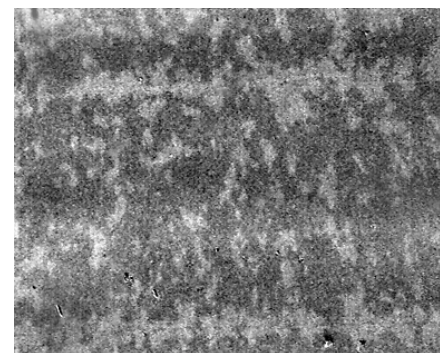
2.29 mT



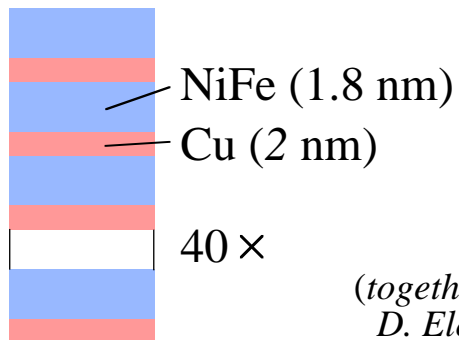
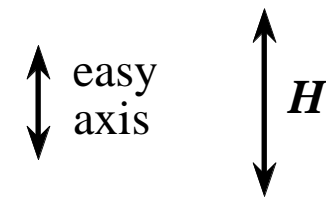
2.2 mT



2.38 mT

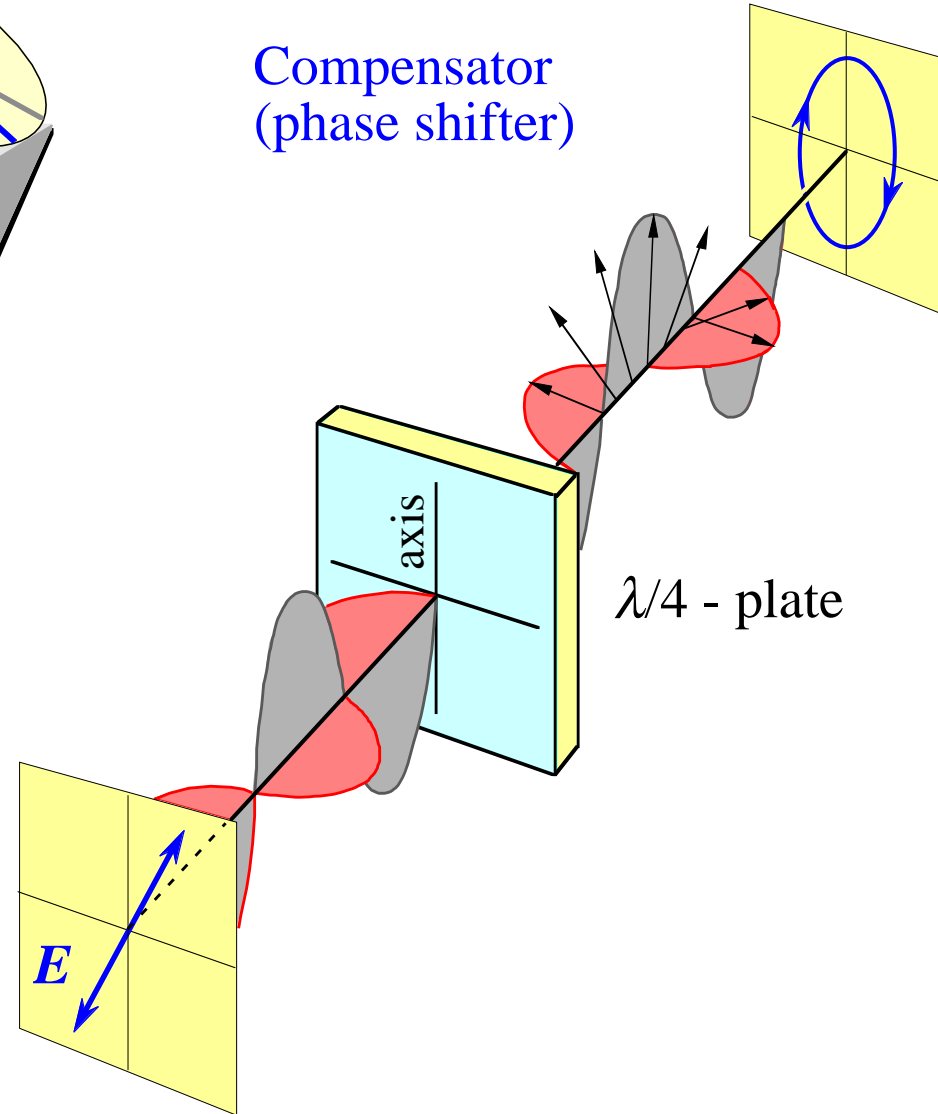
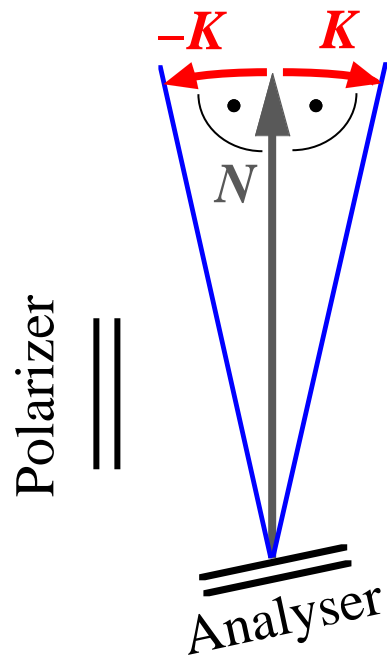
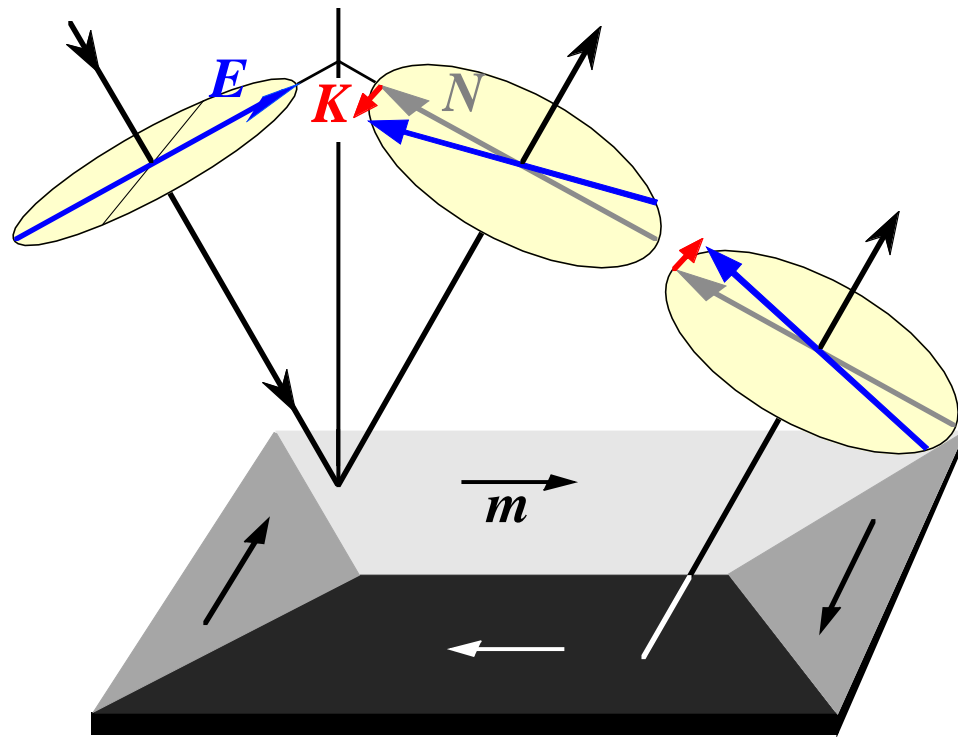


2.26 mT



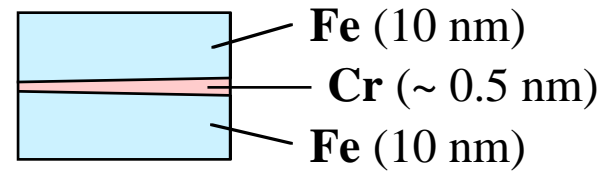
(together with D. Tietjen and D. Elefant, IFW-Dresden)

# Kerr Effect

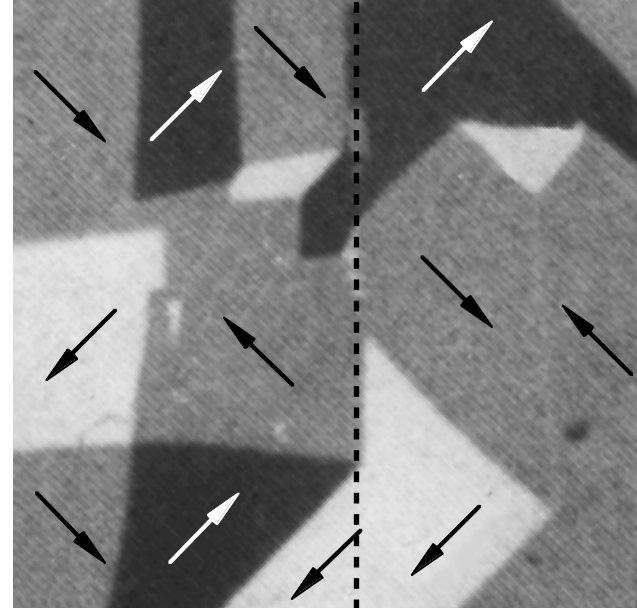


# Depth-selective Kerr microscopy in epitaxial Fe/Cr/Fe-layers

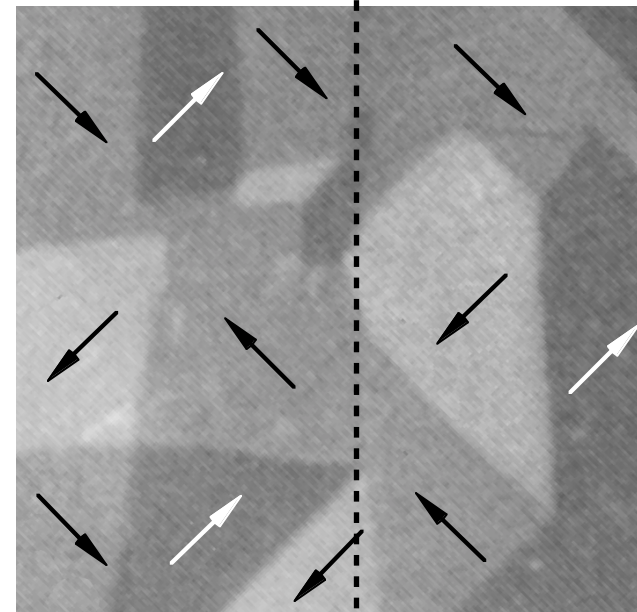
(Sample: P. Grünberg, Jülich)



ferromagn.-coupl. | 90°-coupling

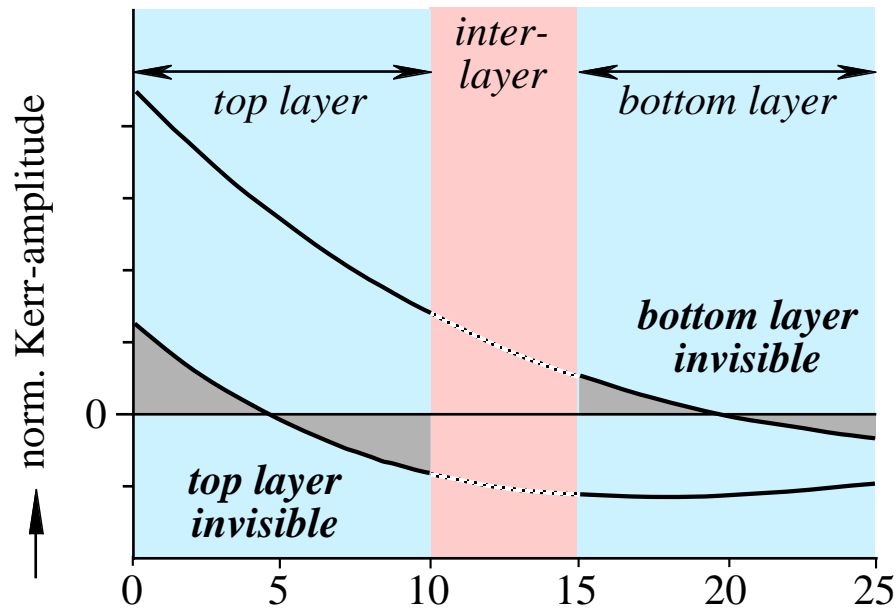
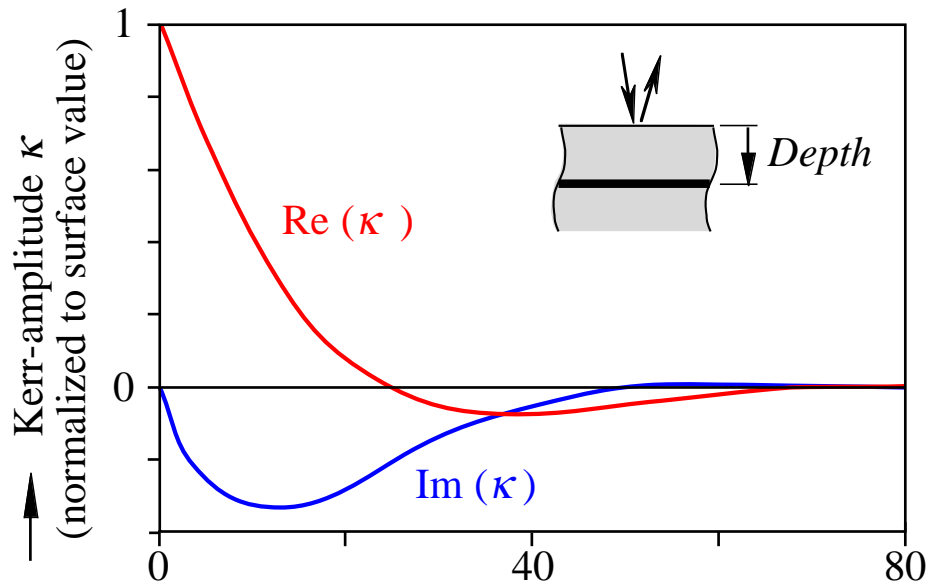


top layer



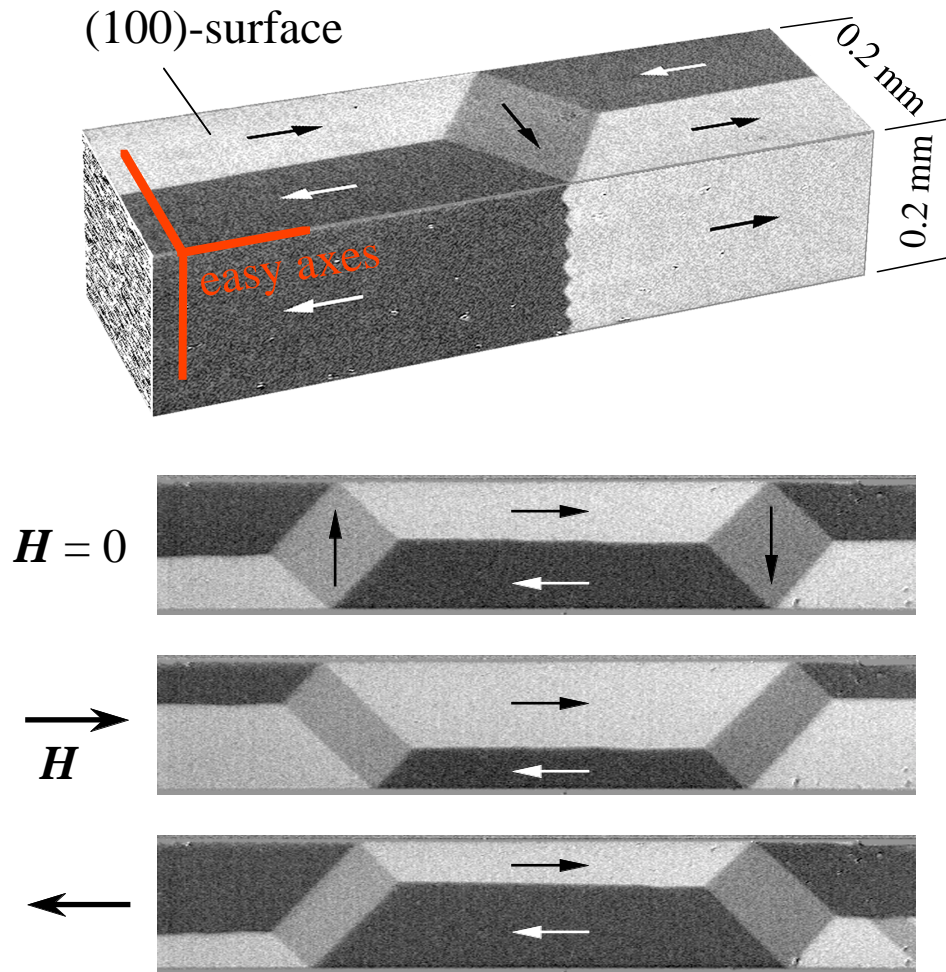
bottom layer

50  $\mu\text{m}$

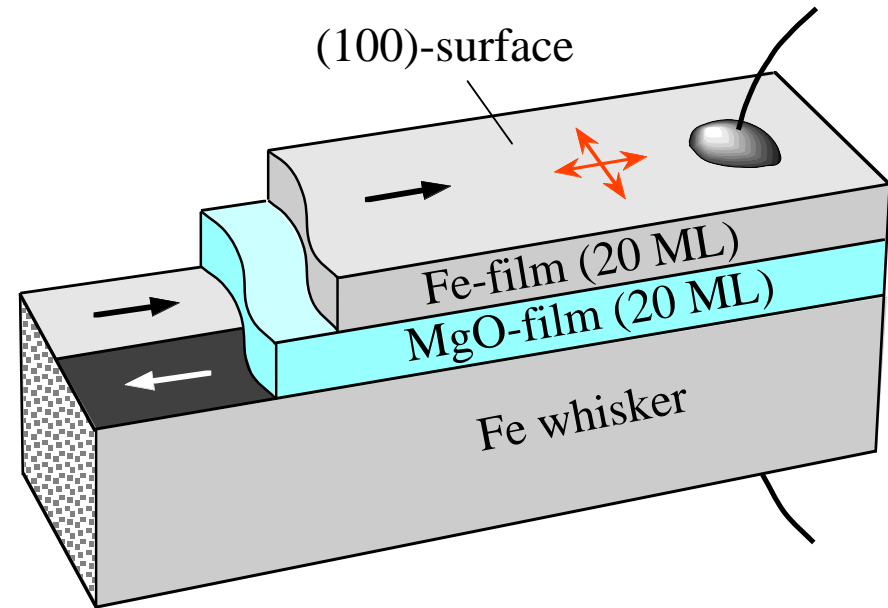




## Iron whisker



## Iron whisker with tunneling films



Epitaxial growth of films on whisker

together with:

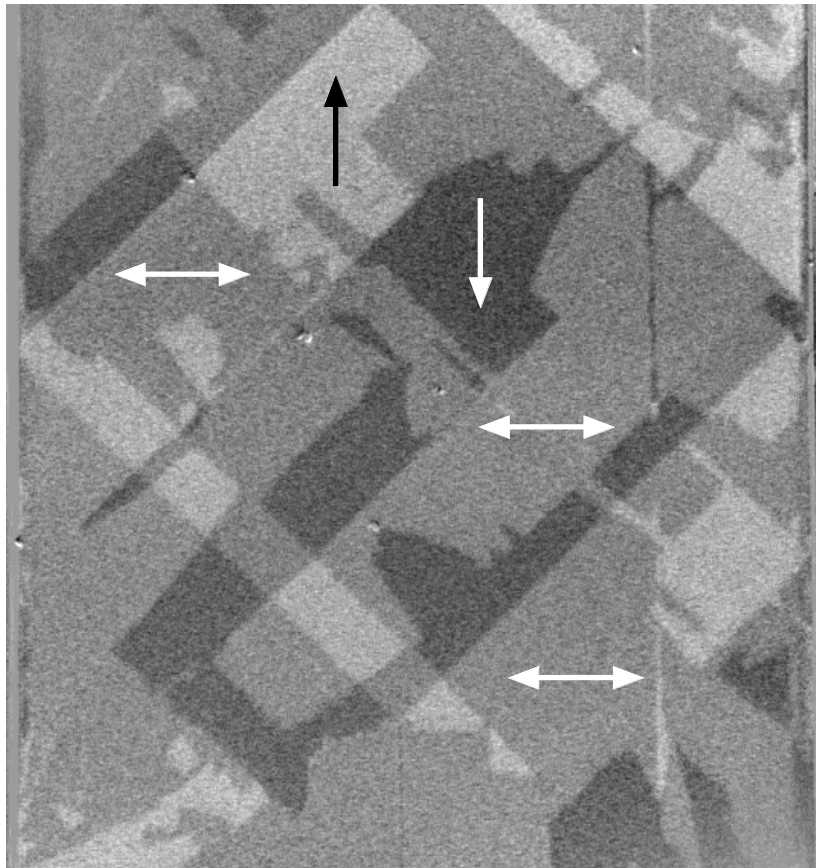
*R. Urban, B. Heinrich*  
*D. Ullmann, H. Meyerheim, J. Kirschner*

Simon Fraser University, Burnaby, Canada  
MPI für Mikrostrukturphysik, Halle, Germany

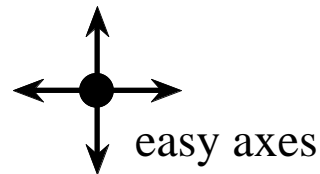
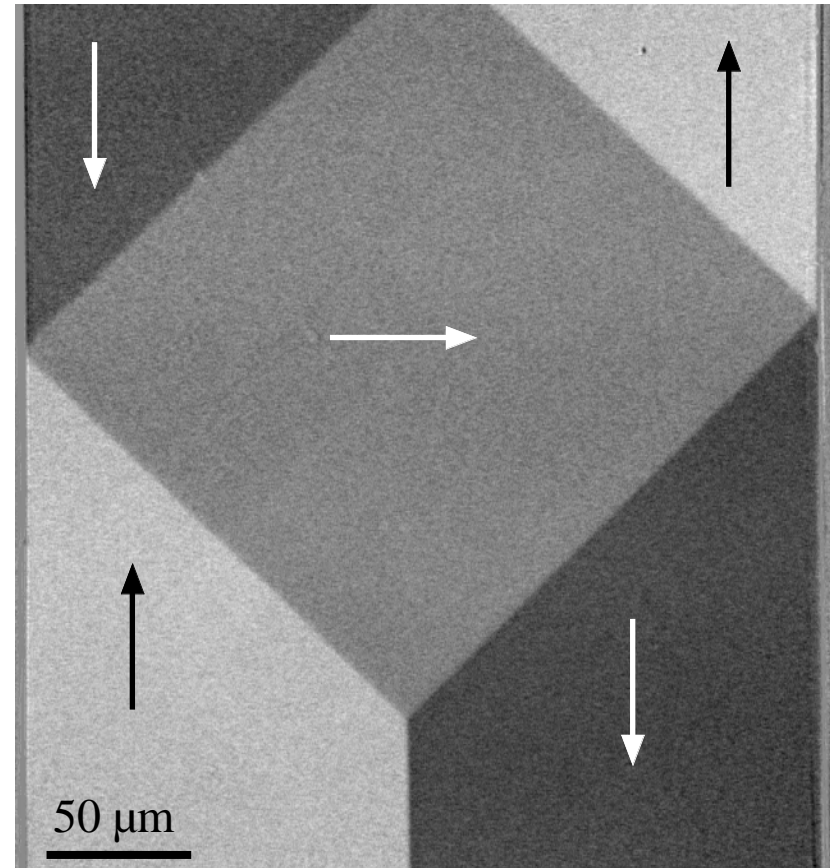
# Selective imaging of whisker- and film domains

[by proper phase selection in the Kerr microscope, using a phase-shifter (compensator) between polarizer and analyzer]

## Domains in Fe-film

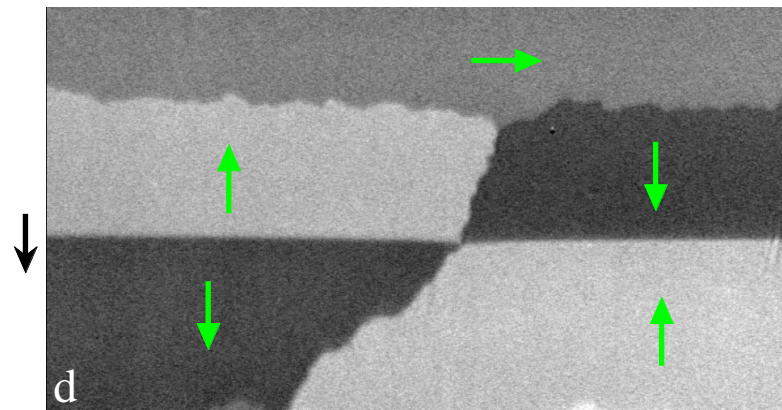
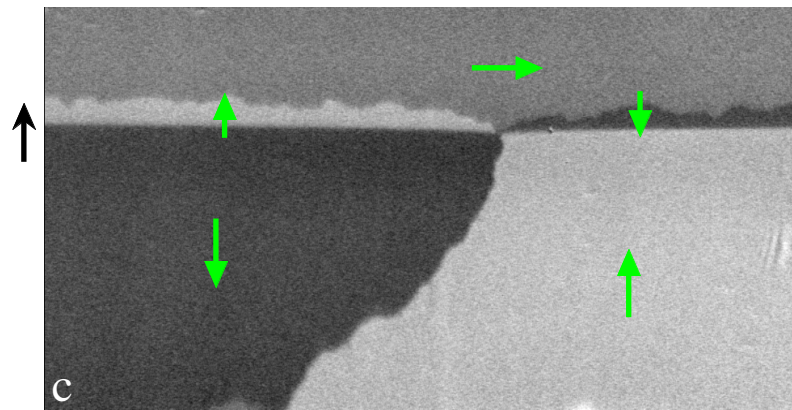
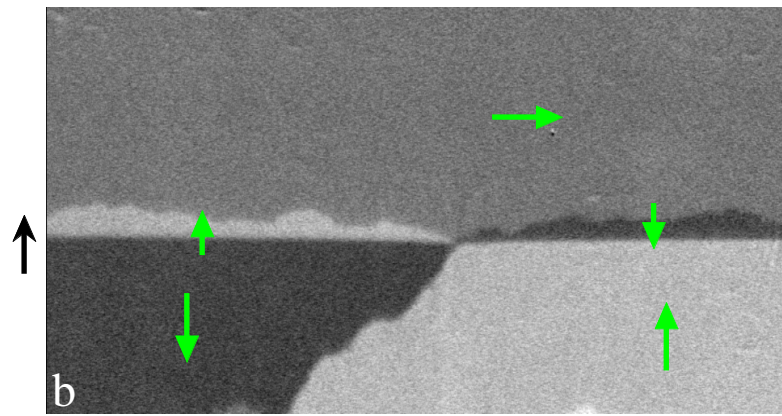
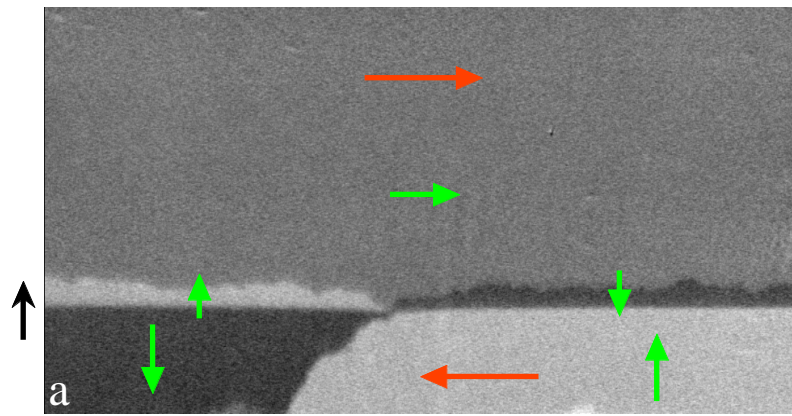


## Whisker domains



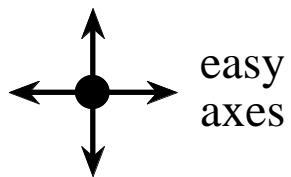


# Remagnetization of Fe-film by 180°-wall in whisker

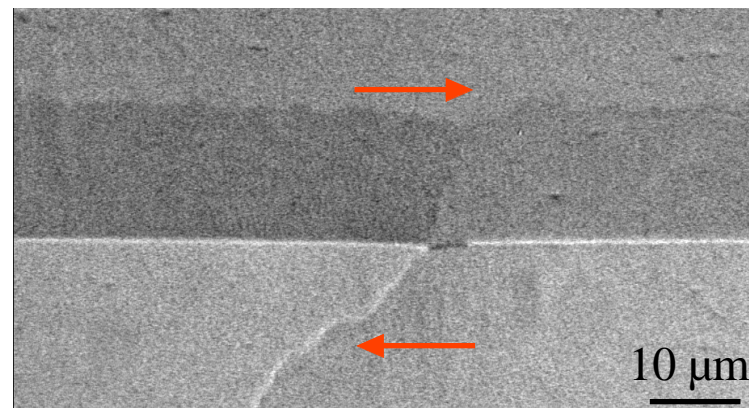


**domains  
in Fe-film**

whisker axis



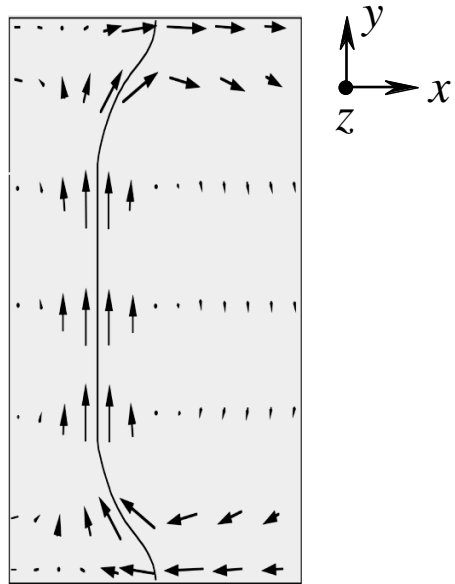
easy  
axes



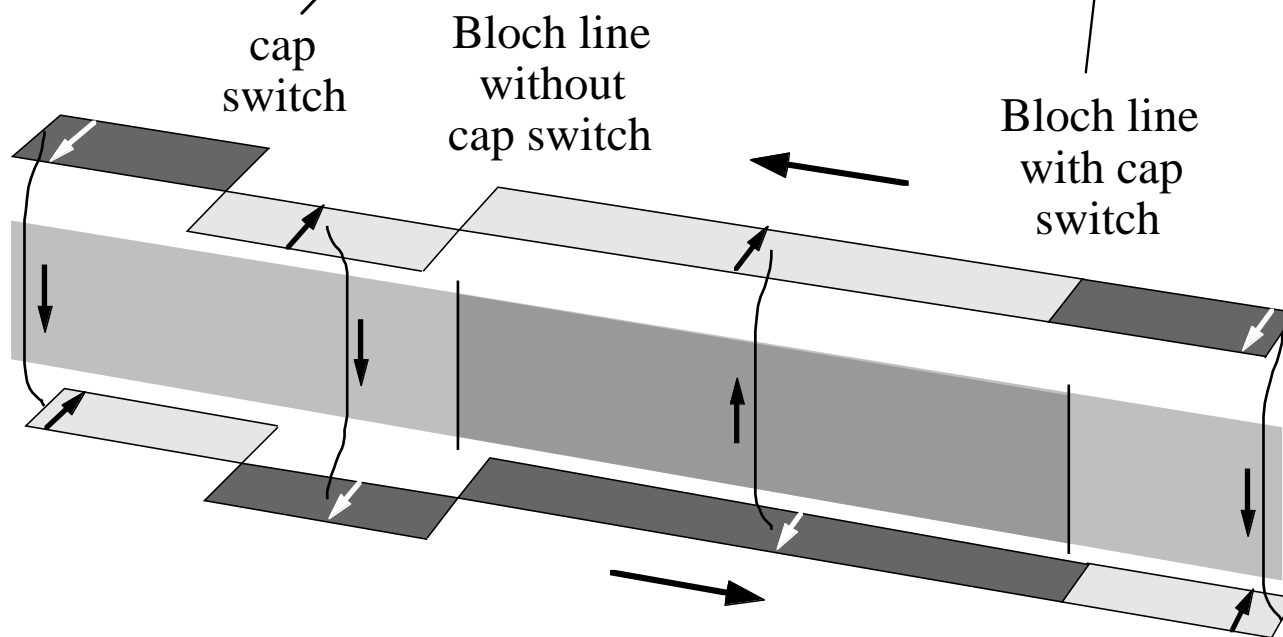
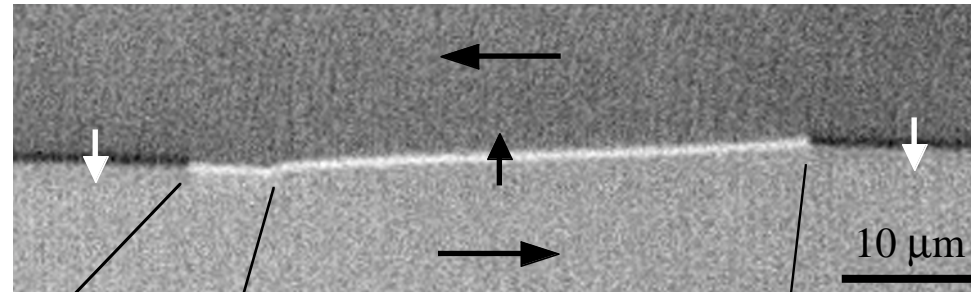
**domains  
in whisker**



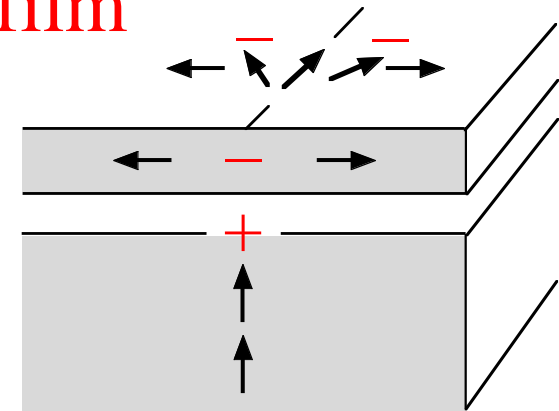
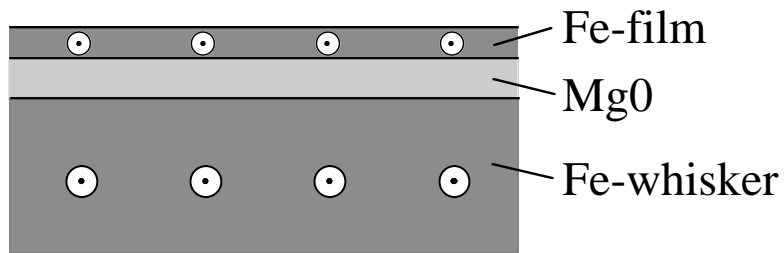
# Structure of 180-vortex wall



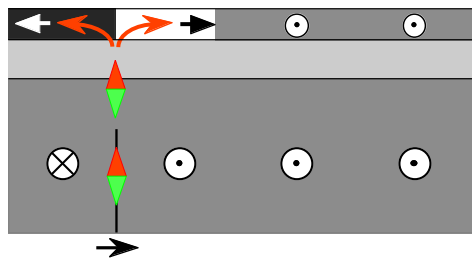
Kerr observation on Fe whisker



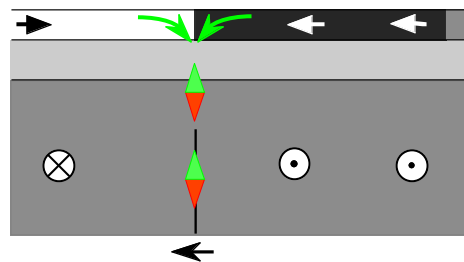
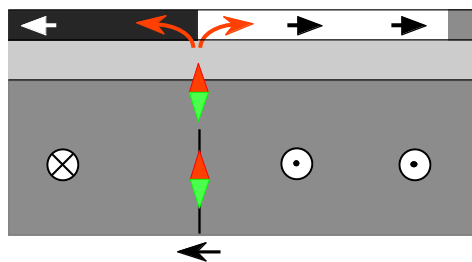
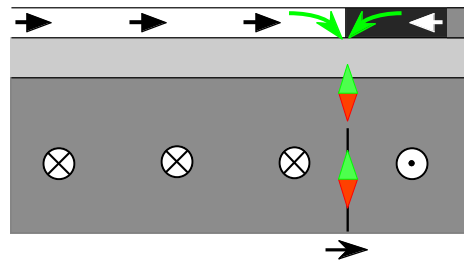
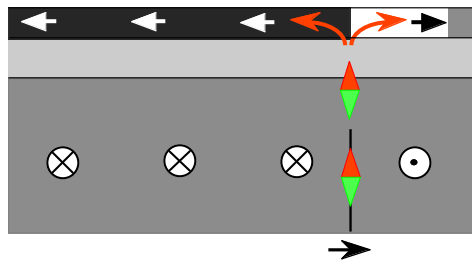
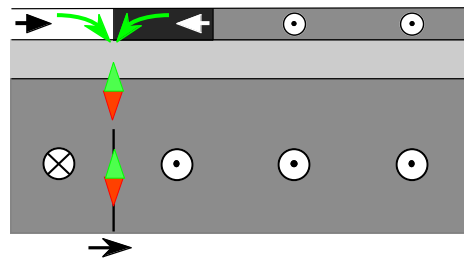
# Mechanism of whisker wall writing in Fe-film



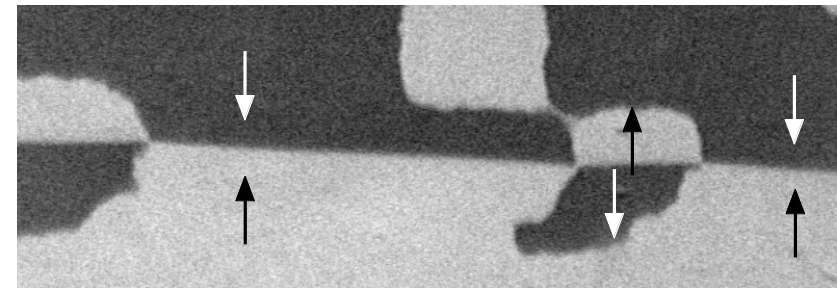
Bloch component upwards



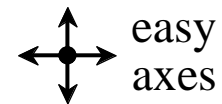
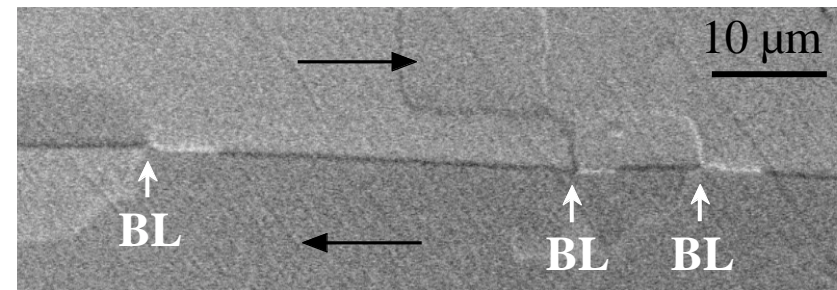
Bloch component downwards



Domains in iron film



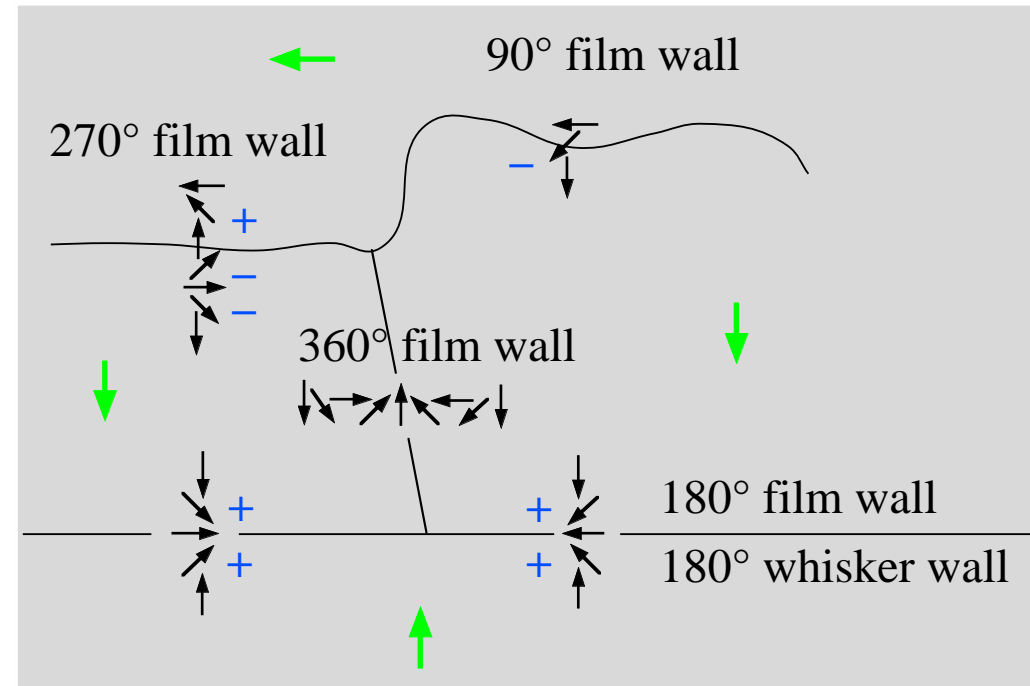
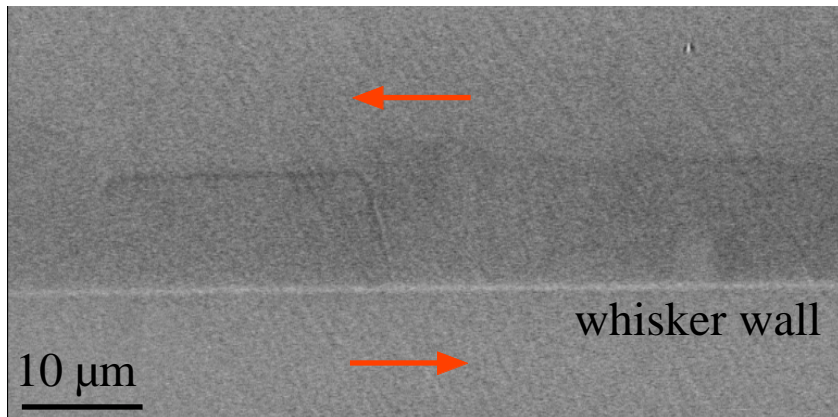
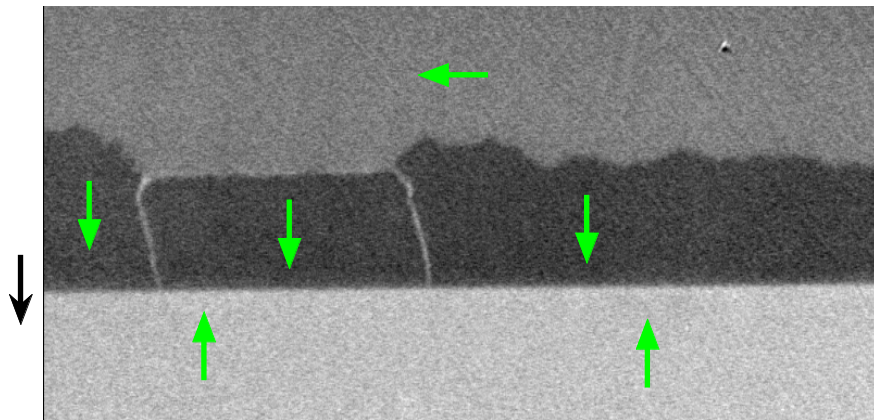
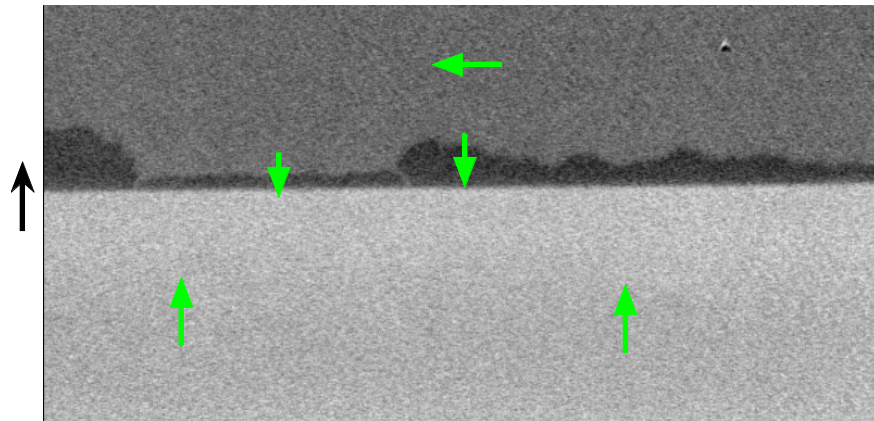
Whisker wall



whisker-axis

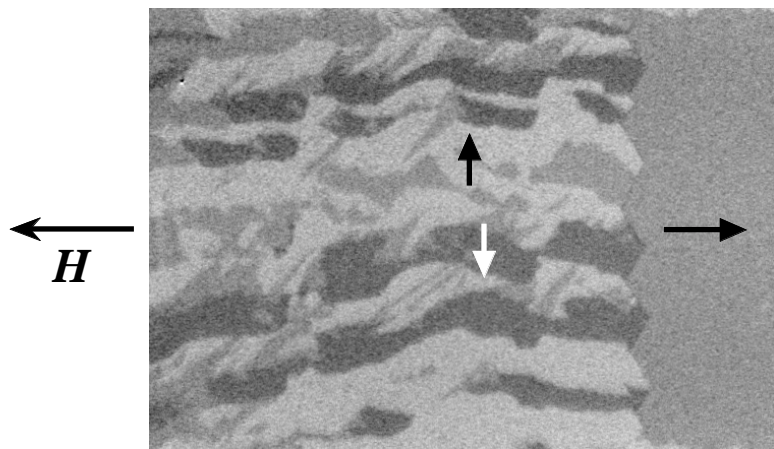
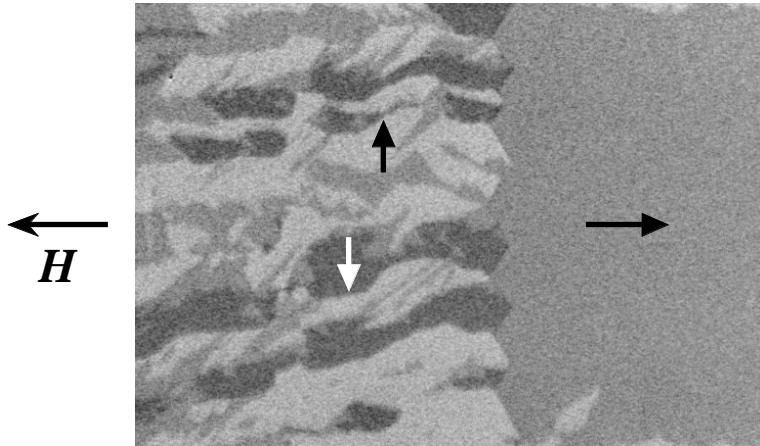
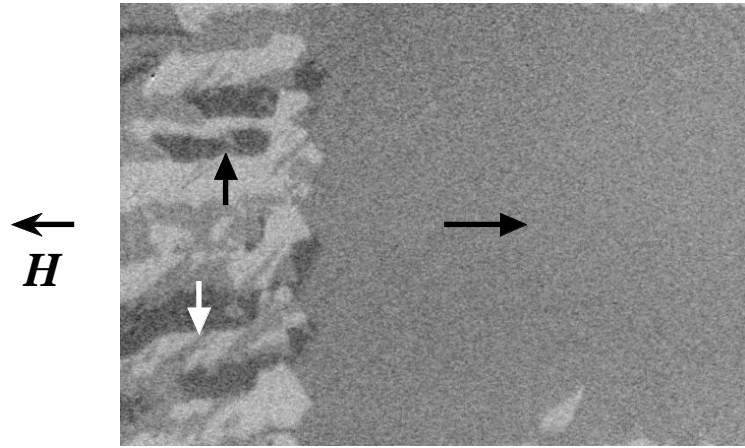
# Topological formation of 360°-walls in Fe-film

## Magnetization of Fe-film

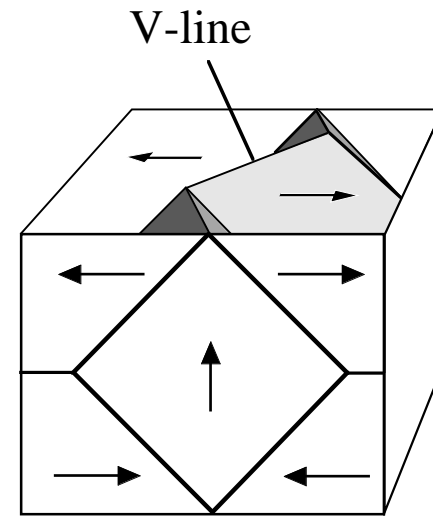




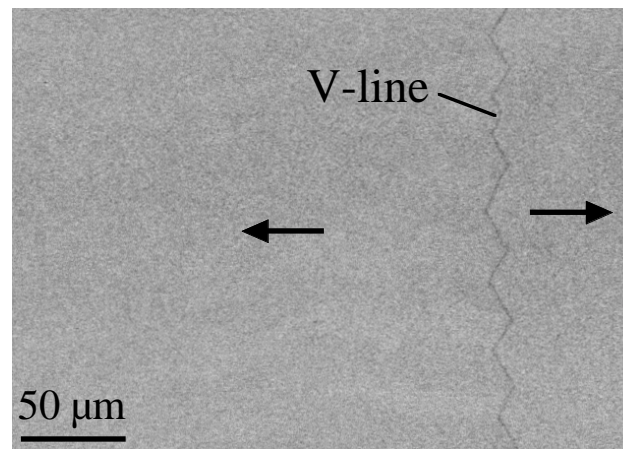
## Domains in Fe-film



## Remagnetization of Fe-film by V-line in whisker



## Whisker domains

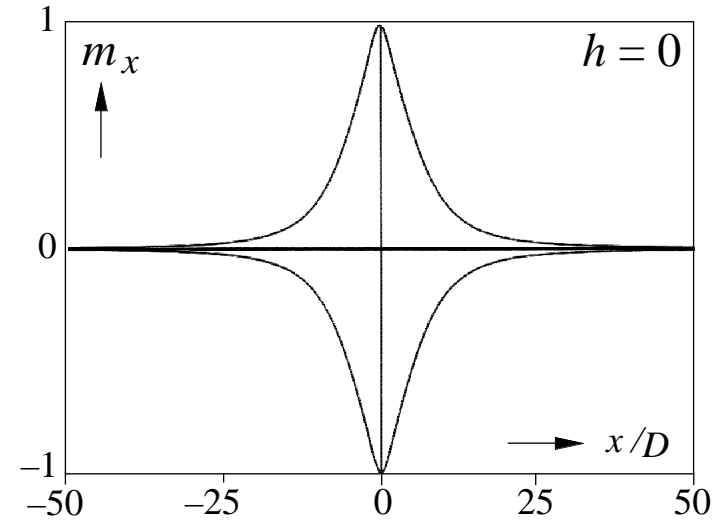
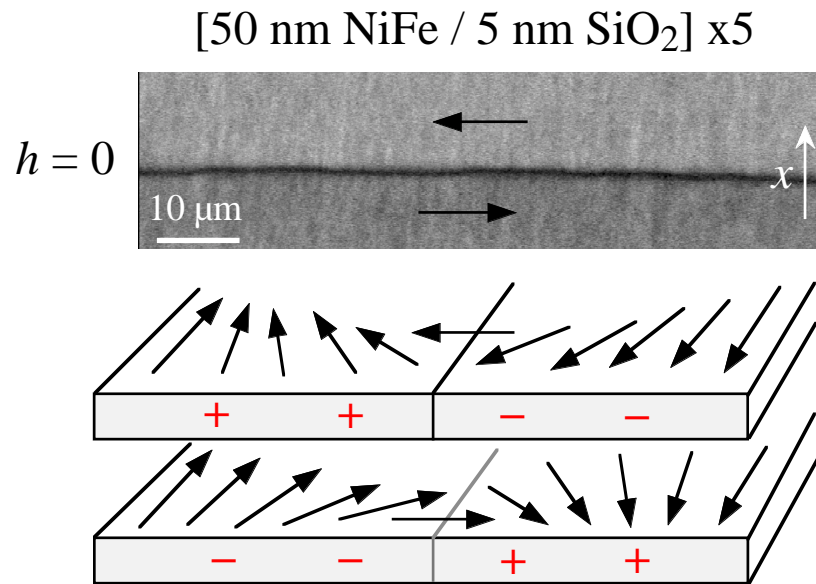


whisker axis

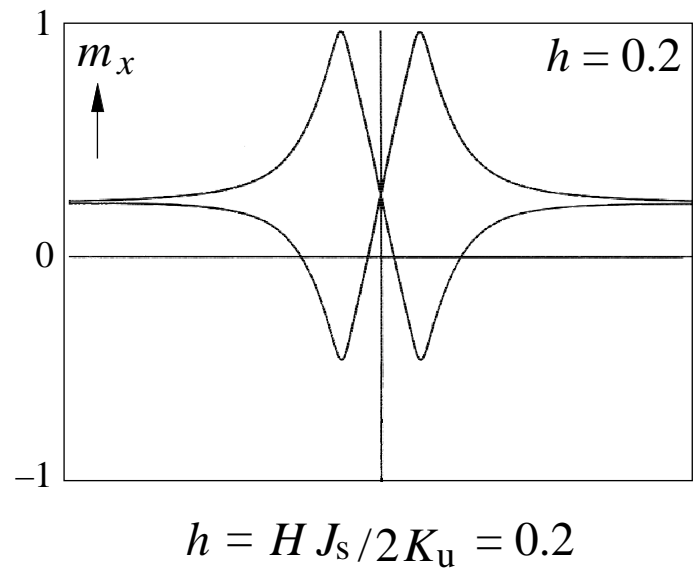
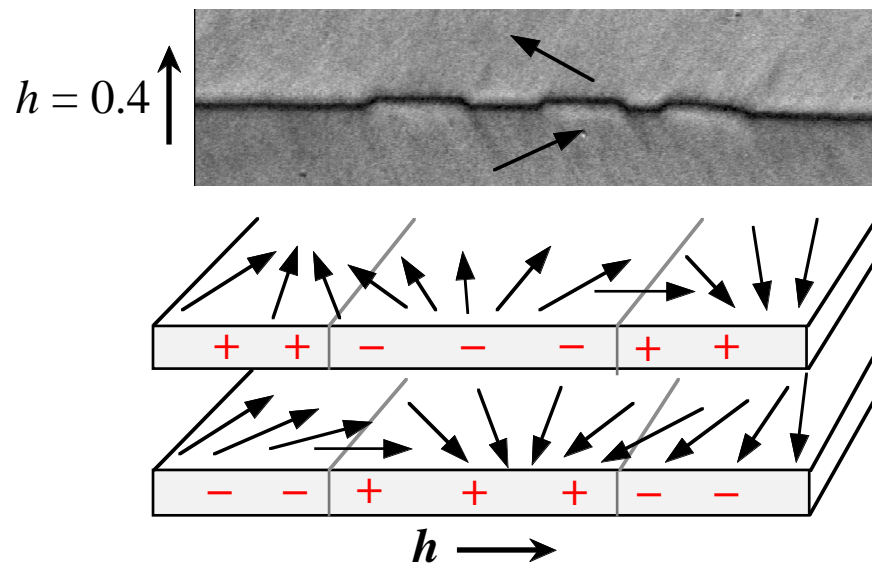
50  $\mu\text{m}$

# Weak coupling: charge compensation by superimposed walls

Superimposed  
Néel wall

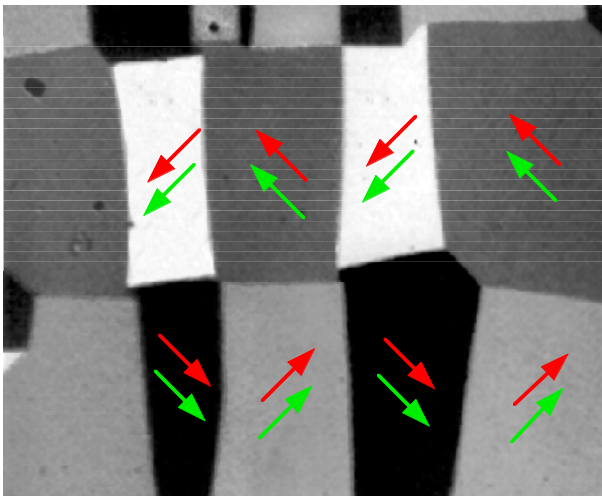


Twin wall

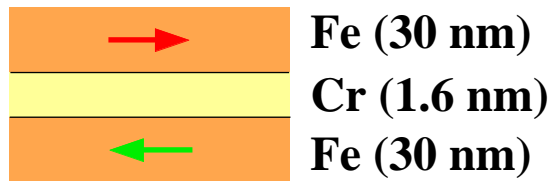
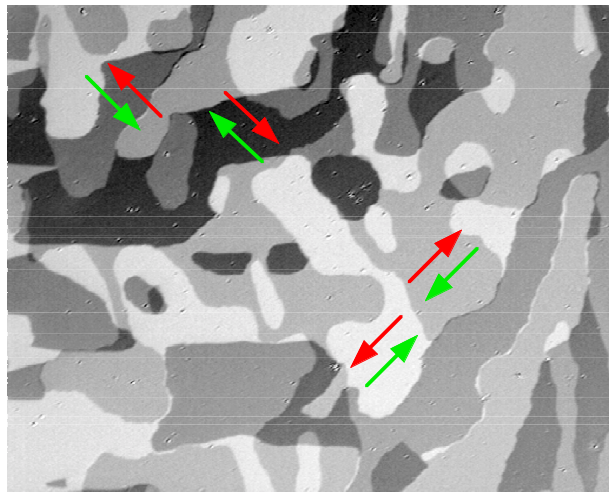


# Oscillating coupling

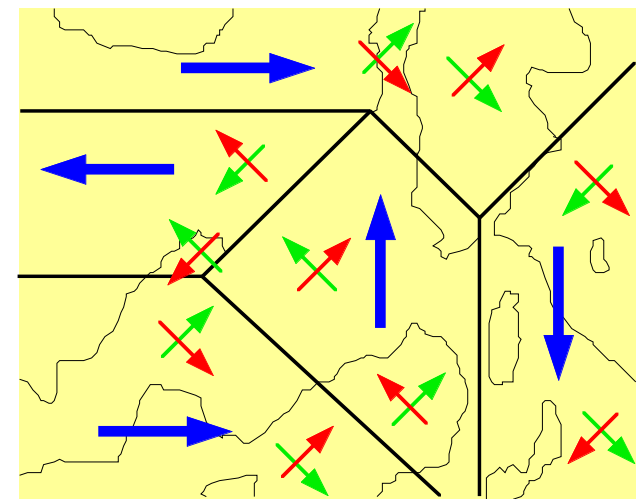
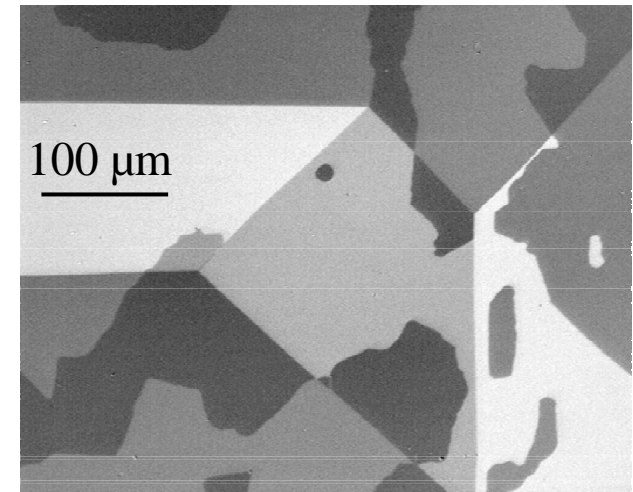
## Ferromagnetic



## Antiferromagnetic



## Biquadratic (90°)



samples:  
*P. Grünberg, Jülich*

→ upper layer  
→ bottom layer  
→ net magnetization

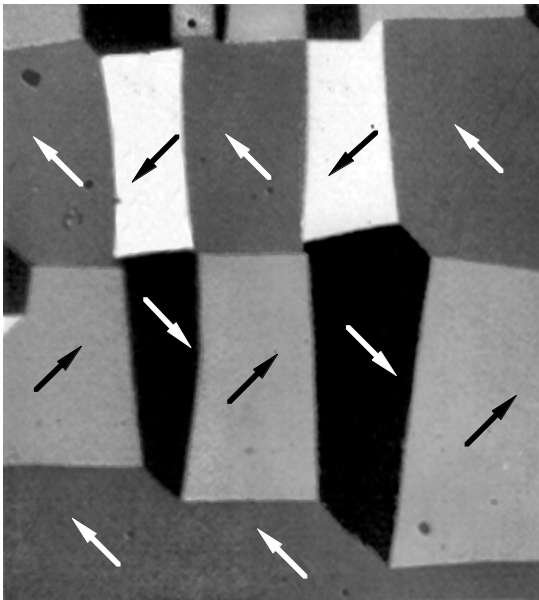


# Phenomenological description of Kerr-, Voigt-, and Gradient effect

## Kerr effect

$$D = -i\varepsilon Q m \times E$$

linear in magnetization

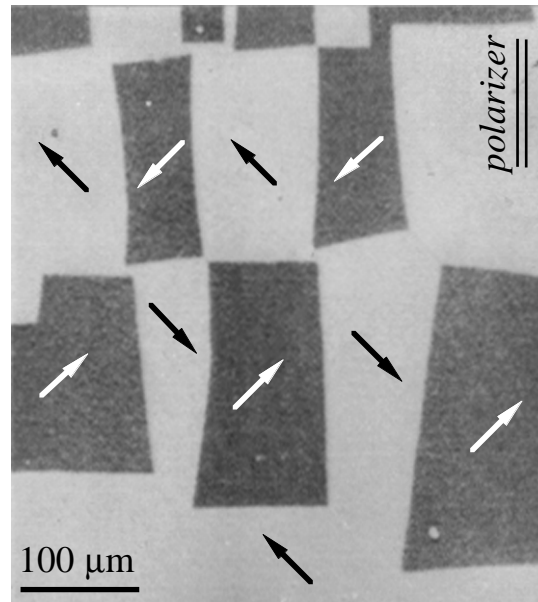


- *oblique incidence of light*
- *analyser*

## Voigt effect

$$D = B m (m \cdot E)$$

quadratic in magnetization

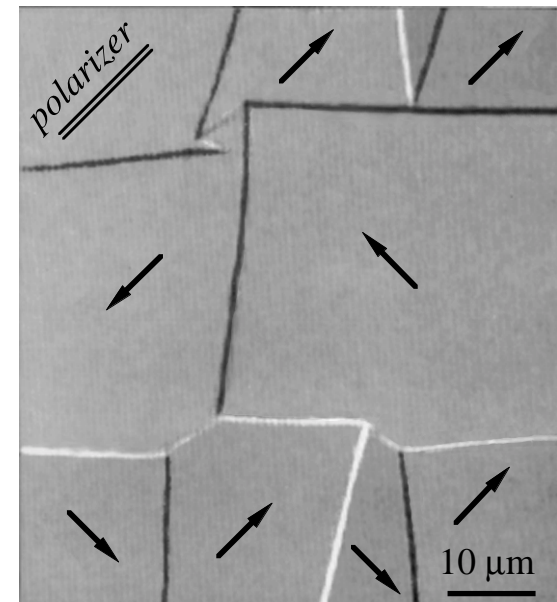


- *perpendicular incidence*
- *compensator*

## Gradient effect

$$D_y = P \left( \frac{\partial m_x}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial m_y}{\partial y} \right) E_x$$

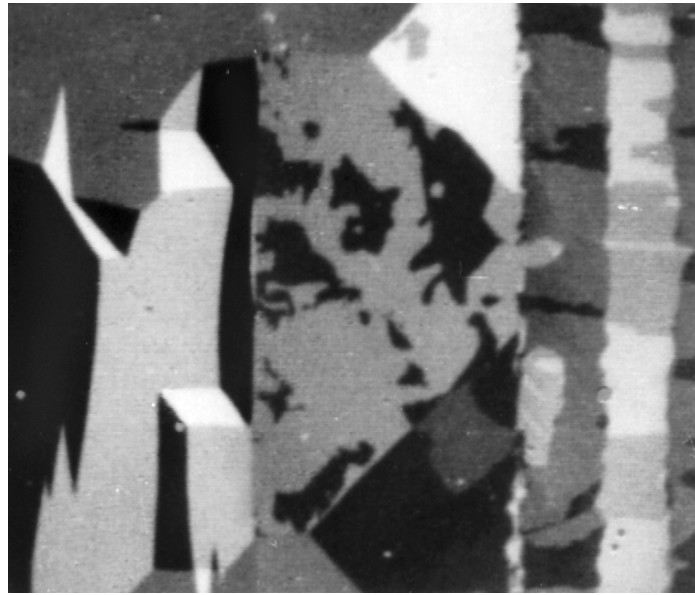
linear in certain gradients



- *perpendicular incidence*
- *compensator*

Fe / Cr / Fe  
10 0.3 10 nm

# Kerr effect



F                      90°                      AF

easy axes



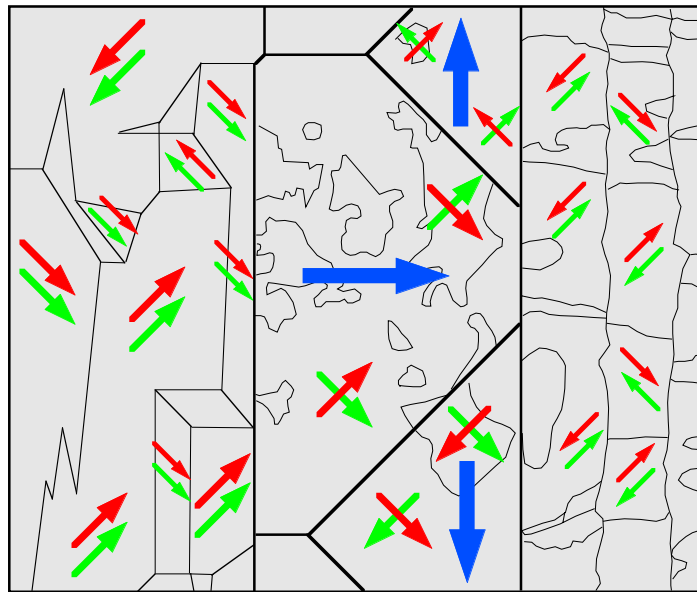
top layer



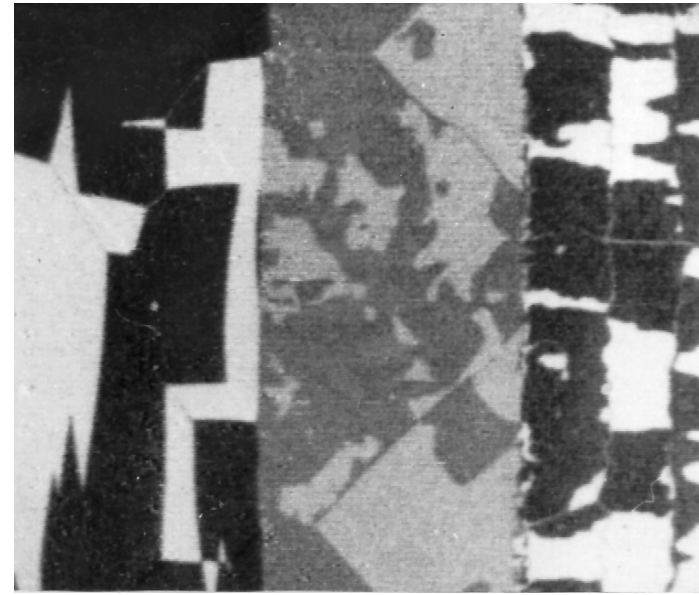
bottom layer



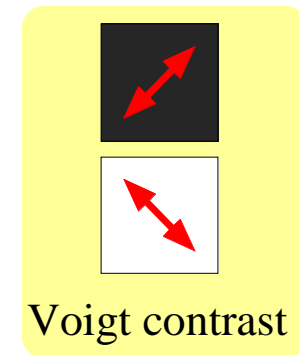
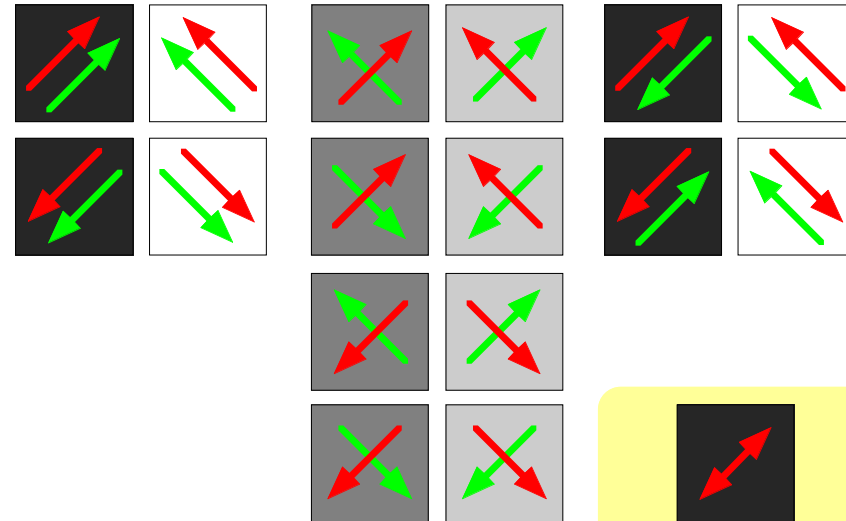
net magn.



# Voigt effect



F                      90°                      AF



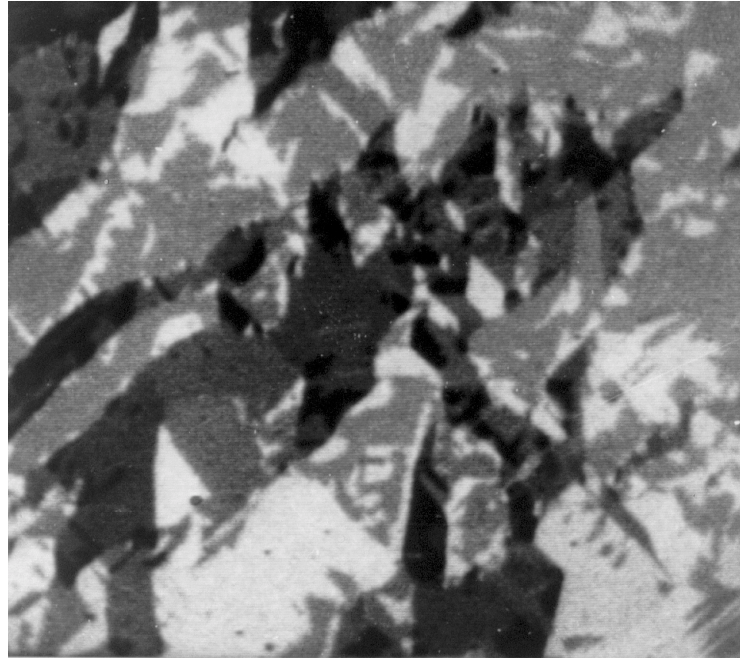
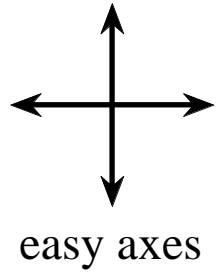
Voigt contrast

## Kerr effect

Fe (10 nm)

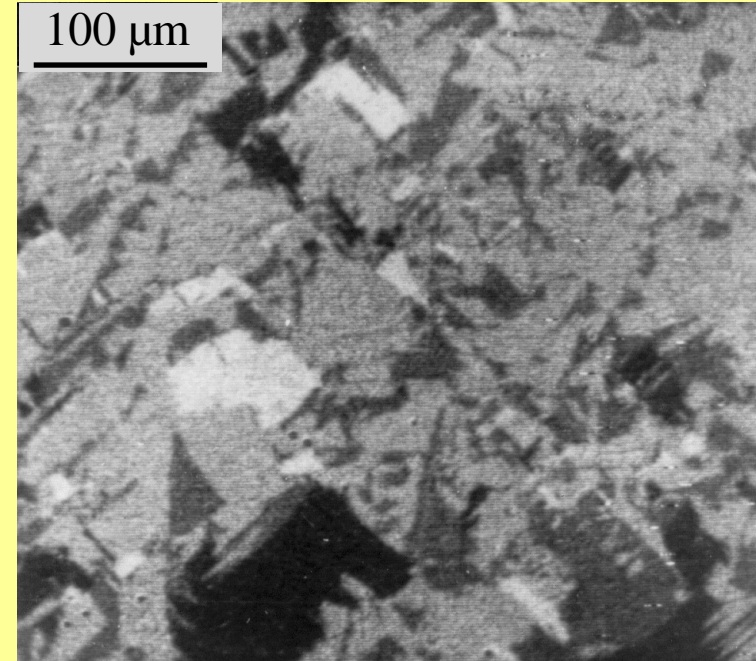
Al (2.2 nm)

Fe (10 nm)



## Voigt effect

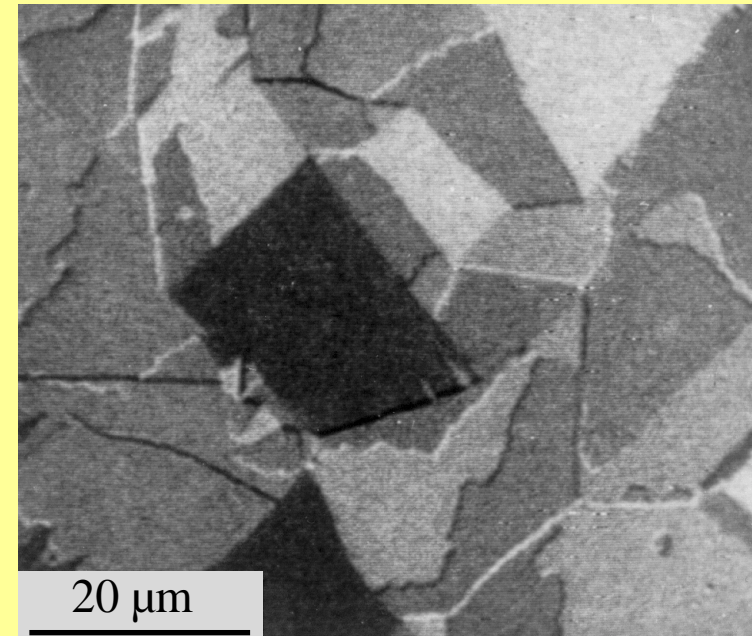
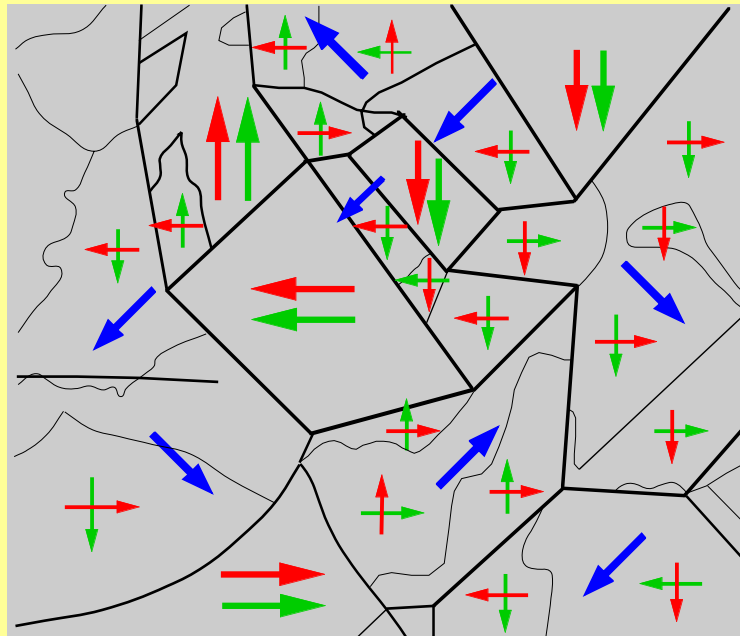
100  $\mu\text{m}$



 top layer

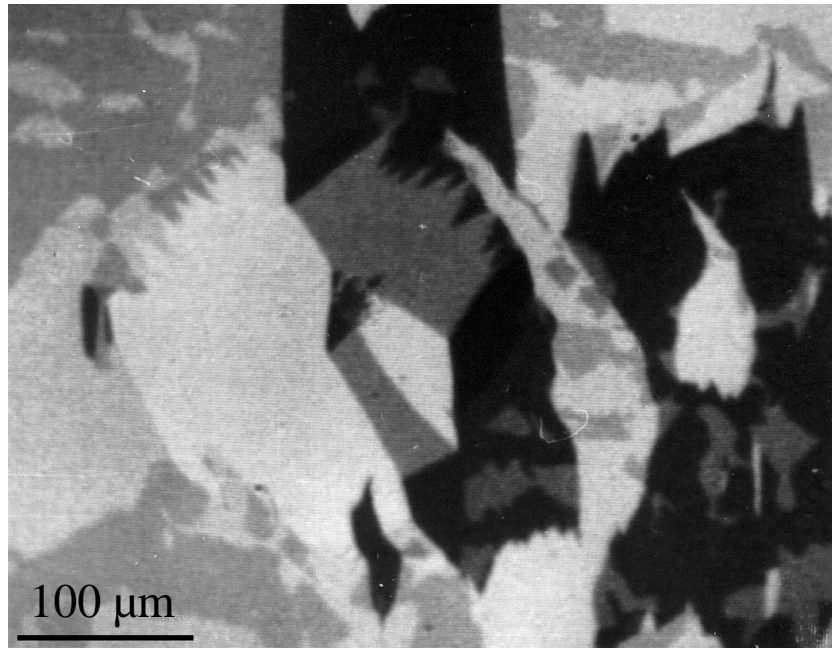
 bottom layer

 net magn.

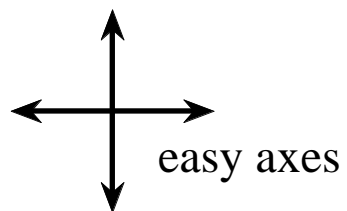
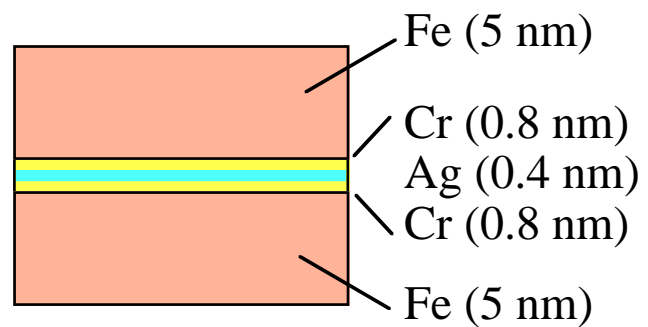
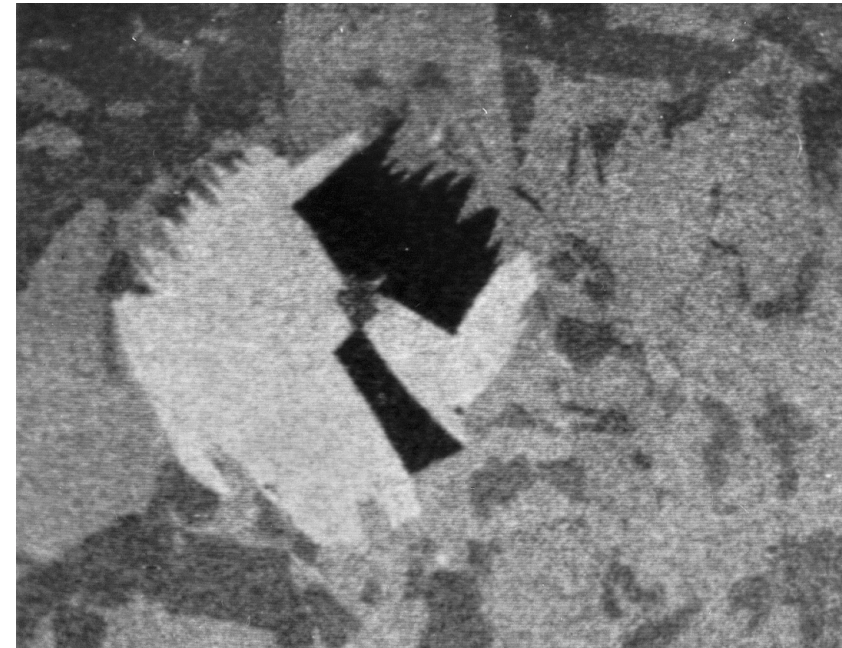




## Kerr effect



## Voigt effect



F-coupling around a defect  
in a 90° coupled environment

# Possibilities of Kerr microscopy for domain studies in magnetic multilayers

Fast and versatile method,  
observation at wide temperature range

Compatible with fields,  
study of magnetization processes at reasonable resolution (300 nm)

Depth sensitivity (20 nm) can be exploited by using compensator

Combination of m.o. Kerr-, Voigt-, and Gradient effects